



ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 West Monroe, Louisiana

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT OF OUACHITA PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

West Monroe, Louisiana

For the Fiscal Year July 1, 2022– June 30, 2023 With Report of Independent Auditors

> Prepared by the Business Department

Regina Mekus, CPA Director of Business



1600 North 7th Street, West Monroe, LA 71291 · Phone: (318) 432-5000 · www.opsb.net

Todd Guice Superintendent guice@opsb.net 318-432-5000

Dear Citizens of Ouachita Parish,

Our District Leadership is pleased to present our Annual Report to you on behalf of the Board Members, employees, and students of the Ouachita Parish School System. This report serves as a vehicle to inform and educate our stakeholders, both old and new, of some of the highlights in the Ouachita Parish School System over the last year. We are super proud to acknowledge the many accomplishments throughout our district. As you read through our educational, physical, financial, and technological achievements, know that we are honored to impact our community, region, and state, as we serve the best interests of our students and employees.

As Ouachita Parish Schools meet and exceed accountability targets and continue to advance in academic achievement, the district maintained a "B" District Performance Score issued by the Louisiana Department of Education for the 7th consecutive year. Our schools continue to demonstrate academic success, reflecting growth in academic performance through their SPS in most schools. Overall, I credit our success to the collaboration of our district and school leadership, the professionalism and diligence of our employees, and the willingness of our students to work hard and strive for excellence.

Our mission continues to strive to involve collaboration with students, parents, educators, and community stakeholders to connect students learning to 21st century skills to prepare students for a global society. Our team is grateful for the confidence that our community has shown us in Building Bridges to the Future. With the goal of remaining a strong, viable entity for future generations, we are focused on sound fiscal practices and excellent instructional programs that address the needs of an ever-changing society. Through the steadfast effort of all stakeholders, we make the greatest difference in the lives of our students by preparing them to be the leaders of tomorrow.

Todd Guice Superintendent

Ouachita Parish School Board West Monroe, Louisiana

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Ouachita Parish School Board

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION



2022-2023 Ouachita Parish Students of the Year Kareem El-Giar, West Monroe High School Locksley Lowery, Good Hope Middle School Carsyn McBroom, Sterlington Elementary School *Pictured with Dr. Don Coker, Superintendent*

OUACHITA PARISH SCHOOL BOARD PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

SUPERINTENDENT Dr. Don Coker

SCHOOL BOARD MEMBERS

TOMMY COMEAUX, PRESIDENT

GREG MANLEY, VICE-PRESIDENT

SHERE MAY

MIKE BATEY

JERRY HICKS

HAROLD McCOY

DABO GRAVES

Ouachita Parish School Board



Mr. Tommy Comeaux District A 238 G.B. Cooley Road West Monroe 71291 318-396-9818



Mrs. Shere May District B 101 Lake Lindsey Circle West Monroe 71291 318-366-8465



Mr. Mike Batey District C 352 Jim Arrant Road West Monroe 71292 318-307-2440



Mr. Jerry R. Hicks, President District D 351 Kendallwood Road West Monroe 71292 318-396-7118



Rev. Harold McCoy District E 6560 Jackson Street Monroe 71202 318-323-7816



Mr. Dabo Graves District F 262 Music Road Monroe 71203 318-791-0047



Mr. Greg Manley, Vice President District G 1221 Finks Hideaway Road Monroe 71203 318-855-5646 Schools: Boley Elementary Crosley Elementary George Welch Elementary Good Hope Middle

Schools: Calhoun Elementary Calhoun Middle Central Elementary Claiborne Elementary

Schools: Calhoun Elementary Calhoun Middle Central Elementary Pinecrest School

Schools: Claiborne Elementary Highland Elementary Lenwil Elementary Riser Elementary

Schools: Crosley Elementary Ouachita Junior High Richwood High Richwood Middle Riser Middle

Schools: East Ouachita Middle Jack Hayes Elementary Lakeshore Elementary Ouachita Parish High

Schools: Jack Hayes Elementary Lakeshore Elementary Ouachita Junior High Ouachita Parish High Highland Elementary Kiroli Elementary West Monroe High

Drew Elementary West Monroe High West Ouachita High West Ridge Middle

West Ouachita High Woodlawn Elementary Woodlawn Junior High

Riser Middle West Monroe High West Ridge Middle

Riverbend Elementary Robinson Elementary Shady Grove Elementary Swayze Elementary

Shady Grove Elementary Swartz Lower Elementary Swartz Upper Elementary

Sterlington Elementary Sterlington Middle Sterlington High

SELECTED ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICIALS

SUPERINTENDENT	Dr. Don Coker
DIRECTOR OF PERSONNEL & ATHLETICS	Mr. Todd Guice
DIRECTOR OF BUSINESS.	Ms. Regina Mekus
DIRECTOR OF CHILD WELFARE & ATTENDANCE	MR. ANTHONY MOORE
DIRECTOR OF ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS & PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTABILITY	
DIRECTOR OF ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS & STUDENT ACCOUNTABILITY	. MR. CURTIS PATE
DIRECTOR OF FEDERAL PROGRAMS	MR. ANTHONY KILLIAN
DIRECTOR OF MIDDLE SCHOOLS & TITLE II	MS. JENNIFER NICHOLS
DIRECTOR OF HIGH SCHOOLS & VOCATIONAL PROGRAMS	. MR. MICKEY MERRITT
DIRECTOR OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY	MR. CLINT MILLER
DIRECTOR OF SAFETY & SECURITY	MR. ORLANDO FREEMONT
DIRECTOR OF SCHOOL FOOD SERVICES	. Ms. Jo Lynne Correro
DIRECTOR OF SPECIAL EDUCATION & STUDENT SUPPORT SERVICES	DR. GAIL AUTREY
DIRECTOR OF TRANSPORTATION	.MR. PRENTISS BOYD
DIRECTOR OF MAINTENANCE & CONSTRUCTION	. Mr. Steven Hemphill
SUPERVISOR OF WAREHOUSE	
& Custodial Services	. MR. SAM JOHNSTON

Ouachita Parish School Board

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1600 North 7th Street · West Monroe, LA 71291 · Phone (318) 432-5000

OUACHITA PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

December 29, 2023

To the Elected School Board Members and Citizens of Ouachita Parish:

RE: Financial Statement Transmittal Letter for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

We are pleased to present to you the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the Ouachita Parish School Board for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Louisiana Law requires audited financial statements be furnished to the Legislative Auditor within six months of the close of each fiscal year. Additionally, to comply with the school board's obligation under continuing disclosure agreements entered into with bond underwriters and investors in accordance with Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) Rule 15c2-12, the School Board as the issuer of municipal bonds, is also required to file audited financial statements as part of its annual report to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (MSRB) by no later than December 31st each year for the life of outstanding municipal debt.

This financial report represents a comprehensive portrait of the School Board's financial condition and presents the results of its operations for the year ended June 30, 2023and other significant financial and operating data. The report is structured in such a manner as to be both a useful management instrument and an informative public document.

Management's Representations & Internal Control Framework

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based on a comprehensive framework of internal control established for this purpose. Given that the cost of an internal control should not out-weight the benefits, the Ouachita Parish School Board's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement.

Independent Auditor's Review of Financial Statements

The Ouachita Parish School Board's financial statements have been audited by Allen, Green & Williamson, LLP, Certified Public Accountants in order to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the Ouachita Parish School Board for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 are free of material misstatement. The independent auditors have issued an unmodified opinion that the Ouachita Parish School Board's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 are fairly presented in conformity with (GAAP). The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report. It should be noted here that the ACFR includes information in the Introductory Section and the Statistical Section which were not audited and management of the School Board is solely responsible for these contents.

MEMBERS: President May Batey Hicks	ev. Harold Dabo McCoy Graves District E District	
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The independent audit of the financial statements of the Ouachita Parish School Board was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the Ouachita Parish School Board's separately issued Single Audit Report.

Management's Discussion & Analysis (MD&A)

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). The MD&A immediately follows the independent auditor's report and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements, the related notes to the basic financial statements, and this letter of transmittal.

Profile of the Ouachita Parish School Board

The Ouachita Parish School Board was created by Louisiana Revised Statute (LSA-R.S.) 17:51 to provide public education for the children within Ouachita Parish, excluding the City of Monroe. The School Board is authorized by LSA-R.S. 17:81 to establish policies and regulations and issue debt for its own government consistent with the laws of the state of Louisiana and the regulations of the Louisiana Board of Elementary and Secondary Education. The School Board is comprised of 7 members who are elected from 7 districts to serve a concurrent term of four years. The current Board took office in January 2023. There are three taxing districts created within the jurisdiction of the School Board for the issuance of bonded debt primarily to finance capital improvements: School District No. 1 of Ouachita Parish, East Ouachita Parish School District, and the West Ouachita Parish School District.

The School Board currently operates 36 school campuses and one alternative program site within the parish and has a total enrollment of approximately 18,200 students. The School Board employs over 2,700 full time positions, of which 1,235 are classroom teachers. The remaining positions provide ancillary support services such as general administration, repair and maintenance, bus transportation and food service. In conjunction with the regular Kindergarten through twelfth grade educational programs, many of these schools offer early childhood (4-years of age), special education, vocational or career and technical education programs. The School Board also provides services for expelled students, home bound students, transportation to and from school, and meals for breakfast and lunch. The regular school term normally begins during the middle of August and ends mid-to-late May.

Major Initiatives During 2022-2023

In addition to core academic areas, students enjoy courses designed for learning technology, mastering art and music, maintaining physical education, and a multitude of advanced classes for academically gifted students. Every high school has implemented extensive vocational and agricultural programs to meet the needs of today's workforce in our community and beyond. Partnerships with colleges afford dual enrollment opportunities for students to earn college credit while taking high school classes. The system

embraces alternative curriculums to enhance academic choices for all students, therefore creating a wellrounded citizen for the future of our community. Under the leadership of the Superintendent, supportive School Board members, and an outstanding team of administrators, Ouachita Parish Schools remain steadfast in our priorities to best prepare students for their futures.

Accountability

For the seventh consecutive year, Ouachita Parish Schools improved its overall district performance score. The 2022-23 school year marks the 23rd year the Ouachita Parish School System has outperformed the state. A total of 13 Ouachita Parish schools improved their overall scores. Drew Elementary jumped 11.9 points and Lakeshore Elementary improved by 6.2 points. The most significant leap was Robinson Elementary, improving by 15.5 points. Robinson is ranked third in the state for "Most Improved K-8 Schools" by the LDOE.

Other highlights for the Ouachita Parish School System include 13 schools in the district receiving the Louisiana Tops Gains distinction recording a progress index of 90 or higher. Those schools were Boley Elementary, Claiborne Elementary, Drew Elementary, George Welch Elementary, Highland Elementary, Kiroli Elementary, Pinecrest Elementary, Sterlington Elementary, Sterlington High School, Swartz Lower Elementary, Swartz Upper Elementary, West Ridge Middle School and Woodlawn Elementary.

Four Ouachita Parish Schools received the LDOE Opportunity Honoree distinction by performing in the 90th percentile or higher for students with disabilities, economically disadvantaged students or English learners. Those schools were Boley Elementary, Ouachita Parish High School, Sterlington Elementary and Sterlington High School.

Fifty percent of Ouachita Parish Schools scored as an A or B school for the 2022-23 school year. The 7 Arated schools were Boley Elementary, Claiborne Elementary, Drew Elementary, Kiroli Elementary, Sterlington Elementary, Sterlington High School and West Ridge Middle School.

Our graduates continue to score above the state average on the ACT. We are proud of this accomplishment in such difficult years. High school students have access to Edgenuity for credit recovery and academic catch up. Each high school has teachers certified to be ACT tutors, and students receive free ACT tutoring and vouchers where needed. Additionally, Graduation Coaches are used in our high schools to assist students as they work toward graduation.

Educational Opportunities

The District's vision of Building Bridges to the Future involves collaboration with students, parents, educators, and community stakeholders to connect student learning to 21st century skills in order to prepare students for the global workforce. Students are offered Advanced Placement, Dual Enrollment, and a variety of career and technical courses to provide post-secondary opportunities for all students to become college and career ready. Additional emphasis is concentrated on developing higher order thinking skills, as well as life skills, leading to success at the next level.

Ouachita Parish Schools continues to address unfinished learning resulting from pandemic situations. In June 2021, the district implemented SOAR (Summer Opportunities to Achieve Readiness) with over 2,500 students registering in grades K-8. The free summer learning program provides instruction in core subjects such as Math and English Language Arts, as well as incorporating STEM activities, Art, and Physical Education. The program will continue through the summer of 2024. Additionally, the system has incorporated the "Accelerate" curriculum in four pilot schools. The pilot program will provide for scheduling times for Professional Learning Communities and teacher clusters to dig into data and plan lessons focused on unfinished learning.

Schools provide opportunities for families to stay informed and engaged in their child's education and progress through programs such as Family Nights, volunteering for class events, hosting parental involvement activities, completing parent communication notebooks in elementary schools, access to online interactive textbooks, lesson plans and announcements through school websites and the district Mobile App, and secure access to online student performance data and progress.

Career & Technical Education

Students with greater exposure to Career and Technical Education (CTE) are more likely to graduate from high school, enroll in a two-year college, be employed, and earn higher wages. All five district high schools offer CTE rich course offerings and offer agriculture science courses in facilities designed exclusively for agriculture science instruction. The District has Jump Start graduation pathway offerings in Manufacturing, Construction Crafts, and Logistics. Teachers obtained the required certification to teach manufacturing for which students can achieve the C4M work-based certification recognized throughout Louisiana business and industry. New desktop computers were provided for CTE courses that require specific software.

The District with funding made available from the state, was able to provide dual enrollment coursework for juniors and seniors last year. The dual enrollment program is beneficial to not only our students, but also to parents who avoid the cost of paying college course tuition. Students who earn dual enrollment credit typically enter college at a higher class than freshman.

Technology Initiatives

Ouachita Parish Schools accept the continued challenge to provide rich technological experiences for both our teachers and students to remain a leader in education technology by continually working to find ongoing financial resources through the braiding of funds available from federal and state monies, grants, and community partnerships. The district has continued its initiative to expand technology in classrooms across our district. The District has achieved the goal of a 1:1 ratio of computers for students in all schools and updating its technologies. Every student has a Chromebook to use in class and at home.

The dynamics of teaching in the classroom are changing as the District embraces the use of new technology resources for delivering instruction, such as Google Classroom. Intensive training is ongoing for teachers to gain proficiency in using this tool. Eleven hundred interactive boards were ordered and continue to be installed in every teacher's classroom. Teachers received new Chromebooks to use in daily instruction. Programs such as Go Guardian, Nearpod, Kami, Edulastic, Screencastify, and Edutyping have been

provided to assist teachers as they instruct students. Districtwide professional development using technology in the classroom is ongoing to increase student engagement.

School Safety

The main priority of the Ouachita Parish School Board is the safety of students and employees. It is a foundational requirement for a successful education. Management works hand-in-hand with law enforcement and community agencies to maintain healthy environments on secure school campuses. Coordination and training between school leaders and local law enforcement for emergencies is constant and ongoing. The presence of law enforcement is evident with resource officers assigned full time at all high schools, additional officers participating in lock-down drills and conducting random searches at least monthly.

All school facilities have been evaluated by the Louisiana State Police and improvements to the emergency notification processes have been made. Individual school and overall district crisis plans have been reviewed by experts in the field of safety – NCBRT/Academy of Counter-Terrorist Education. Schools are meeting guidelines required by law with regard to fire, tornado, and lockdown drills. Crisis management teams at each school are meeting, updating plans and brainstorming table-top exercises to practice scenarios for better implementation in the case of a real crisis event.

Other safety practices include posting information on district and school websites offers for students and parents regarding internet and cell phone safety, as well as COVID 19 safety and protocols. School Resource Officers are on high school campuses to maintain security, but also to work to alleviate student truancy. Faculty members at each high school and middle school have been trained in using automated external defibrillators (AED), and cardiopulmonary resuscitation has been taught to teachers and staff throughout the district.

Local Economic Condition and Outlook

The Ouachita Parish School Board is located in Ouachita Parish, Louisiana along Interstate 20 in the northeast corner of the state. Ouachita Parish is in the largest metropolitan area in the northeastern part of the state with an estimated population of 157,702 as of July 2022, which is a 1.7% decrease in population



since the 2020 census. Ouachita has a median household income of \$49,261. It is located at the crossroads of Interstate 20 and US Highway 165 on the Ouachita River. Northeast Louisiana is a 12-parish area bordered to the north by Arkansas and to the east by Mississippi. Northeastern Louisiana is located in the Delta region of the state which is largely agricultural. The region supports three nearby universities – University of Louisiana-Monroe, Louisiana Tech University, and Grambling State University – and one community college and one technical college with satellite campuses in each of the principal cities. The Monroe metropolitan statistical area (Ouachita and Union Parishes) is the population and business center for the region and houses its largest retail shopping center and vast healthcare services. (Louisiana Workforce Commission and U.S. Census Bureau)

Long-term Financial Planning

Student enrollment. Funded membership consists of those students identified for funding under the Louisiana Minimum Foundation Program formula classifications, which excludes preschool students 4 years old and under who have not been identified for special education services. The historical trend has been a steady upward growth through October 2014, but then a constant steady decline in funded student enrollment has occurred through the current fiscal year.

We have also seen student enrollment shifts over the past five years to other school zones within the district due to federally funded school choice programs, and the development of the Town of Sterlington as the newest bedroom community in northern Ouachita Parish. The Sterlington zone is our fastest growing community due to the expanding housing market centered around Lumen and the new IBM center. Further impacting enrollment declines are student exits and lower Kindergarten enrollments district-wide in recent years.

Age of School Buildings. The Ouachita Parish School Board has school buildings and non-instructional buildings that were constructed or purchased with Capital Projects Funds. The method of financing for these capital expenditures occurred by (a) borrowing monies after tax propositions were approved by the public, or (b) by saving money over a period of years. Therefore, the decision to add a public facility or to make extensive repairs is based on the understanding of needs of the students, teachers, parents, and taxpayers of the community. See Table 16 of the Statistical Section included in this report for additional details regarding school buildings.

Capital Projects. Planning for growth and educational needs in Ouachita Parish is an ongoing endeavor. While the overall enrollment is trending downward, certain communities are growing and population is shifting. The continued growth of the Sterlington community and student population has made way for the building of a new Sterlington Middle School adjacent to the Sterlington High School and Sterlington Elementary School campuses. Citizens of the East Ouachita Parish School District have made funds available through the approval of the sale of bonds for this and other capital needs in the District. The West Ouachita School District capital projects currently involve the acquisition of properties adjacent and surrounding West Monroe High School for school security, additional parking, and options for future capital needs; the school is land-locked within a small bedroom community inside the City of West Monroe. Assessment of school campuses and other facility capital maintenance items are continually being considered for future capital improvement plan development.

More detailed information on our school facilities can be found in the Management's Discussion and Analysis section of this report under Capital Assets and in the Statistical Section of this report under Operating Information: School Building Information. Our communities have time after time provided tremendous support in our efforts to improve and maintain our facilities and improve the learning environment of our students.

Accounting System and Budgetary Control

An explanation of the School Board's accounting and budgetary policies is contained in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements and the Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules. Explained in detail in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements are the basis of accounting, fund structure and other significant information regarding accounting and budgetary policies. The objective of these budgetary controls is to

ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the School Board. Activities of the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and Debt Service Funds are included in the annual appropriated budget.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds. All budgets are operational at the departmental or project level. The Superintendent and Director of Business of the School Board are authorized to transfer budget amounts between budget line items and between any functions of an individual fund; however, any supplemental appropriation that amends total expenditures of any fund by more than 5% requires a School Board resolution. The School Board also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for the General Fund, each individual Special Revenue Fund, and Debt Service Funds.

Relevant Financial Policies

School Board policy requires the fund balance of the General Fund to be maintained within a limit of 10 to 15 percent of total General Fund expenditures. Fund balances are reported in accordance with GASB 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund-Type Definitions. See Note 1, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements for more detailed information regarding the classification of the School Board's fund balances at June 30, 2023.

Management of the School Board has committed \$1 million of the General Fund's fund balance to be maintained for major air conditioning repairs and replacements that may occur on an as needed basis. With the age of many of our facilities and the number of facilities operating chiller based heating and cooling systems, management believes that maintaining this assignment annually should be sufficient to meet unforeseen major air conditioning or heating repairs in the next several years.

The School Board continues to fund the accrued liability for its other post-employment benefits (OPEB) on a "pay-as-you-go" basis. As a result, the School Board has an unfunded OPEB obligation at June 30, 2023 of \$210 million. General Fund resources are used to pay the cost of OPEB benefits as they come due.

An Internal Service Fund has been established for self-insured contingencies for general liabilities and worker's compensation claims. Self-insured claims are funded through transfers from the General Fund. The School Board funds the current year expenditures plus the reserve established by the third party administrator for outstanding claims as recommended by the School Board attorney.

GFOA Certificate of Achievement

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the School Board for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. This was the thirty-fourth consecutive year that the School Board has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles

and applicable legal requirements. The School Board has submitted its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022; review is pending.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Annual Comprehensive Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

ASBO Certificate of Excellence

For the thirty-fifth consecutive year, the School Board received the Association of School Business Officials International (ASBO) Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. This award certifies this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report substantially conforms to the principles and standards of financial reporting industry standards and the criteria adopted by the Association of School Business Officials International. Being a continual recipient of this award shows our community the Ouachita Parish School System is credible and committed to fiscal integrity, helps to achieve a better bond rating for the system by clearly disclosing all required information for credit evaluations, demonstrates our transparency by sharing information above and beyond what is required by GAAP, and improves our ACFR by undergoing a rigorous review by other expert finance professionals who provide comments for making improvements.

The recommendations of these finance professionals have been taken into consideration by management in the preparation of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023**2023**. Management believes this year's report complies with the standards and principles of ASBO and will be submitting it with an application for ASBO's consideration for the award again.

Acknowledgments

It is our desire that this report contains the necessary information and data that will provide a better understanding of the operations of the School Board. It is further hoped that this report has been designed in a manner to be used as an administrative tool and general source of information so as to enhance our accountability to the public.

We would like to take this opportunity to express our sincere appreciation to the entire staff of the Business Department, the Communication Coordinator, and the Graphic Arts Department whose extraordinary efforts contributed significantly to the preparation of this report.

In closing, without the support of the Ouachita Parish School Board, preparation of this report would not have been possible.

Todd Guice, Superintendent Ouachita Parish School Board

US. CP

Ouachita Parish School Board

The GFOA certificate was not available as of the filing of this report.



The Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented to

Ouachita Parish School Board

for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022.

The district report meets the criteria established for ASBO International's Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting.



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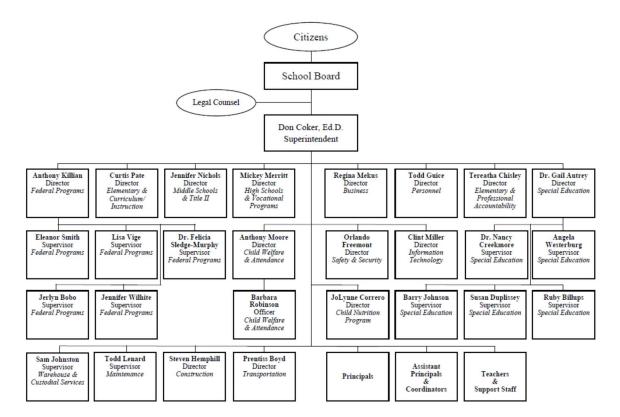
John W. Hutchison President

Sirkhan MMuha

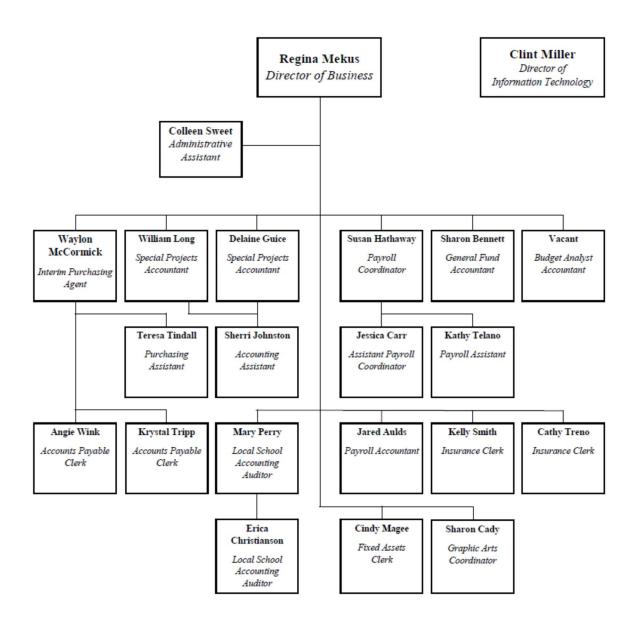
Siobhán McMahon, CAE Chief Operations Officer/ Interim Executive Director

Ouachita Parish School System

ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE



BUSINESS DEPARTMENT ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE





Vision: Building Bridges to the Future

Mission: As a community, Ouachita Parish Schools will connect learning to 21st Century skills needed for college and career ready students who will excel in a global society.

Beliefs:

- Ouachita Parish students will learn at high levels.
- **P**arents, students, teachers, and community matter.
- **S**afe schools are a top priority.
- **B**ridges connect past and present learning to future dreams.

Ouachita Parish School Board

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FINANCIAL SECTION



2022-2023 Ouachita Parish New Teachers of the Year Krystle Lewis, Riser Middle School Zaria Tubbs, West Monroe High School Madison Riles, Shady Grove Elementary School

ALLEN, GREEN & WILLIAMSON, LLP

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board Members Ouachita Parish School Board West Monroe, Louisiana

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

The CPA.

Never Underestimate The Value

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Ouachita Parish School Board, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School Board's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Ouachita Parish School Board, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (Government Auditing Standards). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School Board and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School Board's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Member: American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, Society of Louisiana Certified Public Accountants,

American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Division for CPA Firms,

Government Audit Quality Center Equal Opportunity Employer

Monroe, LA 71201

2441 Tower Drive

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School Board's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Emphasis of Matters

As described in Note 19 to the financial statements, the School Board adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships (PPP) and Availability Payment Arrangements (APA) and GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs). Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

As disclosed in Note 8 to the financial statements, the net pension liability for the School Board was \$216,879,556 at June 30, 2023, as determined by the Teachers' Retirement System, of Louisiana (TRSL), and Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System (LSERS). The related actuarial valuations were performed by TRSL's and LSERS's actuaries using various assumptions. Because actual experience may differ from the assumptions used, there is a risk that this amount at June 30, 2023, could be under or overstated. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

As discussed in Note 9 to the financial statements, the other post-employment benefits (OPEB) Liability for the School Board was \$209,620,870 at June 30, 2023 related to its participation in a single-employer

other post-employment benefit plan. The related actuarial valuations were performed by the School Board's actuary using various assumptions. Because actual experience may differ from the assumptions used, there is a risk that this amount at June 30, 2023, could be under or overstated. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of Employer Contributions to Pension Plans, the Budgetary Comparison Schedules, and the notes to the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management 's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Ouachita Parish School Board's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report, under separate cover, dated December 29, 2023, on our consideration of the Ouachita Parish School Board's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School Board's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

allen, Dreen+ Williamson, LLP

ALLEN, GREEN & WILLIAMSON, LLP

Monroe, Louisiana December 29, 2023

Management's Discussion and Analysis



Amber Hawsey

7th Grade

Good Hope Middle School



Lily Grubbs 8th Grade Calhoun Middle School



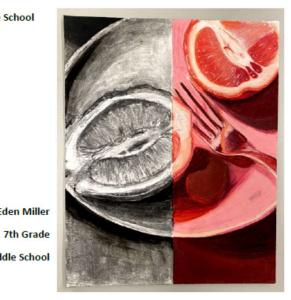
Aubrey Cole

6th Grade

West Ridge Middle School

Eden Miller

Good Hope Middle School



Ouachita Parish School Board West Monroe, Louisiana

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

Our discussion and analysis of Ouachita Parish School Board's financial performance provides an overview of the School Board's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Certain comparative information between the current year and the prior year is required to be presented in the MD&A. Please read it in conjunction with the School Board's financial statements which follow this Management's Discussion and Analysis.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights during the 2022-2023 fiscal year are as follows:

- <u>Statement of Net Position</u> The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Ouachita Parish School Board were less than its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by a *negative* \$99,770,314 *net position*. Of this net amount, \$338,975,510 represents a deficit in unrestricted net position mainly due to the reporting of long-term obligations for employee benefits retained after retirement for health insurance and pensions. In theory, this means unrestricted resources are not available to meet the School Board's obligations to its stakeholders and creditors if all obligations matured and became due and payable on June 30, 2023.
- <u>Statement of Activities</u> The total net position of the Ouachita Parish School Board increased by \$44,371,195 for the year ended June 30, 2023. This increase in net position over the prior year is due primarily to the continued effort of the School Board to ensure the cost of operations align with available resources. Specifically, the increase in local revenues and interest earnings on investments with a conservative approach to budgeting have worked to increase the School Board's overall net position.
- <u>Governmental Funds Balance Sheet</u> As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Ouachita Parish School Board's governmental funds reported a total combined ending fund balance of \$179,649,226, an increase of \$19,304,193 over the prior fiscal year. This fund balance is comprised of (1) \$22,290,317 for spending within the General Fund (a major fund); (2) \$28,758,033 committed for specific maintenance and operations purposes in the District No.1 Sales Tax Fund (a major fund); (3) \$26,258,382 restricted for constructing, maintaining, and operating schools, including servicing debt in the West Ouachita School District in the West Ouachita Sales Tax Fund; (4) \$42,740,193 restricted for capital projects in the East Ouachita Construction Fund: and (5) a deficit of \$(3,410) in the Education Stabilization Fund. The remaining fund balances in nonmajor funds consists of (5) \$34,968,910 in Special Revenue Funds, most of which is restricted for the payment of outstanding bond issues within the Debt Service Funds.
- <u>General Fund Balance</u> At the end of the fiscal year, unrestricted fund balance (the total of *committed*, *assigned* and *unassigned* components of *fund balance*) for the General Fund was \$19,074,576, or approximately 12.5% of total General Fund expenditures.
- <u>Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances</u> Total revenues for the fiscal year in the governmental funds were \$289,173,652. Approximately 93.1% of this amount is received from four major revenue sources: (1) \$121,033,530 from the state Minimum Foundation Program (MFP); (2) \$61,167,416 from local sales taxes, (3) \$37,761,704 from local ad valorem taxes, and (4) \$49,177,184 from federal programs and support.

- <u>Capital Assets</u> Total capital assets (net of depreciation and amortization) were \$270,332,363, or 55.6% of the total assets of the School Board at June 30, 2023. The School Board uses these assets to provide educational and support services to students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.
- <u>Long-Term Debt</u> The School Board's outstanding debt at June 30, 2023 includes General Obligation Bonds of \$115,250,000, Sales Tax Revenue Bonds of \$25,070,000, and Qualified School Construction Bonds (revenue bonds) of \$10,000,000. Total outstanding bonds increased by \$7,725,000 during the current period due to issuance of new bonds and payments on maturing bonds.

New GASB Standards

In the current fiscal year the School Board implemented Statement No. 94 – Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships (PPP) and Availability Payment Arrangements (APA). This statement provides accounting and financial reporting guidance for PPPs and ADAs. A PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. An APA is an arrangement in which a government compensates an operator for services that may include designing, constructing, financing, maintaining, or operating an underlying nonfinancial asset for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. The adoption of this statement had no impact on the financial statements.

In the current fiscal year the School Board also implemented GASB Statement No. 96 – Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs). This statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for SBITAs for governments. The statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset – an intangible asset – and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosure regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended. The Ouachita Parish School Board SBITAs did not meet the criteria to be recorded as an asset and liability. The adoption of this statement had no impact on the financial statements.

Using this Report

The School Board's annual report consists of a series of financial statements that show information for the School Board as a whole, its funds, and its fiduciary responsibilities. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the School Board as a whole and present a longer-term view of the School Board's finances. Our fund financial statements are included later in this report. For our governmental activities, these statements tell how we financed our services in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund statements may also give you some insights into the School Board's overall financial statements also report the School Board's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the School Board's most significant funds, the General Fund, School District No. 1 Sales Tax fund, West Ouachita Sales Tax fund, East Ouachita Construction fund, and Education Stabilization fund.

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

<u>Introductory Section</u> Transmittal Letter Certificates of Excellence in Financial Reporting Organization Chart Elected Officials and Selected Administrative Officers

> **<u>Financial Section</u>** (Details outlined in the next chart)

<u>Statistical Section</u> Financial Trends Revenue Capacity Debt Capacity Demographic and Economic Information Operating Information

Financial Section

Required Supplementary Information

Management's Discussion & Analysis (MD&A)

Basic Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements Fund Financial Statements

Notes to the Financial Statements

<u>Required Supplementary Information</u> Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Schedule of Employer Contributions to Pension Plans Budgetary Information for Major Funds Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Supplementary Information

Nonmajor Funds Combining Statements Schedule of Compensation Paid Board Members Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Superintendent

The independent auditor's report provides assurance that the Basic Financial Statements are fairly stated, varying degrees of assurance are provided regarding the Required Supplementary Information and the Supplementary Information identified above. A user of this report should read the independent auditor's report carefully to ascertain the level of assurance provided for each part of the Financial Section.

The School Board assumes full responsibility for the accuracy of the Introductory and Statistical Sections as they were prepared without the association of the independent auditors.

Reporting the School Board as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the School Board begins with the government-wide financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on the School Board as a whole. These statements include all assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, using the accrual basis of accounting. All the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when the cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School Board's net position - the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources, as reported in the Statement of Net Position - as one way to measure the School Board's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the School Board's net position - as reported in the Statement of Activities - are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The relationship between revenues and expenses is the School Board's goal is to provide services to our students, not to generate profits. One must also consider many other nonfinancial factors, such as the quality of the education provided and the safety of the schools, to assess the overall health of the School Board.

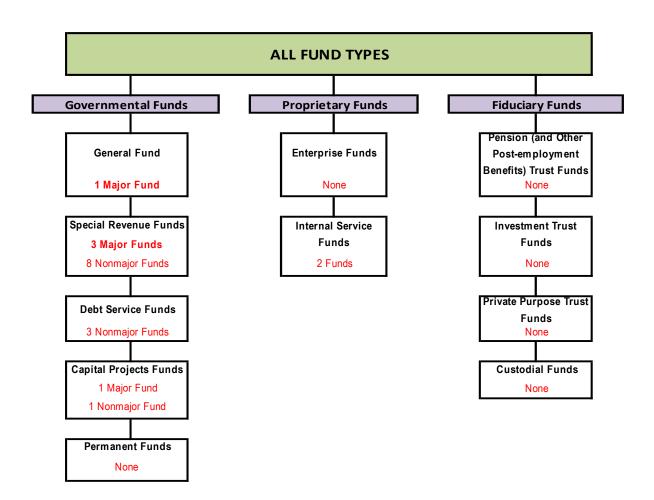
The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities report the following activity for the School Board:

Governmental activities - All the School Board's services are reported here, including instructional services, plant services, transportation, and food services. Property taxes, sales taxes, Minimum Foundation Program funds, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Reporting the School Board's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The School Board's fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the School Board as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, the School Board establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (like the school food service) or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money (like grants the School Board receives from the U.S. Department of Education). The School Board's governmental funds use the following accounting approach:



Governmental Funds - All the School Board's services are reported in governmental funds. Governmental fund reporting focuses on showing how money flows into and out of funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These statements use the modified accrual accounting basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School Board's operations and the services it provides. The relationship between the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements is shown in the reconciliations on Statements D and F.

Proprietary Funds - When the School Board charges for the services it provides – whether to outside customers or to other units of the School Board – these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. The School Board uses internal service funds to report activities that provide supplies and services for the School Board's other programs and activities – the self-insurance fund, which accounts for workers' compensation and general liability, and the centralized printing fund.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Ouachita Parish School Board, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$99,770,314 at the close of the 2022-2023 fiscal year.

The following analysis focuses on the net position and change in net position of the School Board's governmental activities.

Table 1 Net Position As of June 30,

	Governmental Activities					
	2023	2022	Variance			
Other assets	\$ 216,157,103	\$ 192,032,039	\$ 24,125,064			
Capital assets, net of depreciation/amortization	270,332,363	256,577,004	13,755,359			
• •						
Total assets	486,489,466	448,609,043	37,880,423			
Deferred outflows of resources	89,002,040	73,291,173	15,710,867			
Other liabilities	35,132,889	29,528,807	5,604,082			
Long-term liabilities	596,207,927	489,867,614	106,340,313			
Total liabilities	631,340,816	519,396,421	111,944,395			
Deferred inflows of resources	43,921,004	146,645,304	(102,724,300)			
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets	154,361,348	145,358,659	9,002,689			
Restricted	84,843,848	72,173,163	12,670,685			
Unrestricted	(338,975,510)	(361,673,331)	22,697,821			
Total net position	\$ (99,770,314)	\$ (144,141,509)	\$ 44,371,195			

The largest portion of the School Board's total net position, \$154,361,348, reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment) less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. As you can see, in Table 1, *net investment in capital assets* exceeds the total of all net position held by the School Board at year end. The School Board uses these capital assets to provide educational services to children; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending or payment of obligations. Although the School Board's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the School Board's net position represents \$84,843,848 in resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. *Restricted* net position is reported separately to show legal constraints for payment of outstanding debt obligations, use of tax proceeds dedicated for capital projects or employee salary supplements, and other enabling legislation or grant restrictions that limit the School Board's ability to use these resources for day-to-day operations.

The remaining *negative* unrestricted net position of \$338,975,510 represents the accumulated results of all past years' operations. In theory, this means if the School Board had to pay off all of its bills today (including all noncapital liabilities, such as the accrued value of employee compensated absences, the current value of future health insurance benefits for all participating vested active and retired employees and the current value of future retirement benefits for all vested active and retired employees) after selling all assets at current value, the School Board would not have enough funds to pay all of its obligations.

The governmental activities of the School Board increased the overall net position by \$44,371,195, compared to the prior year's increase in overall net position by \$68,223,139. The key elements of this year's results of governmental operations are discussed in the following section for governmental activities.

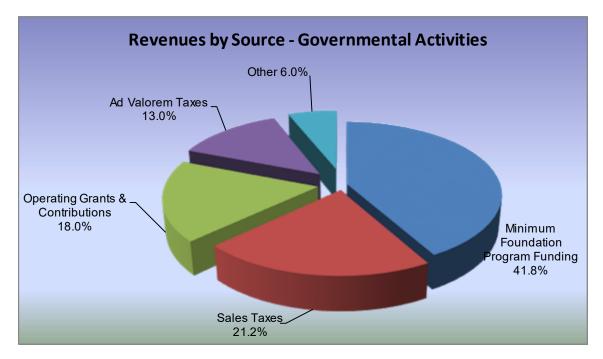
The results of this year's governmental operations for the School Board are reported in the *Statement of Activities*. The "Schedule of Changes in Net Position" that follows on the next page summarizes the *Statement of Activities* in a different format allowing for total revenue for the year to be more easily identified.

Table 2Changes in Net PositionFor Years Ended June 30,

			Increase
	2023	2022	(Decrease)
Revenue:			
Program revenue:			
Charges for services	\$ 715,979	\$ 306,699	\$ 409,280
Operating grants and contributions	51,948,234	48,981,696	2,966,538
General revenue:			
Ad valorem taxes	37,761,704	35,704,267	2,057,437
Sales taxes	61,215,005	57,909,399	3,305,606
State equalization (MFP)	121,033,530	119,744,105	1,289,425
Interest and investment earnings	5,078,679	(449,218)	5,527,897
Other general revenues	11,665,398	9,482,982	2,182,416
Total revenues	289,418,529	271,679,930	17,738,599
Expenses:			
Instruction:			
Regular programs	92,907,397	77,239,523	15,667,874
Special education programs	13,545,929	11,022,433	2,523,496
Vocational programs	3,510,898	2,605,020	905,878
Other instructional programs	13,008,331	13,495,712	(487,381)
Special programs	6,424,882	4,716,429	1,708,453
Support services:			
Student services	13,534,090	10,784,813	2,749,277
Instructional staff support	15,817,312	12,805,517	3,011,795
General administration	1,990,607	2,324,154	(333,547)
School administration	15,562,995	12,247,660	3,315,335
Business services	3,590,734	2,524,084	1,066,650
Plant services	27,354,413	23,959,886	3,394,527
Student transportation services	15,811,176	12,125,999	3,685,177
Central services	3,482,961	2,626,522	856,439
Non-instructional services:			
Food services	14,199,002	11,013,836	3,185,166
Community service programs	25,851	25,850	1
Long-term obligations:			
Interest on long-term debt	4,280,756	3,939,353	341,403
Total expenses	245,047,334	203,456,791	41,590,543
Increase (decrease) in net position	44,371,195	68,223,139	(23,851,944)
Net position – beginning	(144,141,509)	(212,364,648)	68,223,139
Net position - ending	\$ (99,770,314)	\$(144,141,509)	\$ 44,371,195

Revenue by Source - Governmental Activities

School Board revenue from governmental activities increased \$17,738,599 or 6.5% over the prior year.



• <u>Minimum Foundation Program (MFP) Funding</u>: The largest revenue source for the School Board is state equalization funding awarded through the MFP at 41.8% of total revenue for the School Board. MFP is based on the funding formula adopted by the Louisiana Board of Elementary and Secondary Education and approved by the Louisiana Legislature to equitably distribute state appropriated funds to public school systems throughout the state. These funds help pay for employee salaries and benefits and general operations. The State does not appropriate funds to public school systems for building schools or retiring debt. The distributions made through the MFP formula are driven by student enrollment and demographics as of two reporting dates during the fiscal year - October 1st and February 1st. One hundred percent (100%) of the per pupil funding amount is allocated for students enrolled on October 1st and 50% of the funding amount is added or subtracted for the change in student enrollment that occurs on February 1st.

The Ouachita Parish School Board was allocated \$121,033,530 in state equalization funding through the MFP funding formula; however, there were deductions of \$496,336 made in the state funding formula to allow for transfers of district local funding to other state-approved local educational agencies (LEAs), such as charter schools and special schools, who enrolled students who live within Ouachita Parish school district zones. (These transfers are included in the *fund financial statements* as a direct expenditure for *Regular Programs*.) The School Food Service Special Revenue Fund received a deposit of \$1,416,888 from the MFP allocation, and the remaining funds were deposited into the General Fund. Total MFP deposits increased in the 2022-2023 fiscal year primarily due to a state funded increase in salaries for certified and support personnel. While the District did realize a decrease in student count, the decrease in MFP was offset by the pay raise allocation.

• <u>Sales Tax Revenue</u>: Sales taxes are the second largest revenue source for the School Board at 21.2% of total revenue. The School Board has four separate sales tax rates levied upon the sale and consumption of goods and services throughout the parish and one school district for public schools. Each is accounted for in a separate governmental Special Revenue Fund.

Sales tax revenue increased \$3,305,606 over the prior year which is a result of increased taxable sales over the entire district directly related to the increased cost of goods and services.

• <u>Operating Grants & Contributions</u>: The third largest revenue source for the School Board is operating grants and contributions at 18.0% of total revenues. Operating grants and contributions totaled \$51,948,234, and Federal grants represent \$49,177,184 or 94.7% of this total. These grants and contributions are specifically restricted to certain programs, and therefore, are netted against the costs of these programs to show a true net cost in the *Statement of Activities*.

In 2022-2023, operating grants and contributions increased \$2,966,538 over the prior year. Title I, Special Education IDEA-B, School Food Service, and Education Stabilization make up \$47,537,171 (91.5%) of total operating grants and contributions.

• <u>Ad Valorem Tax Revenue</u>: The fourth largest revenue source for the School Board is ad valorem taxes at 13.0% of total revenues. Ad valorem collections are based upon the number of mills authorized by taxpayers and levied annually by the School Board and the taxable assessed value of property (established by the Ouachita Parish Tax Assessor), in accordance with the limitations approved by the voters and laws set-forth for this purpose by the Louisiana Legislature.

Ad valorem tax revenue increased by \$2,057,437 over the prior year, with the majority of collections being deposited in the General Fund to support governmental operations not funded by another program revenue source. This increase is primarily due to an increase in the assessed value of properties.

• Interest and investment earnings increased during the fiscal year to \$5,078,679 due to the increase in market interest rates. Investments are primarily held in the Louisiana Asset Management Pool (LAMP).

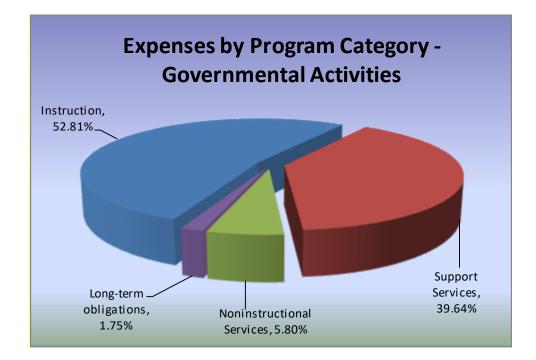
Cost of Services - Governmental Activities

Governmental activities - As reported in the Statement of Activities, the cost of all governmental activities this year was \$245,047,334. The amount that taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through School Board taxes was only \$98,976,709 because some of the cost was paid by those who benefited from the programs (\$715,979) or by other governments and organizations who subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$52,948,234). The School Board paid for the remaining "public benefit" portion of its governmental activities with \$121,033,530 in Minimum Foundation Program State funds, and with other revenues such as interest and other local sources.

In the Table 3, we have presented the cost of each of the School Board's seven largest functions: regular programs, special education programs, instructional staff support, school administration, plant services, student transportation, and food services as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). Net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the School Board's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

Table 3 For the Years Ended June 30, Government Activities

	Total Cost of Services		Net Cost o	of Services	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Regular programs	\$ 92,907,397	\$ 77,239,523	\$ 83,463,443	\$ 68,738,070	
Special education programs	13,545,929	11,022,433	12,311,948	10,053,440	
Instructional staff support	15,817,312	12,805,517	7,491,080	5,934,297	
School administration	15,562,995	12,247,660	15,164,908	11,065,165	
Plant services	27,354,413	23,959,886	24,506,356	21,973,389	
Student transportation	15,811,176	12,125,999	13,623,678	11,633,812	
Food services	14,199,002	11,013,836	1,782,294	(1,981,301)	
All others	49,849,110	43,041,937	34,039,414	26,751,524	
Totals	\$ 245,047,334	\$ 203,456,791	\$ 192,383,121	\$ 154,168,396	



• <u>Instruction</u>: Expenses for regular programs, special education programs, vocational, other instruction programs, special programs and adult/continuing education programs, are considered to be instructional services and represent the expenses of providing instruction to students.

Instruction services increased by \$20,318,320 over the prior period. This is primarily due to the increase in salaries for certified and support employees. The state allocated \$1,500/\$750 respectively for each certified and support employee. The Board added an additional \$500 locally funded raise in pay. The increase in available federal funds to supplement instructional programs through the Education Stabilization grants is a contributing factor as well.

• <u>Support Services</u>: Support services account for \$97,144,288 or 39.64% of all governmental activities. These services include Student Services (includes therapy, nursing, and counseling services), Instructional Staff Support (includes media and library services, staff training and professional development, and curriculum support), General Administration of the School Board, School Administration, Business Services, Plant Services, Student Transportation, and Central Services.

Support services increased by \$17,745,653 over the previous year. This is primarily due to the same factors as noted with Instruction expenditures. Additional funds available to supplement programs along with a pay raise for all employees has increased the cost of services. The School Board was able to purchase seven buses and additional vehicles needed which have not been available in the recent years preceding.

• <u>Non-Instructional Services</u>: Activities concerned with providing non-instructional services to students, staff or communities are defined as Non-Instructional Services. The services provided in this category are primarily related to Food Services with minor expenses for Community Service Programs. Non-Instructional Services account for \$14,224,843, or 5.8%, of total governmental activities.

Non-instructional services increased by \$3,185,167 primarily due to the pay raises for all employees as noted in previous discussion as well as the cost of inflation realized on food products and equipment necessary to operate the food service program.

• <u>Interest on Long-Term Debt</u>: This activity covers annual interest expense to service outstanding debt and amortize bond premiums. Interest expense was \$4,280,756, or 1.7%, of total governmental activities during the 2022-2023 fiscal year.

Interest expense increased \$341,403 over the prior fiscal year due to the issuance of new debt in 2022 for the East Ouachita Bond District, the first interest payments of which became due in the 2023 fiscal year.

Financial Analysis of Governmental Funds

The focus of the Ouachita Parish School Board's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources and to help the reader to determine whether the School Board is being accountable for the resources taxpayers and others provide to it. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a School Board's net resources available for discretionary use as they represent the portion of fund balance which has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the School Board itself, or a group or individual that has been delegated authority to assign resources for use for particular purposes by the Ouachita Parish School Board.

At June 30, 2023, the School Board's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$179,649,226, an increase of \$19,304,193 or 12.04% in comparison with the prior fiscal year. Approximately 9.4% of this balance (\$16,878,792) is classified as unassigned, or available for general purposes at the School Board's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is either nonspendable, restricted, committed, or assigned to indicate that it is (1) made of resources not in a spendable form (\$1,676,430), (2) legally restricted for particular purposes (\$129,308,977), (3) committed by the School Board for particular purposes (\$29,571,153), or (4) assigned for particular purposes (\$2,213,874) by management.

• **General Fund** - The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the School Board. Total fund balance in the General Fund decreased \$38,062 over the prior year. As a measure of the General Funds liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total General Fund expenditures. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$16,882,202, or 75.7%, of its total fund balance. Unassigned fund balance represents approximately 11.1% of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents approximately 14.6% of that same amount which is within the School Board's established minimum fund balance policy. The major revenue sources in the General Fund are state Minimum Foundation Program funding and ad valorem tax revenues.

Revenues. Overall General Fund revenues increased \$.2 million which is primarily attributed to an increase in collection of ad valorem tax as well as an increase in interest revenue offset by a decrease in federal programs revenue. The federal programs revenue realized in the prior year was a one-time grant.

Expenditures. General Fund expenditures increased by \$1 million over the previous fiscal period primarily due to the increase in employee compensation.

Other Financing Sources/Uses. Financing sources/uses increased fund balance by \$3,250,652.

• School District No. 1 Sales Tax - Special Revenue Fund - The District No. 1 Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund is a major fund of the School Board. The proceeds from this tax are committed for the following purposes in an ordinance promulgated by the School Board at the time the tax was initially approved by voters in 1992: (1) Instructional support – 36.0%, (2) capital improvements – 23.0%, (3) faculty and equipment support – 15.0%, (4) salary restoration – 12.0% and (5) mandated costs – 14.0%. The fund balance increased by \$1,002,745, or 3.6% as compared to the previous year. The District No. 1 Sales Tax Fund ended the year with a fund balance of \$28,758,033.

Revenue. The primary revenue source for this fund is the collection of a 0.5% sales tax levied on sales and use of goods and services throughout the parish, excluding the City of Monroe. The levy of this sales tax was renewed by voters in April 2021 for an additional 10-year period. Sales tax collections increased overall by \$.58 million or 5.9% over the previous year.

Expenditures. Expenditures increased \$4.1 million, or 64.7%, due to the purchase of seven new buses and an increase in mandated costs related to employee benefits.

Other Sources of Funds. Other sources of funds of \$300,000 was a transfer from the General Fund to support facility and equipment maintenance. This is a routine transfer.

• West Ouachita Sales Tax - Special Revenue Fund - The West Ouachita Sales Tax Fund became a major fund of the School Board in 2018. This tax was originally authorized by voters in 1997 for a 27-year period and authorized again in March 2015 for the sales tax to be a permanent tax in the district. The proceeds of the tax can be used for constructing, maintaining, and operating schools, including servicing debt in the West Ouachita School District. The fund balance increased by \$6,095,465, or 30.2% as compared to the previous year.

Revenue. The primary revenue source for this fund is the collection and disbursement of a 1% perpetual sales tax in the West Ouachita School District (a taxing district created by the School Board). Revenue increased overall by \$1.7 million or 11.4% over the previous year.

Expenditures. Expenditures increased \$.36 million, or 10.7%, due to beginning new construction projects within the district including restroom renovations, parking lot maintenance, sewage treatment plants, and drainage at various locations.

Other Sources/Uses of Funds. Other Uses of funds decreased \$1.5 million due to the decrease of bond payment requirements.

• East Ouachita Construction Fund - The East Ouachita Construction Fund accounts for the proceeds and expenditure of \$21,795,000, \$20,205,000, and \$20,000,000 in general obligation bonds issued November 5, 2020, March 24, 2022, and March 1, 2023 respectively. The proceeds of the bonds can be used for acquiring and/or improving lands for building sites and playgrounds; purchasing, erecting and/or improving school buildings and other school related facilities for the district; and acquiring the necessary equipment and furnishings therefor.

Revenue, The only revenue in this fund for the year was investment earnings of \$1,366,736.

Expenditures. Total expenditures for the year was \$16,482,775 with \$16,091,155 spent on capital outlay with the main project being the construction of a new Sterlington Middle School which is expected to be completed in the spring of 2024.

- Education Stabilization Fund The Education Stabilization Fund accounts for federal funds received to provide local education agencies with emergency relief funds to address the impact that the COVID-19 pandemic has had and continues to have on elementary and secondary schools across the nation. The Board received \$22.6 million during the current fiscal year. Education Stabilization funds are received in the form of cost reimbursement grants.
- Nonmajor Governmental Funds The *Nonmajor Governmental Funds* account for all other governmental funds of the School Board which are not considered major funds. These funds are presented in the *Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Funds*, and the *Capital Projects Fund* combining financial statements. *Nonmajor Governmental Funds* have a combined fund balance of \$59,605,711 at June 30, 2023. The increase of \$7,360,086 (14.1%) from the previous year's ending fund balance is primarily due to the increase in debt service fund balance driven by debt service requirements.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u>. Special Revenue Funds includes nonmajor funds for two sales tax salary supplement funds (1968 and 1995), school food services, and other federal and state grant program funds. Special Revenue Funds ended the fiscal year with a fund balance of \$34,968,910, which is an increase of \$2,430,268

or 7.5%, from the prior year ending fund balance. The restricted portion of this fund balance is \$33,313,583 (or 95.3% of the balance) which includes the balance of funds in the two sales tax funds, School Food Service, State grants (Medicaid), and Student Activity Funds. Total revenues increased by \$5 million which is an increase of 7.2% due to the increase of local sales taxes restricted for salaries and related benefits as well as the increase of funds available through grants, primarily the Title I and Special Education grants.

Total expenditures in the Special Revenue Funds increased by \$6.7 million in the current year primarily due to the same factors as was the increase in revenues. The expenditures for the 1995 and 1968 sales tax funds are driven by the revenue collected as both taxes require funds to be expended. Title I and Special Education grants are cost reimbursement grants, meaning the revenues are directly related to the expenditures, both driven by the grant allocation and approved budget.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u>. The Debt Service Fund includes the following funds restricted for the payment of maturing bonded debt: the *East Ouachita Debt Service Fund*, *West Ouachita Debt Service Fund*, the *Series 2010 QSCB Sinking Fund*, and the *School District No. 1 Debt Service Fund*.

Sales tax revenue in the *West Ouachita Sales Tax Fund* is the primary funding source used to meet the annual debt servicing requirements of the *West Ouachita Debt Service Fund*, the *Series 2010 QSCB Sinking Fund*, and the *School District No. 1 Debt Service Fund*. Bonds approved by voters in the East Ouachita Bond District are financed by ad valorem taxes levied annually by the School Board and deposited in the *East Ouachita Debt Service* Fund to make required annual bond payments.

The *Debt Service Funds* ended the year with a combined fund balance of \$24,636,801, which is an increase of \$4,452,223 over the prior year. In accordance with state law, the fund balance in debt service funds is maintained at a level not to exceed the next year's required principal and interest payments. Also, the debt service related to the *School District No. 1 QSCB Sinking Fund*, requires annual principal payments to be invested and held in trust for the future payout of \$10 million in bond principal to bondholders at maturity in October 2024. Total payments of \$12,275,000 in principal and \$4,348,572 in interest and other related debt service costs were made during 2022-2023.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u>. This fund accounts for the 2019 Storm Damage Fund representing the balance of insurance proceeds to rebuild Boley Elementary School following the complete loss of the school by fire in April 2019. Total expenditures of \$483,282 are due to the cost of reconstruction. The ending fund balance in the capital project fund is \$0.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The School Board, in accordance with state law, must adopt a budget on the General Fund and all Special Revenue Funds by September 15th each year, except for the Student Activity funds special revenue fund. State law provides the School Board may have variances of five-percent of total revenues or expenditures in a fund before it is legally required to amend the budget. Differences between (a) the original and final budget and (b) the final budget and actual results of the General Fund are as follows:

Original budget compared to final budget. During the year there was no requirement for any significant amendments to increase either the original estimated revenues or expenditures. However, there was a need to reallocate appropriations among various program line items to adjust to better align the budget to areas of

spending. The movement of various appropriations between programs and budget line items and increases made within authorized limits during June 30, 2023 fiscal year are described below.

Adjustments made to increase General Fund revenues by \$2,335,927 were primarily due to an increase in tax revenues over initial projections.

Adjustments were made to increase overall budgeted General Fund expenditures by \$695,673 were primarily due to the pay raise initiated after the beginning budget was approved.

Final budget compared to actual results. Actual resources were less than budget by \$737,996, or by .5%. This is primarily due to a change in the amount budgeted for reimbursement from FEMA for expenditures related to Hurricane Laura and the Ice Storm of 2021.

A review of actual expenditures compared to the final budget shows a difference of \$1,803,241 over total budget which represents about 1.2% of the final budget. During this time of uncertainty, the School Board strives to be proactive in budgeting to ensure resources are leveraged to the greatest extent possible. The most noted difference in budget to actual expenditures is in the categories of employee salaries and benefits. By closely monitoring the student population and aligning resources we hope to ensure a strong financial atmosphere.

Capital Assets

The Ouachita Parish School Board's capital assets, net of depreciation/amortization, as of June 30, 2023 is \$270,332,363 as reported on the *Statement of Net Position*. This investment in capital assets includes land and improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, intangibles, and construction in progress, and is reduced by accumulated depreciation and amortization expense from the current and prior years. The table below shows the values of each category for two years.

	Governmental Activities					
	2023 2022					
Land	\$ 11,082,883	\$ 11,082,883				
Construction in progress	22,661,376	19,533,432				
Land improvements	16,646,657	17,404,500				
Buildings and improvements	211,365,750	201,453,706				
Furniture and equipment	8,558,180	7,030,242				
Intangible assets	17,517	72,241				
Total	\$ 270,332,363	\$ 256,577,004				

Capital Assets For Years Ended June, 30

At June 30, 2023, net capital assets increased by \$13.7 million during the current fiscal year. Construction in progress increased in part due to the ongoing construction of the new Sterlington Middle School.

For additional information regarding capital assets, see Note 1.I. and Note 7 in the *Notes to the Financial Statements* section of this report.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2023, the School Board had \$150,320,000 in bonds outstanding. The table below summarizes the outstanding debt for each bonds district for the current and prior year.

Outstanding Debt For Years Ended June 30,

Debt Instruments	2023	2022
General obligation bonds – East Ouachita School District	\$115,250,000	\$102,760,000
Revenue bonds – West Ouachita School District	25,070,000	29,835,000
Qualified School Construction Bonds-School District No. 1	10,000,000	10,000,000
Total outstanding debt	\$150,320,000	\$142,595,000

Total outstanding debt from bonds increased by \$7,725,000 during the fiscal year. This is a result of the normal bond principal payments made during the year as well as the issuance of \$20,000,000 in new bonds for the East Ouachita School District.

For additional information regarding debt administration, see Note 1.M and Note 10 in the Notes to the Financial Statements section of this report.

The state limits by statute the amount of general obligation debt the Ouachita Parish School Board can issue to 50% of the assessed value of all taxable property within the school board's corporate limits. (Prior to July 1, 2015, this statutory limit was 35% of assessed value.) At June 30, 2023 and 2022, the School Board's maximum legal debt limit for the East Ouachita Parish School District was \$201,453,968 and \$187,074,500, respectively. The total outstanding general obligation bonded debt of \$115,250,000 at June 30, 2023 in the East Ouachita Parish School District (a taxing district created by the School Board) is below the maximum statutory debt limit at June 30, 2023. The School Board had \$11,511,724 available in debt service for the East Ouachita Parish School District as of June 30, 2023.

The following are the most recent credit ratings issued on Ouachita Parish School Board outstanding debt in each of its taxing districts:

Debt Issuer (Taxing District)	<u>Credit Rati</u>	ngs
East Ouachita School District	AA-/Stable Baa2 Not rated	Standard & Poors – January 27, 2023 Moody's – January 17, 2018 Fitch
West Ouachita School District	AA-/Stable A3 Not rated	Standard & Poors – October 11, 2016 Moody's – July 5, 2016 Fitch
School District No. 1 Ouachita Parish	AA-/Stable Not rated Not rated	Standard & Poors – May 1, 2018 Moody's Fitch

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The School Board is financially strong with a total fund balance in the governmental funds of \$179 million. The initial budget for the 2023-2024 year includes a pay supplement for certificated and support staff, as well as the estimated costs of inflation. The School Board uses a conservative approach to budgeting.

The School Board will continue to closely monitor the budget and make adjustments as necessary.

Contacting the School Board's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the School Board's financial condition and to show the School Board's accountability for the money it receives. Additional information and resources can be found by visiting our investor relations page at http://www.opsb.net/about_us/investor_relations. Questions about this report or other financial information should be directed to the Director of Business, Ouachita Parish School Board, at Post Office Box 2957, West Monroe, Louisiana 71294, or by calling (318) 432-5000 or emailing to mekus@opsb.net.

Basic Financial Statements



2022-2023 Ouachita Parish Outstanding Support Employees of the Year Kim Elam, Boley Elementary School Christy Meador, Sterlington Middle School Joyce Blasingame, West Monroe High School

Pictured with Dr. Don Coker, Superintendent

Ouachita Parish School Board West Monroe, Louisiana

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2023

Statement A

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 129,485,656
Investments	58,077,659
Receivables	26,649,223
Inventory	1,944,565
Capital assets, net:	22 744 250
Land and construction in progress	33,744,259
Depreciable buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment Intangibles	236,570,587 17,517
Intaliguies	17,517
TOTAL ASSETS	486,489,466
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows related to refundings	1,589,294
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	20,370,896
Deferred outflows related to pensions	67,041,850
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	89,002,040
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	3,480,710
Salaries and wages payable	26,377,750
Retainages payable	1,038,779
Unearned revenue	2,510,714
Interest payable - bonds	1,724,936
Long-term liabilities:	
Long-term debt due within one year:	10,100,015
Bonds, claims, compensated absences, sales tax refund payable	18,490,215
Long-term debt due in more than one year:	454 047 000
Bonds, claims, compensated absences, sales tax refund payable	151,217,286
OPEB liability Net pension liability	209,620,870 216,879,556
Net pension hability	210,879,330
TOTAL LIABILITIES	631,340,816
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	38,591,171
Deferred inflows related to pensions	5,329,833
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	43,921,004
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	154,361,348
Restricted for:	
Debt service	22,911,865
Vocational and instructional programs	2,005,674
Student health services	2,033,974
School food service	11,964,062
Salaries and benefits	13,171,597
Student activity funds	5,873,294
Construction and operations	26,258,382
Worker's compensation surety	625,000
Unrestricted	(338,975,510)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ (99,770,314)

THE NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Statement B

OPERATING CHARGES FOR GRANTS AND	NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMSEXPENSESCHARGES FOR SERVICESGRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONSMGovernmental activities: Instruction: </th <th>-</th>	-
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS EXPENSES SERVICES CONTRIBUTIONS M Governmental activities: Instruction: * 9,443,954 \$ \$ 9,443,954 \$ Special education programs 13,545,929 - \$ 9,443,954 \$ Special education programs 13,545,929 - \$ 9,443,954 \$ Vocational programs 3,510,898 - 680,537 \$ \$ \$ Other instructional programs 13,534,090 - \$	CHANGES IN
Governmental activities: Instruction: Regular programs \$ 92,907,397 - \$ 9,443,954 \$ Special education programs 13,545,929 - 1,233,981 Vocational programs 3,510,898 - 680,537 Other instructional programs 13,008,331 144,866 5,135,685 Special programs 6,424,882 - 6,852,270 Support services: - - 8,326,232 General administration 1,990,607 - 5,021 School administration 15,562,995 - 398,087 Business services 3,590,734 - 359,591 Plant services 15,811,176 - 2,187,498 Central services 3,482,961 21,260 401,154 Food services 14,199,002 535,219 11,881,489 Community service programs 25,851 - - Interest on long-term debt 4,280,756 - -	NET POSITION
Instruction: Regular programs \$ 92,907,397 - \$ 9,443,954 \$ Special education programs 13,545,929 - 1,233,981 \$	
Regular programs \$ 92,907,397 \$ - \$ 9,443,954 \$ Special education programs 13,545,929 - 1,233,981 Vocational programs 3,510,898 - 680,537 Other instructional programs 13,008,331 144,866 5,135,685 Special programs 6,424,882 - 6,852,270 Support services: - - 2,209,312 Instructional staff support 15,817,312 - 8,326,232 General administration 1,990,607 - 5,021 School administration 15,562,995 - 398,087 Business services 3,590,734 - 2,833,423 Student transportation services 15,811,176 - 2,187,498 Central services 3,482,961 21,260 401,154 Food services 14,199,002 535,219 11,881,489 Community service programs 25,851 - - Interest on long-term debt 4,280,756 - -	
Special education programs 13,545,929 - 1,233,981 Vocational programs 3,510,898 - 680,537 Other instructional programs 13,008,331 144,866 5,135,685 Special programs 6,424,882 - 6,852,270 Support services: - 2,209,312 - Student services 13,534,090 - 2,209,312 Instructional staff support 15,817,312 - 8,326,232 General administration 1,990,607 - 5,021 School administration 15,562,995 - 398,087 Business services 3,590,734 - 359,591 Plant services 27,354,413 14,634 2,833,423 Student transportation services 15,811,176 - 2,187,498 Central services 3,482,961 21,260 401,154 Food services 14,199,002 535,219 11,881,489 Community service programs 25,851 - - Interest on long-term debt 4,280,756	(83,463,443)
Vocational programs 3,510,898 - 680,537 Other instructional programs 13,008,331 144,866 5,135,685 Special programs 6,424,882 - 6,852,270 Support services: - 2,209,312 Instructional staff support 15,817,312 - 8,326,232 General administration 1,990,607 - 5,021 School administration 15,562,995 - 398,087 Business services 3,590,734 - 359,591 Plant services 27,354,413 14,634 2,833,423 Student transportation services 15,811,176 - 2,187,498 Central services 3,482,961 21,260 401,154 Food services 14,199,002 535,219 11,881,489 Community service programs 25,851 - - Interest on long-term debt 4,280,756 - -	(12,311,948)
Other instructional programs 13,008,331 144,866 5,135,685 Special programs 6,424,882 - 6,852,270 Support services: - 2,209,312 Instructional staff support 15,817,312 - 8,326,232 General administration 1,990,607 - 5,021 School administration 15,562,995 - 398,087 Business services 3,590,734 - 359,591 Plant services 27,354,413 14,634 2,833,423 Student transportation services 15,811,176 - 2,187,498 Central services 3,482,961 21,260 401,154 Food services 14,199,002 535,219 11,881,489 Community service programs 25,851 - - Interest on long-term debt 4,280,756 - -	(2,830,361)
Special programs 6,424,882 - 6,852,270 Support services: - 2,209,312 Instructional staff support 15,817,312 - 8,326,232 General administration 1,990,607 - 5,021 School administration 15,562,995 - 398,087 Business services 3,590,734 - 359,591 Plant services 27,354,413 14,634 2,833,423 Student transportation services 15,811,176 - 2,187,498 Central services 3,482,961 21,260 401,154 Food services 14,199,002 535,219 11,881,489 Community service programs 25,851 - - Interest on long-term debt 4,280,756 - -	(7,727,780)
Support services: 13,534,090 2,209,312 Instructional staff support 15,817,312 8,326,232 General administration 1,990,607 5,021 School administration 15,562,995 398,087 Business services 3,590,734 359,591 Plant services 27,354,413 14,634 2,833,423 Student transportation services 15,811,176 2,187,498 21,260 401,154 Food services 14,199,002 535,219 11,881,489 - - Community service programs 25,851 - - - - Interest on long-term debt 4,280,756 - - - -	427,388
Student services 13,534,090 - 2,209,312 Instructional staff support 15,817,312 - 8,326,232 General administration 1,990,607 - 5,021 School administration 15,562,995 - 398,087 Business services 3,590,734 - 359,591 Plant services 27,354,413 14,634 2,833,423 Student transportation services 15,811,176 - 2,187,498 Central services 3,482,961 21,260 401,154 Food services 14,199,002 535,219 11,881,489 Community service programs 25,851 - - Interest on long-term debt 4,280,756 - -	427,000
Instructional staff support 15,817,312 - 8,326,232 General administration 1,990,607 - 5,021 School administration 15,562,995 - 398,087 Business services 3,590,734 - 359,591 Plant services 27,354,413 14,634 2,833,423 Student transportation services 15,811,176 - 2,187,498 Central services 3,482,961 21,260 401,154 Food services 14,199,002 535,219 11,881,489 Community service programs 25,851 - - Interest on long-term debt 4,280,756 - -	(11,324,778)
General administration 1,990,607 - 5,021 School administration 15,562,995 - 398,087 Business services 3,590,734 - 359,591 Plant services 27,354,413 14,634 2,833,423 Student transportation services 15,811,176 - 2,187,498 Central services 3,482,961 21,260 401,154 Food services 14,199,002 535,219 11,881,489 Community service programs 25,851 - - Interest on long-term debt 4,280,756 - -	(7,491,080)
School administration 15,562,995 - 398,087 Business services 3,590,734 - 359,591 Plant services 27,354,413 14,634 2,833,423 Student transportation services 15,811,176 - 2,187,498 Central services 3,482,961 21,260 401,154 Food services 14,199,002 535,219 11,881,489 Community service programs 25,851 - - Interest on long-term debt 4,280,756 - -	(1,985,586)
Business services 3,590,734 - 359,591 Plant services 27,354,413 14,634 2,833,423 Student transportation services 15,811,176 - 2,187,498 Central services 3,482,961 21,260 401,154 Food services 14,199,002 535,219 11,881,489 Community service programs 25,851 - - Interest on long-term debt 4,280,756 - -	
Plant services 27,354,413 14,634 2,833,423 Student transportation services 15,811,176 - 2,187,498 Central services 3,482,961 21,260 401,154 Food services 14,199,002 535,219 11,881,489 Community service programs 25,851 - - Interest on long-term debt 4,280,756 - -	(15,164,908)
Student transportation services 15,811,176 - 2,187,498 Central services 3,482,961 21,260 401,154 Food services 14,199,002 535,219 11,881,489 Community service programs 25,851 - - Interest on long-term debt 4,280,756 - -	(3,231,143)
Central services 3,482,961 21,260 401,154 Food services 14,199,002 535,219 11,881,489 Community service programs 25,851 - - Interest on long-term debt 4,280,756 - -	(24,506,356)
Food services 14,199,002 535,219 11,881,489 Community service programs 25,851 - - Interest on long-term debt 4,280,756 - -	(13,623,678)
Community service programs25,851Interest on long-term debt4,280,756	(3,060,547)
Interest on long-term debt 4,280,756	(1,782,294)
	(25,851)
Total Governmental Activities \$ 245,047,334 \$ 715,979 \$ 51,948,234	(4,280,756)
	(192,383,121)
General revenues:	
Ad valorem taxes levied for:	
General purposes	25,561,899
Debt services	12,199,805
Sales taxes levied for:	
General purposes	20,312,234
Salaries and related benefits	34,742,827
Debt service purposes	6,159,944
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	
Minimum Foundation Program	121,033,530
Other state revenue	9,602
State revenue sharing	834,777
Interest and investment earnings	5,078,679
Miscellaneous	10,821,019
Total general revenues	236,754,316
Changes in net position	44,371,195
Net position - beginning	(144,141,509)
Net position - ending	(99,770,314)

THE NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT.

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Ouachita Parish School Board West Monroe, Louisiana

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Balance Sheet June 30, 2023

	GENERAL		SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 SALES TAX	WEST OUACHITA SALES TAX
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,269,6	22 \$	27,129,786	\$ 24,076,915
Investments	23,589,5		-	-
Receivables	337,6		1,765,351	2,888,485
Interfund receivables	9,173,0	97	-	-
Inventory	855,7	23	183,024	
TOTAL ASSETS	44,225,7	16	29,078,161	26,965,400
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	744,4	11	104,159	624,393
Salaries and wages payable	20,841,2		215,969	024,000
Retainages payable	20,041,2	-	210,000	82,625
Interfund payables		-	-	
Unearned revenue	349,6	57	-	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	21,935,3	99	320,128	707,018
FUND BALANCES:				
Nonspendable:				
Inventory	855,7	23	183,024	_
Restricted for:	000,1	20	100,021	
Workers compensation surety	625,0	00	-	-
Vocational and instructional programs	1,735,0		-	-
Salaries and benefits	, , -	-	-	-
Student health services		-	-	-
School food services		-	-	-
Debtservice		-	-	-
Construction and operations		-	-	26,258,382
Student activity funds		-	-	-
Capital projects		-	-	-
Committed for:				
Major equipment repairs	974,6	04	-	-
Instructional programs		-	10,896,126	-
Salaries and benefits		-	2,251,825	-
Capital improvements		-	9,973,788	-
Mandated costs		-	5,453,270	-
Timber restoration	21,5	40	-	-
Assigned for:	277.0	61		
Drivers education	377,0		-	-
Instructional programs Scholarships	814,5		-	-
Scholarships Student health/support services	4,6	30	-	-
Unassigned	16,882,2	02	-	
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	22,290,3	17	28,758,033	26,258,382
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 44,225,7	16 \$	29,078,161	\$ 26,965,400

THE NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT.

Statement C

	EAST OUACHITA NSTRUCTION	EDUCATION STABILIZATION	NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL	TOTAL
\$	21,650,575	\$ -	\$ 45,571,892	\$ 128,698,790
Ψ	23,666,518	÷ _	8,666,666	55,922,778
		9,114,875	11,847,906	25,954,297
	-		-	9,173,097
		-	801,154	1,839,901
	45,317,093	9,114,875	66,887,618	221,588,863
	4 650 004	404.000	440 704	2 4 2 4 0 2 2
	1,658,084	191,096 1,978,543	142,784 3,341,940	3,464,960 26,377,750
	- 918,816	37,338	3,341,940	1,038,779
	910,010	5,105,466	- 3,441,968	8,547,434
		1,805,842	355,215	2,510,714
	2,576,900	9,118,285	7,281,907	41,939,637
	_	_	637,683	1,676,430
	-	-	-	625,000
	-	-	270,656 13,171,597	2,005,674 13,171,597
			2,033,974	2,033,974
	_	-	11,964,062	11,964,062
	-	-	24,636,801	24,636,801
	-	-		26,258,382
	-	-	5,873,294	5,873,294
	42,740,193	-	-	42,740,193
	-	-	-	974,604
	-	-	-	10,896,126
	-	-	-	2,251,825
	-	-	-	9,973,788
	-	-	-	5,453,270
	-	-	-	21,540
	-	-	-	377,061
	-	-	-	814,533
	-	-	-	4,636
	-	-	1,017,644	1,017,644
	-	(3,410)		16,878,792
	42,740,193	(3,410)	59,605,711	179,649,226
\$	45,317,093	\$ 9,114,875	\$ 66,887,618	\$ 221,588,863
Ψ	-0,017,0 0 0	φ 3,114,075	Ψ 00,007,010	Ψ 221,000,000

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

June 30, 2023				
				Statement D
Total fund balances - governmental funds			\$	179,649,226
The cost of capital assets (land, buildings, furniture and equipment) and intang (software) purchased or constructed is reported as an expenditure in Governe The Statement of Net Position includes those capital assets and intangible as the assets of the School Board as a whole. The cost of those capital and inta is allocated over their estimated useful lives (as depreciation expense for cap amortization expense for intangible assets) to the various programs reported Activities in the Statement of Activities. Because neither depreciation nor amor affect financial resources, they are not reported in governmental funds.	menta ssets ngible ital as as Go	Il Funds. among e assets ssets and overnmental		
Costs of capital assets	\$	496,003,205		
Accumulated depreciation		(225,688,359)		
Costs of intangible assets Accumulated amortization		837,992 (820,475)		
		(020, 0)		270,332,363
Deferred outflows for refundings, other post-employment benefits and pensions reported in the governmental funds but are reported in the government-wide f statement. Related to refundings				
Related to other post-employment benefits		20,370,896		
Related to pensions		67,041,850		
				89,002,040
Long-term liabilities applicable to the School Board's governmental activities ar payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilitie both current and long term, are reported in the Statement of Net Position. Pos benefits in the Governmental Funds are recorded as expenditures when paid post-employment liability is reported in the Statement of Net Position.	es. Al st-em	l liabilities, ployment		
Balances at June 30, 2023 are:				
Long-term liabilities General obligation bonds payable		(98,670,000)		
Revenue bonds payable		(20,195,000)		
Direct placement bonds payable		(31,455,000)		
Bond premiums		(9,943,164)		
Compensated absences payable		(7,443,522)		
Sales tax refund payable		(463,975)		
Other post-employment benefits		(209,620,870)		
Net pension liability		(216,879,556)	\$	(594,671,087)
			Ŧ	()

(CONTINUED)

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

			S	tatement D
Interest on outstanding bonds in the Governmental Funds is recorded as an exp paid. Bond interest in the Statement of Net Position is recognized as an expen accrues.				
Accrued interest on outstanding bonds			\$	(1,724,936)
Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the fund financial statements.	accordi	ngly		
Related to OPEB Related to pensions				(38,591,171) (5,329,833)
The School Board self-insures for general liability and worker's compensation c provides centralized printing services. Funds to meet claims liabilities and us cost of printing services are deposited into Internal Service Funds, respectivel Service Funds are not reported with the Governmental Funds, but are instead Statement of Net Position. The combined net position of Internal Service Funds are as follows:	er fees y. The In reported	for ternal 1 in the		
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables Inventory Accounts payable Interfund payable Claims liability	\$	786,866 2,154,881 694,926 104,664 (15,750) (625,663) (1,536,840)		
				1,563,084
Net Position - Governmental Activities			\$	(99,770,314)
			(C0	ONCLUDED)

THE NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

					WEST OUACHITA		
REVENUES		GENERAL	S	ALES TAX		SALES TAX	
Local sources: Taxes:							
Ad valorem	¢	24 761 649	¢		¢		
	\$	24,761,648	\$	-	\$	-	
1% ad valorem - tax collector		800,251		- 10,316,909		- 16,130,226	
Sales and use		-					
Interest earnings Food service		746,540		909,686		800,520	
		-		-		-	
Other State a surray of		1,443,886		-		-	
State sources:		140 040 040					
Equalization		119,616,642		-		-	
Revenue sharing		834,777		-		-	
Unrestricted grants-in-aid		9,602		-		-	
Restricted grants-in-aid		235,960		-		-	
Federal sources:							
Federal programs		339,578		-		-	
Other federal support		-				-	
TOTAL REVENUES		148,788,884		11,226,595		16,930,746	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Regular programs		62,794,472		1,816,467		20,425	
Special education programs		10,854,123		432,970		-	
Vocational programs		2,569,781		117,642		2,399	
Other instructional programs		5,096,572		735,659		37,300	
Special programs		579,227		94,680		-	
Support services:		,		,			
Student services		9,563,689		704,214		-	
Instructional staff support		7,774,718		540,589		-	
General administration		1,654,085		64,435		99,103	
School administration		11,895,891		356,193		21,559	
Business services		2,782,489		89,430		,	
Plant services		20,791,066		3,086,851		150,349	
Student transportation services		11,241,195		1,418,090		-	
Central services		3,250,027		61,688		_	
Food services		1,033,606		334,827		_	
Community service programs		25,851					
Capital outlay		170,806		670,115		3,321,925	
Debt service:		170,000		070,113		5,521,925	
Principal retirement Interest and bank charges		-		-		-	
5		-		-		60,000	
Bond issuance costs		-		-		-	
Other debt service costs				-		1,400	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		152,077,598		10,523,850		3,714,460	
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES							
OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	(3,288,714)	\$	702,745	\$	13,216,286	

Statement E

EAST OUACHITA CONSTRUCTIO			NONMAJOR VERNMENTAL	TOTAL		
\$	-	\$-	\$ 12,199,805	\$	36,961,453	
	-	-	-		800,251	
	-	-	34,720,281		61,167,416	
1,366,73	36	-	1,138,343		4,961,825	
	-	-	423,368		423,368	
	-	-	9,589,310		11,033,196	
	-	-	1,416,888		121,033,530	
	-	-	-		834,777	
	-	-	-		9,602	
	-	-	2,535,090		2,771,050	
	-	22,567,850	25,388,169		48,295,597	
	-		 881,587		881,587	
1,366,73	36	22,567,850	 88,292,841		289,173,652	

	-	6,428,761	21,646,082	92,706,207
	-	689,205	3,457,137	15,433,435
	-	560,902	623,993	3,874,717
	37,823	3,530,560	4,656,870	14,094,784
	-	291,356	6,021,724	6,986,987
	_	830,952	4,079,684	15,178,539
	_	1,205,320	8,324,785	17,845,412
	_	5,021	601,674	2,424,318
	_	398,087	4,653,829	17,325,559
	50,133	359,591	370,358	3,652,001
	22,168	1,552,120	2,267,782	27,870,336
	-	1,931,990	2,243,384	16,834,659
	-	397,803	188,379	3,897,897
	-	534,616	13,442,501	15,345,550
	-	-	-	25,851
16,0	91,155	917,663	421,776	21,593,440
	_	-	12,275,000	12,275,000
	_	-	4,348,572	4,408,572
	85,348	-	20,539	105,887
	96,148	-	5,598	203,146
		 	 · .	
16,4	82,775	 19,633,947	 89,649,667	 292,082,297
\$ (15,1	16,039)	\$ 2,933,903	\$ (1,356,826)	\$ (2,908,645)

(CONTINUED)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

			SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1		WEST OUACHITA	
	GENERAL		SALES TAX		SALES TAX	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	¢		¢		¢	
Bonds issued Proceeds from sale of assets	\$	- 33,441	\$	-	\$	-
Premium on bonds issued Insurance recoveries		- 22,185		-		-
Transfers in Transfers out		4,417,820 (1,222,794)		300,000		- (7,120,821)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING						
SOURCES (USES)		3,250,652		300,000		(7,120,821)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(38,062)		1,002,745		6,095,465
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		22,328,379		27,755,288		20,162,917
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	22,290,317	\$	28,758,033	\$	26,258,382

THE NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT.

Statement E

EAST OUACHITA CONSTRUCTION		UCATION BILIZATION		IONMAJOR /ERNMENTAL		TOTAL
\$	20,000,000	\$ -	\$	-	\$	20,000,000
	-	-		-		33,441
	-	-		2,521,212		2,521,212
	-	-		-		22,185
	-	-	7,143,615			11,861,435
	-	(2,933,905)) (947,915)			(12,225,435)
_	20,000,000	(2,933,905)		8,716,912		22,212,838
	4,883,961	(2)		7,360,086		19,304,193
	37,856,232	 (3,408)		52,245,625		160,345,033
\$	42,740,193	\$ (3,410)	\$	59,605,711	\$	179,649,226
					(C	ONCLUDED)

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GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Statement F

		otai	ementi
Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds		\$	19,304,193
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:			
Capital outlays and intangible assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation and amortization in the period:			
Capital outlays \$ Depreciation Amortization	25,542,435 (11,726,094) (54,724)		
			13,761,617
Capital assets nor depreciation are reported in the Governmental Funds. Capital assets and accumulated deprecation are reported in the Statement of Net Position. When an asset is disposed of that is not fully depreciated it results in a loss on the disposal of the asset in the Statement of Activities unless sales proceeds are received which are in excess of carrying			(0.050)
value. During the current fiscal year, the School Board had a loss on disposal of capital asset.			(6,258)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the Governmental Funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.			12,275,000
The School Board self-insures for general liability and workers' compensation claims and provides centralized printing services. Funds to meet claims liabilities and user fees for cost of printing services are deposited into the Internal Service Funds, respectively. The Internal Service Funds are not reported with the Governmental Funds; however, they are reported in the Statement of Net Position. The combined net position of Internal Service Funds decreased for the current fiscal year.			(624,070)
In the Statement of Activities, compensated absences (vacations and sick leave) are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the Governmental Funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). This year, vacation and sick time used (\$3,958,314) exceeded the amount earned (\$3,885,603) by \$72,611.			72,711
Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the Governmental Funds because arrued interest received from bond sales is recognized as Other Financing Sources when received and interest on outstanding bonds is recognized as an expenditure in the Governmental Funds when it is due, which requires the use of current financial resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, interest expenses are recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due. Interest expense payable at year end increased from the previous year as follows:			
Interest expense payable at June 30, 2023	(1,724,936)		
Interest expense payable at June 30, 2022	1,487,329	\$	(237,607)
		(CON	NTINUED)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

			S	statement F
Bond premium from bond sales is reported in the Governmental Funds as Other Financing Sources when received. Bond premium is reported in the Government-wide Financial Statements as a liability and amortized over the life of the bonds				
Bond premium Current year amortization of bond premium	\$	(2,521,212) 894,137	\$	(1,627,075)
The recognition of pension expense in the Statement of Activities is based on projected benefit payments discounted to actuarial present value and attributed to periods of employee service. Pension expenditures in the fund financial statements are the amounts actually paid.				7,825,762
Payments to an escrow agent to refund bonded debt are reported in the Governmental Funds as Other Financing Sources. The amount paid to the escrow agent for principal is removed from the long-term bonded debt in the Statement of Net Position. The deferred part of the payment paid to the escrow agent is shown as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position. The deferred amount is amortized over the lesser of the life of the original bonds or the life of the refunding bonds.				
Current year amortization on deferred outflow of resources on refundings				(247,218)
Other post-employment benefits are reported in the Governmental Funds as expenditures when paid. The actuarially calculated expense is reported in the Statement of Activities.				13,826,551
Sales tax refund is reported in the Governmental Funds as the revenue is refunded using the current financial resources. Whereas the remaining refund payable is reported in the Statem of Activities as it accrues.	ent			47,589
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources of governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.				
Bonds issued				(20,000,000)
Change in net position of governmental activities			\$	44,371,195
			(C	ONCLUDED)

PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE - INTERNAL SERVICE Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

	 St	atement G
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	786,866
Investments		2,154,881
Receivables		694,926
Inventory		104,664
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		3,741,337
LIABILITIES		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		15,750
Interfund payables		625,663
Claims liability - due within one year		1,189,312
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		1,830,725
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES		
Claims liability		347,528
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES		347,528
TOTAL LIABILITIES		2,178,253
NET POSITION		
Unrestricted		1,563,084
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	1,563,084

PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE - INTERNAL SERVICE Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Statement H
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services Reimbursements from insurers Other revenues	\$ 430,458 793,589 5,154
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	1,229,201
OPERATING EXPENSES Self-insurance claims and insurance premiums Business services Equipment maintenance	1,076,801 1,004,483 252,841
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	2,334,125
Operating income (loss)	(1,104,924)
NONOPERATING REVENUES/EXPENSES Earnings on investments	116,854
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	(988,070)
TRANSFERS Transfers in Transfers out	900,000 (536,000)
TOTAL TRANSFERS	364,000
Change in Net Position	(624,070)
NET POSITION - BEGINNING	2,187,154
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ 1,563,084

PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE - INTERNAL SERVICE Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Statement I

	Otatement
CASH FLOW (USES) FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Receipts from interfund services provided	\$ 410,663
Receipts from insurers	113,672
Payments to suppliers and service providers	(964,104)
Payments to employees for salaries and benefits	(275,838)
Claims and premiums paid	(998,335)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	(1,713,942)
CASH FLOW (USES) FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Transfers from (to) General Fund	900,000
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities	900,000
CASH FLOW (USES) FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Sale (purchase) of investments	(2,154,881)
Earnings on investments	116,854
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	(2,038,027)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(2,851,969)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING	3,638,835
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - ENDING	786,866
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO	
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Operating income (loss)	(1,104,924)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net	
cash provided (used) by operating activities:	
Changes in assets and liabilities:	
(Increase) decrease in receivables	(685,071)
(Increase) decrease in inventory	6,598
Increase (decrease) in payables	10,784
Increase (decrease) in interfund payables	(19,795)
Increase (decrease) in claims liability	78,466
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ (1,713,942)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements



Zhane' Hill 10th Grade West Monroe High School

Taylor Cooper 11th Grade Ouachita Parish High School





Luci Lavery 10th Grade West Monroe High School



Ariana West 9th Grade Ouachita Parish High School

> Aulecia Hubbard 9th Grade Ouachita Parish High School



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	1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	
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1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the Ouachita Parish School Board (School Board) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

A. Reporting Entity

The Ouachita Parish School Board was created by Louisiana Revised Statute (LSA-R.S.) 17:51 to provide public education for the children within Ouachita Parish. The School Board is authorized by LSA-R.S. 17:81 to establish policies and regulations for its own government consistent with the law of the State of Louisiana and the regulations of the Louisiana Board of Elementary and Secondary Education. The School Board is comprised of seven members who are elected for four year terms.

The School Board operates 36 schools within the parish and one alternative program with a total enrollment of 18,176 pupils, with 17,595 excluding PreK for the year ended June 30, 2023. In conjunction with the regular educational programs, some of these schools offer special education and/or vocational education programs. In addition, the School Board provides transportation and school food services for the students.

GASB Statement No. 61 establishes the criteria for determining the governmental reporting entity and component units that should be included within the reporting entity. Because the School Board has a separately elected governing body and is legally separate and fiscally independent, the School Board is a separate governmental reporting entity. For financial reporting purposes, the School Board's financial statements include all funds, schools, agencies and committees for which the School Board is financially accountable. The School Board is not aware of any other entities that should be included within the financial statements.

Certain units of local government, such as other independently elected officials, the parish police jury, municipalities, private schools, independently operated charter, and special schools authorized by the Board of Elementary and Secondary Education or another school district are excluded from the accompanying financial statements. These units have their own elected governing authorities and are not financially accountable to the School Board.

B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities were prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Non-exchange transactions are recognized when the School Board has an enforceable legal claim to the revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows.

Internal Activities

The self-insurance workers' compensation and general liability, internal service fund and centralized printing internal service fund provide services to the governmental funds. Accordingly, the internal service funds activities were rolled up into the governmental activities. The internal activities have been eliminated in order to avoid the "grossing-up" effect of a straight inclusion. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

General Revenues

General revenues included in the Statement of Activities derive directly from local property and sales taxes, interest and investment earnings, unrestricted state and local grants, and other miscellaneous revenues. General revenues finance the remaining balance of a function not covered by program revenues.

Program Revenues

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include charges for services provided and grants and contributions. Charges for services are primarily derived from food sales and drivers education courses. Operating grants and contributions consist of the grants received from federal, state, or local government; private foundation; or restricted contributions or donations. Program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the School Board's general revenues. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Allocation of indirect expenses

The School Board reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Indirect expenses of other functions are not allocated to those functions but are reported separately in the Statement of Activities. Depreciation expense is specifically identified by function and is included in the direct expense of each function. Interest on general long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

Fund Financial Statements (FFS)

<u>Governmental Funds</u> The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Governmental fund types use the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they are "measurable and available.") "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The government considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for interest and principal payments on long-term debt which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments which are recognized when they mature.

With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities and current deferred outflows/inflows of resources are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases and decreases in current net position. The governmental funds use the following practices in recording revenues and expenditures:

Revenues

Ad valorem taxes and sales taxes are susceptible to accrual.

Entitlements and shared revenues (which include state equalization and state revenue sharing) are recorded as unrestricted grants-in-aid at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met.

Other receipts become measurable and available when cash is received by the School Board and are recognized as revenue at that time.

Expenditures

Salaries are recorded as paid. Unpaid salaries for nine-month employees who are paid over twelve months are accrued at June 30. Substantially all other expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability has been incurred.

Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers between funds that are not expected to be repaid (or any other types, such as capital lease transactions, sale of capital assets, debt extinguishments, long-term debt proceeds, et cetera) are accounted for as other financing sources (uses). These other financing sources (uses) are recognized at the time the underlying events occur.

Encumbrances Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed. However, outstanding purchase orders are taken into consideration before expenditures are incurred in order to assure that applicable appropriations are not exceeded. In addition, the monthly budget reports are reviewed to ensure compliance with the budget, and where necessary, revisions to the budget are made.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> Proprietary funds are accounted for on the flow of economic resources measurement focus and use the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time the liabilities are incurred. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet.

Operating Revenues and Expenses Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues are charges to the General Fund for insurance related costs such as claims liability, insurance premiums, and centralized printing services. Non-operating revenues are revenues that are not derived from charges to the General Fund such as earnings on investments. Proprietary Fund Type operating statements present increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in total net position. Operating expenses are general liability and worker's compensation claims and expenses and costs of operating centralized printing services. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

C. Fund Accounting

The financial transactions of the School Board are recorded in individual funds, and each is considered a separate accounting entity and reported in the Fund Financial Statements. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that include its assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, fund equity, revenues and expenditures, or expenses as appropriate. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

The School Board uses the following fund categories and fund types.

Governmental Funds: Governmental funds account for the School Board's general government activities, including the collection and disbursement of specific or legally restricted monies, the acquisition or construction of capital assets, and the servicing of general long-term debt. Governmental funds are divided into major and nonmajor funds. Major funds are funds that meet certain dollar tests of their assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Major funds are larger, more significant funds. Nonmajor funds are the governmental funds that do not meet the dollar tests for major funds.

The major and nonmajor funds of the School Board are described below.

Major Funds:

General Fund - The **General Fund** is the general operating fund of the School Board. It accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund and is always a major fund. The sources of major operating revenue in the General Fund are from state equalization funding distributed through the Minimum Foundation Program and a 24.15 mill ad valorem tax that is renewable every 10 years; the annual revenue from this millage is pledged as security for making the annual principal and interest payments for the Limited Tax Certificates, Series 2014. (This tax was renewed by voters in April 2021 for a 10-year period.) Also, an additional 5.18 mills is levied annually by authority granted under the Constitution of the State of Louisiana for general operations; the annual revenue from this millage is pledged as security for making fund payments for the Qualified School Construction Bonds, Series 2009.

Special Revenue Funds - Special Revenue Funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments) that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The term "proceeds of specific revenue sources" establishes that one or more specific restricted or committed revenues should be the foundation for a special revenue fund.

The School District No. 1 Sales Tax is a major Special Revenue Fund. It is used to collect, record and disburse funds related to a 0.5% 10-year renewable tax approved by voters and committed by the School Board for classroom instruction (36%), capital improvements (23%), facility and equipment support (15%), mandated costs (14%), and salary restoration (12%). This tax was renewed by voters in April 2021 for a 10-year period.

The West Ouachita Sales Tax Fund is a major Special Revenue Fund. This fund accounts for the collection and disbursement of a 1% perpetual sales tax in the West Ouachita School District (a taxing district created by the School Board). This tax was originally authorized by voters in 1997 for a 27-year period and authorized again in March 2015 for the sales tax to be a permanent tax in the district. The

proceeds of the tax can be used for constructing, maintaining, and operating schools, including servicing debt in the West Ouachita School District.

The **Education Stabilization Fund** is a major special revenue fund which accounts for the Education Stabilization grants.

Capital Projects Funds - Capital Projects Funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. Capital projects funds exclude those types of capital related outflows financed by proprietary funds or for assets that will be held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

• The **East Ouachita Construction Fund** is a major Capital Project Fund which accounts for the proceeds and expenditure of general obligation bonds. The proceeds of the bonds can be used for acquiring and/or improving lands for building sites and playgrounds; purchasing, erecting and/or improving school buildings and other school related facilities for the district; and acquiring the necessary equipment and furnishings therefor.

Nonmajor Funds:

Debt Service Funds - Debt Service Funds account for and report the financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest. For a more detailed description of the Debt Service Funds, see the Supplementary Information - Debt Service Fund.

Proprietary Funds:

Internal Service Funds - The Internal Service Funds accounts for the financing of services provided by one fund to other funds of the School Board. The School Board operated two internal service funds. The **Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund** provides for insurance policies and accounts for third-party administrative costs and claims for liabilities of the school district. The **Centralized Printing Internal Service Fund** provides printing and binding services to other funds, departments, the school system, or other government agencies on a cost-reimbursement basis.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in interest-bearing and non-interest bearing demand deposits, bank certificates of deposit, as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired. Bank certificates of deposit are considered cash equivalents regardless of time to maturity and are stated at cost, which approximates fair value. Short-term investments are stated at cost, which approximates fair value.

E. Investments

Louisiana Revised Statutes (R.S. 33:2955) and the Board's investment policy govern the investment policies of the School Board. The Ouachita Parish School Board is authorized to invest in U. S. Treasury obligations, U.S. Government instrumentalities, A-1/P-1 commercial paper, and other allowable short-term obligations including repurchase agreements. These are classified as investments if they have a maturity date of 90 days or more from the date of acquisition. Investments are carried at fair value.

Cash management and investment activities shall be conducted in a manner consistent with the "prudent investor" rule which states, "Investments shall be made with judgment and care under circumstances then prevailing, which persons of prudence, discretion and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation but for investment considering the probable safety of their capital as well as the probable income to be derived."

F. Short-Term Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as *due from* other funds or *due to* other funds on the Fund Financial Statement's balance sheet.

G. Eliminations and Reclassifications

In the process of aggregating data for the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the funds were eliminated or reclassified. Interfund receivables and payables were eliminated to minimize the "grossing up" effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental activities column. Interfund services provided and used by the various Governmental Funds have not been eliminated in the process of aggregating data.

H. Inventory and Prepaid Items

Inventory is accounted for using the consumption method, where expenditures are recognized as expenses when consumed on the Government-wide Financial Statements and a portion are recognized as expenditures when consumed and a portion are recognized as expenditures when purchased on the Fund Financial Statements. Inventory is stated at cost using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) basis. Inventory consists of maintenance and transportation supplies along with commodities and purchased food held for consumption. Inventory in the governmental funds is equally offset by designation a like portion of fund balance as nonspendable which shows this inventory does not constitute "available spendable resources" even though it is a component of total assets.

Prepaid items are also accounted for using the consumption method where expenditures are recognized as the prepaid item expires with the passage of time.

I. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, intangibles, and construction-in-progress are reported as governmental funds in the Government-wide Financial Statements. The School Board considers assets, other than intangibles, with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life of 2 years or more as a capital asset. Intangibles, such as software, with an initial individual cost of \$25,000 or more and an estimated useful life of 2 years or more are considered a capital asset.

Capital assets are recorded at historical cost and depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of donation. Estimated useful life is management's best estimate of how long the asset is expected to meet service demands. Capital assets have not been assigned a salvage value because management feels that the salvage value is immaterial.

Straight-line depreciation is used based on the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and improvements	40 years
Land improvements	20 years
Furniture and equipment	5-15 years
Intangibles	10-20 years

Public domain (infrastructure) capital assets (e.g. parking lots, sidewalks, and other assets that are immovable and of value only to the government) were capitalized as part of the construction cost of the buildings. Subsequent infrastructure improvements are capitalized as land improvements.

J. Unearned Revenue

The School Board reports unearned revenue on its Statement of Net Position and on the Fund Financial Statements' balance sheet. Unearned revenue will arise when the School Board receives resources before qualifying events have occurred to allow it to be recognized as revenue at the end of the current period, as when grant monies are received and available to spend in the current period but cannot be recognized as revenue until the qualifying expenditures are incurred in accordance with GAAP. In subsequent periods, when the qualifying expenditures are incurred, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the Governmental Fund's Fund Financial Statements' balance sheet and the revenue is recognized as earned.

K. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity is reported as loans, reimbursements, or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation to the Government-wide Financial Statements. Reimbursements occur between funds when one fund incurs a cost that benefits another fund, and the benefiting fund reimburses the fund incurring the cost for the benefit received. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers made between governmental and proprietary funds are eliminated as part of the reconciliation to the Government-wide Financial Statements.

L. Compensated Absences

All 12-month employees earn from 10 to 15 days of annual leave each year depending on length of service with the School Board. Annual leave is credited at the beginning of each fiscal year and a maximum of five days can be accumulated and carried forward into a new fiscal year. Upon termination of employment, unused annual leave up to 20 days is paid to employees at employees' current rates of pay.

All school employees earn ten days of sick leave each year. Sick leave may be accumulated without limitations. Upon retirement or an employee's death, unused accumulated sick leave of up to 25 days is paid to employees at the employees' current rates of pay. The accrual recorded for earned sick leave is based on a 25-day maximum per employee. Sick leave is not payable upon discharge or termination. Upon retirement, unused accumulated sick leave is used in the computation of earned years of service credit for determining employee retirement benefits.

Sick and annual leave are reported in the Statement of Net Position as a long-term liability and expensed in the Statement of Activities. Sick and vacation leave accrued in the Statement of Net Position as of the end of the fiscal year are valued at employees' current rates of pay. Neither the School Board nor the employees are required to contribute to the retirement system for sick and annual leave payments. Accrued sick and vacation leave will be paid from future years' resources. No allowance is made for the immaterial amounts of sick leave forfeited when employees resign or retire. A current liability for sick and annual leave is reported in the Governmental Funds only if it is due and payable as of year-end as the result of an employee's retirement during the fiscal year.

M. Long-Term Liabilities

Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are recognized in the fund financial statements in the period the bonds are issued. Bond proceeds are reported as an Other Financing Source. Issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. Deferred gains on refunding are capitalized and amortized over the life of the refunding in the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

In the Government-wide Financial Statements bond premiums are reported on the Statement of Net Position net of amortization and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bond proceeds have been reported in the Government-wide Financial Statements as a long-term liability.

The current cost of other post-employment benefits is recognized in the fund financial statements in the year earned. However due to the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75 - *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post-Employment Benefits Other than Pensions*, the School Board has recognized the full liability in the Government-wide Financial Statements. See Note 9 for additional information.

The School Board's proportionate share of state multi-employer, defined-benefit retirement plan net pension liabilities is included in reported long-term liabilities. The reported net pension liability is determined on the accrual basis which is the same as reported by the state retirement plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

N. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School Board has three types of items that qualifies for reporting in this category. One item is deferred charges on refunding, which results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its requisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. In the Statement of Net Position, the net investment in capital assets includes the effect of deferring the recognized as expense and decrease in net investment in capital assets over the remaining life of the bonds. The school board had deferred outflows related to other post-employment benefits. See Note 9 for additional information.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenues) until that time. The School Board has two items that qualifies for reporting in this category, which one is deferred inflows related to pensions. See Note 8 for additional information. The other deferred inflows is related to other post-employment benefits; see Note 9 for additional information.

O. Equity Classifications

Government-wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

Equity is classified as "net position" in the Government-wide Financial Statements. Net position is the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources. Net position is shown in three classifications in the Statement of Net Position:

- <u>Net investment in capital assets</u> Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced generally by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- <u>Restricted Net Position</u> Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use whether by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The following net positions are considered restricted through enabling legislation:

- Debt service resources from sales and use taxes and ad valorem taxes levied specifically to meet the principal and interest payments of various general obligation and revenue bond issues via an approved public referendum in accordance with state law and bond covenants with investors. The total amount restricted for this purpose was \$22,911,865.
- Available resources from sales taxes specifically dedicated by taxing propositions approved by voters for the payment of supplemental salaries and benefits to employees. The total amount restricted for this purpose was \$13,171,597.
- Investments held by the Louisiana Workforce Commission as surety for payment of workers compensation claims of self-insured employers, as promulgated under Louisiana Revised Statute 23:1168. The total amount held for this purpose was \$625,000.
- <u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> All other net positions that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investments in capital assets".

Sometimes the School Board will make expenditures for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as *restricted* - net position and *unrestricted* - net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the School Board's practice to consider *restricted* - net position to have been depleted before *unrestricted* - net position is applied.

Fund Financial Statements (FFS)

In the fund financial statements, equity is classified as "fund balance". Fund balance is the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources. GASB Standards require the fund balance amounts to be reported within the fund balance categories as follows:

- <u>Non-spendable</u>: Fund balance that is not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. This category includes items that are not easily converted to cash such as inventories and prepaid items.
- <u>Restricted</u>: Fund balance that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.
- <u>Committed</u>: Fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes determined by the School Board's highest level of decision making authority. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit the funds. Committed fund balance is the result of action taken by the School Board in a School Board meeting committing the funds, usually in the form of a resolution.
- <u>Assigned</u>: Fund balance that is constrained by the School Board's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The Superintendent has the authority to assign unrestricted fund balance amounts according to the fund balance policy where the School Board's intent is for those amounts to be used for specific purposes.
- <u>Unassigned</u>: Fund balance that is the residual classification for the general fund. A negative unassigned fund balance may be reported in other governmental funds if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed or assigned to those purposes.

Sometimes the School Board will make expenditures for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as *restricted, committed, assigned,* and *unassigned* fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the School Board's practice to consider *restricted* fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of *unrestricted* fund balance. Further, when the components of *unrestricted* fund balance can be used for the same purpose, *committed* fund balance is depleted first, followed by *assigned* fund balance. *Unassigned* fund balance is applied last.

The School Board has established through board resolution unassigned fund balance requirements. The General Fund unassigned fund balance should be maintained between 10 and 15 percent of General Fund expenditures. If the unassigned fund balance decreases below the 10 percent minimum balance, excess expenditures should be made only for unanticipated or unforeseen nonrecurring items.

P. Sales and Use Taxes

The voters of Ouachita Parish have authorized the collection of four sales and use taxes for the benefit of the School Board.

<u>Supplemental Salaries-1968 Sales Tax (0.5%)</u> - This half-cent parish-wide sales and use tax is levied and collected jointly by the City of Monroe School Board and the Ouachita Parish School Board. The net proceeds of the tax are to be allocated and pro-rated between the two school boards annually on the basis of average daily enrollment for the preceding school year. The tax revenue is restricted to supplement other revenues available to the School Board for the payments of salaries in accordance with the taxing proposition and board resolutions.

<u>Supplemental Salaries-1995 Sales Tax (1.0%)</u> - This one-cent parish-wide sales and use tax is levied and collected by the School Board only, and is restricted to supplement other revenue available to the School Board for the exclusive purpose of providing teacher and school employees' salaries and benefits in accordance with the taxing proposition.

<u>District No. 1 Sales Tax (0.5%)</u> - This half-cent parish-wide sales and use tax is levied and collected by the School Board only for a 10-year period. This tax was renewed by voters in April 2021 for a 10-year period beginning January 1, 2022. The tax revenue is committed by an ordinance of the School Board to supplement other revenues available to the School Board for the following purposes:

- Thirty-six percent (36%) for classroom instruction,
- Twenty-three percent (23%) for capital improvements,
- Fifteen percent (15%) for facility and equipment support,
- Fourteen percent (14%) for the payment of mandated costs, and
- Twelve percent (12%) to restore salary reductions.

<u>West Ouachita Sales Tax (1.0%)</u> - This one-cent sales and use tax is a district tax is collected in the West Ouachita School District. The tax was originally authorized by voters on November 18, 1997 limited to a period of 27 years, but on March 28, 2015 voters in the taxing district extended the tax with no expiration date. The tax proceeds are used for constructing, acquiring, improving, equipping, furnishing, maintaining, and/or operating schools and school related facilities in the district, with the proceeds of the tax being subject to funding into bonds for capital improvements.

Q. Self-Insurance

The School Board is exposed to certain risks associated with damage to its property resulting from perils or theft, employee liabilities for benefits, earnings or work injury, general liabilities to third parties, and other risks related to professional errors and omissions. The School Board is covered through insurance policies for these risks. The School Board is also at risk from injuries to students, employees, and citizens incurred on our facilities through negligence and to employees being injured on the job. The School Board is partially self-insured for workers' compensation and general liability insurance coverage, and maintains policies with large deductibles for property and fleet vehicle insurance. The School Board currently has an excess insurance policy which covers individual workers' compensation claims and occurrences when an individual claim exceeds \$1,000,000, or in excess of \$1,000,000 for aggregate claims incurred during a policy year. The School Board's excess insurance policy for general liability covers individual occurrences when individual claims exceed \$2,000,000 or in excess of \$3,000,000 for aggregate claims. The School Board self-insures, or is responsible, for the costs of a claim up to these retention amounts. The School Board has not made any significant reductions in insurance coverage as well as no amounts of settlements have exceeded insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

Revenues that finance the operations of the Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund are considered operating revenues and include charges for services and insurance proceeds from losses. Revenues that are not derived directly from the operations of the self-insurance program are considered non-operating revenues and include earnings on investments. The School Board has increased the net position in the Internal Service Fund over the years with transfers from the General Fund in years surpluses were available to cover future catastrophic losses.

Expenses related to these insurance programs are recognized in the self-insurance fund as claims are incurred. A liability for unpaid and incurred-but-not-reported claims is based on the School Board's known claims and historical experience of claims reported after the fiscal year incurred. Third-party claims administrators process and investigate claims, assist in the payment of valid claims, estimate the liabilities for unpaid claims, and manage

the workers' compensation and general liability insurance program for the School Board. School Board personnel manage all other insurance programs.

During the fiscal year, total expenses for claims and insurance premiums related to the self-insurance programs were \$1,076,801. The School Board's claims liabilities at June 30 were:

	2023	2022
Claims liability at beginning of the year	\$ 1,458,374	\$ 1,881,317
Incurred claims and provisions for incurred but not reported	1,385,705	246,738
Claims payments	(1,307,239)	(669,681)
Claim liability at the end of the year	1,536,840	1,458,374
Claims liability due within one year	\$ 1,189,312	\$ 697,116

R. Budget and Budgetary Accounting

The School Board utilizes the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

In September, the Director of Business submits to the School Board proposed annual appropriated budgets for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and Debt Service Funds for the fiscal year commencing the prior July 1. However, the School Board does not submit a budget for the Student Activity Funds special revenue fund. A public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayer comments. Prior to September 15, the School Board legally enacts the budget through adoption. The only legal requirement is that the School Board adopt a balanced budget; that is, total budgeted revenues and other financing sources (including fund balance) must equal or exceed total budgeted expenditures and other financing uses. The budget is revised periodically throughout the school year, when deemed appropriate, but a balanced budget is always approved.

The General Fund budget is adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. Unencumbered appropriations in the General Fund lapse at the end of the fiscal year, whereas, encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the following year. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the School Board.

The Special Revenue Funds' budgets have annual appropriated budgets adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. Except for grant-oriented funds, unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year. Encumbered appropriations are utilized when goods or services are received. Grant-oriented fund budgets are adopted at the time the grant applications are approved by the grantor. Separate annual budgets are adopted for unencumbered appropriations of grant-oriented Special Revenue Funds at the beginning of the following fiscal year.

Debt Service Fund budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP, budget appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds and Debt Service Funds. All budgets are operational at the departmental or project level. The Superintendent and Director of Business of the School Board are authorized to transfer budget amounts between line item activity and between any functions of an individual fund; however, any supplemental appropriations that amend the total expenditures of any fund require School Board resolution. The effects of budget revisions passed during the year were insignificant to the budgets as originally approved.

S. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statement and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations in Individual Funds: The following individual funds had actual expenditures over budgeted expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2023:

Fund	Budget	<u>Actual</u>	Variance
General Fund	\$ 150,274,357	\$ 152,077,598	\$ (1,803,241)
West Ouachita Sales Tax	3,156,206	3,714,460	(558,254)
1995 Sales Tax 1%	19,928,972	19,955,848	(26,876)
1968 Sales Tax .5%	14,000,544	14,018,285	(17,741)
School Food Service	12,333,583	12,335,325	(1,742)
West Ouachita Debt Service	5,648,484	5,650,082	(1,598)
East Ouachita Debt Service	11,353,507	11,374,046	(20,539)

The budget variance in the general fund, School Food Service, and the debt service funds were the result of higher expenditures than expected in the last month of the fiscal year. The Sales Tax fund variances were in line with the budget. The variances in the Other Federal Programs and State Grants are variances in cost reimbursement funds.

Fund Deficits: The School Board had a deficit fund balance in the Education Stabilization fund of \$3,410 which will be cleared by activity in the next year.

3. Ad Valorem Taxes

All taxable property in Louisiana is required by law to be assessed annually at a percentage of its fair market value by the parish assessor, except for public utility property, which is assessed by the Louisiana Tax Commission. The 1974 Louisiana Constitution provides that land and residential property are to be assessed at 10% of fair market value; however, agricultural, horticultural, marsh lands, timber lands, and certain historic buildings are to be assessed at 15% of fair market value. Fair market values are determined by the elected assessor of the parish and are subject to review and final certification by the Louisiana Tax Commission. The assessor is required to reappraise all property every four years. Based on the reappraised value, the assessor will "roll forward" or "roll back" the tax millage to equal the prior year taxable amount. If the assessor "rolls back" the tax millage, the School Board has the option to "roll forward" the millage rate to the prior year's maximum rate. The School Board authorized the "roll forward" of the 2020 millage rate for the new reassessment period.

The Ouachita Parish Sheriff's Office bills and collects property taxes for the School Board. Collections are remitted to the School Board monthly.

Property Tax Calendar

Millage rates adopted	June 14, 2022
Tax bills mailed	November 7, 2023
Taxes due date	December 31, 2022
Lien date	June 5, 2023
Penalties and interest are added	January 1, 2023
Collection dates	November 2022 thru February 2023
Tax sale – 2022 delinquent	May 24, 2023
property	

Assessed values are established by the Ouachita Parish Tax Assessor each year on a uniform basis at the following ratios of assessed value to fair market value.

10% land	15% machinery
10% residential improvements	15% commercial improvements
15% industrial improvements	25% public service properties, excluding land

A revaluation of all property is required after 1978 to be completed no less than every four years. The last revaluation was completed for the roll of January 1, 2020. Total assessed value was \$1,467,038,583 for the 2022 calendar year for Ouachita Parish as a whole. Louisiana state law exempts the first \$75,000 of assessed value of a taxpayer's primary residence from parish property taxes. This homestead exemption was \$213,462,745 of the assessed value in calendar year 2022.

State law requires the Sheriff to collect property taxes in the calendar year in which the assessment is made. Property taxes become delinquent January 1 of the following year. If taxes are not paid by the due date, taxes bear interest at the rate of 1.25% per month until the taxes are paid. After notice is given to the delinquent taxpayers, the Sheriff is required by the *Constitution of the State of Louisiana* to sell the least quantity of property necessary to settle the taxes and interest owed.

State law requires the State Tax Commission to furnish the assessor with values for public service properties by September 1st each year to update the list of assessed value of taxable property. After the public service property valuations are received from the State Tax Commission, the tax roll is prepared by the tax assessor and approved by the State Tax Commission in November of each year. The amount of 2022 property taxes to be collected occurs in December 2022 and January and February 2023. All property taxes are recorded in the General Fund and in the East Ouachita Bond Debt Service Fund on the basis explained in Note 1.C. The School Board considers the lien date (January 1, 2023) as the date an enforceable legal claim occurs for 2022 property taxes. Property taxes are budgeted in the period for which the taxes are levied (budgeted). Accordingly, the 2022 property taxes are budgeted in the 2022-2023 fiscal year of the School Board.

Estimated uncollectible taxes are those taxes based on past experience which will not be collected in the subsequent year and are primarily due to subsequent adjustments to the tax roll. Historically, virtually all ad valorem taxes receivable were collected since they are secured by property. Therefore, there is no allowance for uncollectible taxes.

The following is a summary of authorized and levied (tax rate per \$1,000 Assessed Value) ad valorem taxes:

	Authorized <u>Millage</u>	Levied <u>Millage</u>	Expiration Date
Parish-wide taxes:	-	-	
Constitutional	5.18	5.18	Statutory
Maintenance and Operation	24.15	24.15	2031
Bond and interest:			
East Ouachita Bond	Variable	36.00	2034

Differences noted between authorized and levied millages are the result of the reassessment of taxable property required by Article 7, Section 23 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974.

4. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Deposits are stated at cost, which approximates fair value. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The fair value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties.

Custodial credit risk-cash and cash equivalents. The total cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2023 are summarized as follows:

Cash		
Demand deposits- checking		\$ 18,295,672
Certificates of deposit		 626,903
	Total Cash	18,922,575
Cash Equivalents		
U.S. Treasury		12,541,837
Louisiana Asset managemen	nt Pool (LAMP)	97,979,056
BlackRock Liquidity Fund		 42,188
	Total Cash Equivalents	110,563,081
	Total Deposits	\$ 129,485,656

At year-end, the School Board's carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents was \$129,485,656 and the bank balance was \$136,370,974.

Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1225 requires the School Board to insure its bank balances from loss against custodial credit risk. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School Board's deposits may not be returned. Bank balances were fully insured with \$2,510,648 of federal depository insurance (FDIC), \$23,167,765 of securities held as collateral by the trust department of agents of financial institutions in the name of the School Board at year-end, and \$110,692,561 secured through SIPC coverage or in 2a7-like investment pools.

The School Board participates in two separate 2a7-like investment pools, Louisiana Asset Management Pool, Inc. and BlackRock Liquidity Fund.

Louisiana Asset Management Pool, Inc. (LAMP)

Louisiana Asset Management Pool, Inc. (LAMP) s an external investment pool that is not SEC-registered. Because the LAMP is an arrangement sponsored by a type of governmental entity, it is exempt by statute from regulation by the SEC.

LAMP is administered by LAMP, Inc., a non-profit corporation organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana. Only local government entities having contracted to participate in LAMP have an investment interest in its pool of assets. The primary objective of LAMP is to provide a safe environment for the placement of public funds in short-term, high quality investments. The LAMP portfolio includes only securities and other obligations in which local governments in Louisiana are authorized to invest in accordance with LA-R.S. 33.2955.

GASB Statement No. 40 Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosure, requires disclosure of credit risk, custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk and foreign currency risk for all public entity investments.

LAMP is an investment pool that, to the extent practical, invests in a manner consistent with GASB Statement No. 79. The following facts are relevant for investment pools:

- <u>Credit risk:</u> LAMP is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.
- <u>Custodial credit risk:</u> LAMP participants' investments in the pool are evidenced by shares of the pool. Investments in pools should be disclosed, but not categorized because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book-entry form. The public entity's investment is with the pool, not the securities that make up the pool; therefore, no disclosure is required.
- <u>Concentration of credit risk:</u> Pooled investments are excluded from the 5 percent disclosure requirement.
- <u>Interest rate risk:</u> LAMP is designed to be highly liquid to give its participants immediate access to their account balances. LAMP prepares its own interest rate risk disclosure using the weighted average maturity (WAM) method. The WAM of LAMP assets is restricted to not more than 60 days and consists of no securities with a maturity in excess of 397 days or 762 days for U.S. government floating/variable rate investments.
- <u>Foreign currency risk:</u> Not applicable.

The investments in LAMP are stated at fair value. The fair value is determined on a weekly basis by LAMP and the value of the position in the external investment pool is the same as the net asset value of the pool shares. LAMP, Inc. is subject to the regulatory oversight of the state treasurer and the board of directors. LAMP is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. An annual audit of LAMP is conducted by an independent certified public accountant. The Legislative Auditor of the state of Louisiana has full access to the records of the LAMP.

LAMP issues financial reports. These financial reports can be obtained by writing: LAMP, Inc., 228 St. Charles Avenue, Suite 1123, New Orleans, LA 70130 or contact the LAMP administrative office at 800-249-5267.

5. Investments

The School Board's investment policy allows idle funds to be invested in accordance with the following objectives: (a) first priority shall be to secure safety of principle, (b) the second priority shall be to ensure liquidity of funds to meet the obligations of the School Board, and (c) the third priority shall be the yield of investments. Further, Louisiana Revised Statute (LRS) 33:2955 limits the School Board and other political subdivisions to the following investments instruments: Direct U.S. treasury obligations; obligations of U.S. government agencies; obligations issued or guaranteed by U.S. government instrumentalities, which are federally sponsored (GSEs); direct security repurchase agreements; certificates of deposits; mutual funds registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission whose investment portfolio); obligations of state and local governments provided certain conditions are met; investment grade (A-1/P-1) commercial paper of domestic U.S. corporations. Investment in collateralized mortgage obligations stripped into interest only or principal only obligations, inverse floaters, or structured notes and any obligations issued by the School Board itself are prohibited.

Investments in the School District No. 1 QSCB Sinking Fund are required by the authorizing bond resolution and the Qualified School Construction Bond program to be in securities unconditionally guaranteed by the U.S. government. Those investments are currently in U.S. Treasury Securities - State and Local Government Series (SLGS) and Federated U.S. Treasury Cash Reserves. Investments have maturity dates in October 2024 when the full amount of the principal will come due for payment to bond holders.

As of June 30, 2023, the School Board had its assets in U. S. agency securities, money market instruments and other government securities managed by four separate financial institutions. The accounts managed by four separate financial institutions have a fair value of \$58,077,659.

Investments are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Recurring fair value measurements are those that Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements require or permit in the statement of net position at the end of each reporting period. Fair value measurements are categorized based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in the active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs, which is provided by the financial institution; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments' fair value measurements are as follows at June 30, 2023:

				Percentage	Fair Market	
		Matures in $<$	Matures in 1	of	Value	Valuation
Type of Investment	Fair Value	1 Year	to 5 Years	Investment	Hierarchy	Technique
U.S. Government Bonds	\$ 8,576,436	\$ -	\$ 8,576,436	15%	Level 1	Not applicable
U.S. Treasury SLGS	8,666,666	-	8,666,666	15%	Level 1	Market approach
U.S. Treasury Notes	40,834,557	28,592,413	12,242,144	70%	Level 1	Not applicable
Total investments	\$ 58,077,659	\$ 28,592,413	\$ 29,485,246	100%		

Interest Rate Risk: The School Board's policy does not address interest rate risk.

<u>Credit Rate Risk:</u> State law limits investments to securities issued, guaranteed, or backed by the U.S. Treasury, the U.S. Government, or one of its agencies. Even though the School Board adheres to the state regulations, the School Board's policy does not address credit rate risk.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk-Investments</u>: For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counter party, the School Board will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School Board does maintain investment accounts at a financial institution. The School Board's policy does not address custodial credit risk.

6. Receivables

The receivables of \$26,649,223 at June 30, 2023, as reported in the Fund Financial Statements are as follows:

	(General	 ool District 1 Sales Tax		t Ouachita ales Tax	Education Stabilization	Nonmajor Governmental	Internal vice Funds	Total
Intergovernmental - grants									
Federal	\$	134,355	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 9,084,992	\$ 5,326,277	\$ -	\$14,545,624
State		-	-		-	-	585,437	-	585,437
Local sources:							-		
Ad Valorem		28,448	-		-	-	3,192	-	31,640
Sales tax		-	1,765,351	4	2,813,485	-	5,927,811	-	10,506,647
Other		174,877	 -		75,000	29,883	5,189	 694,926	979,875
Total	\$	337,680	\$ 1,765,351	\$ 2	2,888,485	\$ 9,114,875	\$11,847,906	\$ 694,926	\$26,649,223

All governmental receivables are expected to be received in full and therefore, no allowance for doubtful accounts is recorded. However, the amount reported in West Ouachita Sales Tax fund as local sources – other for \$75,000 is an accounts receivable from West Monroe High School to reimburse the School Board for new turf installation at the school. The School is to reimburse the School Board \$75,000 in the next year.

7. Capital Assets

The changes in capital assets during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 were as follows:

	Balance			Balance
Governmental Activities:	Beginning	Additions	Deletions	Ending
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 11,082,883	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,082,883
Construction-in-progress	19,533,432	21,838,851	18,710,907	22,661,376
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	30,616,315	21,838,851	18,710,907	33,744,259
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	25,380,138	508,290	-	25,888,428
Buildings and improvements	383,391,864	18,916,579	5,221	402,303,222
Furniture and equipment	31,845,544	2,989,622	767,870	34,067,296
Total capital assets, being depreciated	440,617,546	22,414,491	773,091	462,258,946
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	(7,975,638)	(1,266,133)	-	(9,241,771)
Buildings and improvements	(181,938,158)	(8,999,514)	(200)	(190,937,472)
Furniture and equipment	(24,815,302)	(1,460,447)	(766,633)	(25,509,116)
Total accumulated depreciation	(214,729,098)	(11,726,094)	(766,833)	(225,688,359)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	225,888,448	10,688,397	6,258	236,570,587
Capital assets, being amortized:				
Intangibles	869,257	-	31,265	837,992
Less accumulated amortization:				
Intangibles	(797,016)	(54,724)	(31,265)	(820,475)
Total capital assets, being amortized, net	72,241	(54,724)	-	17,517
Total governmental activities,				
capital assets, net	\$ 256,577,004	\$ 32,472,524	\$ 18,717,165	\$ 270,332,363

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

	Depreciation Expense	Amortization Expense
Instructional services:		
Regular programs	\$ 10,059,355	\$ -
Special education programs	10,358	-
Vocational programs	20,869	5,321
Other instructional programs	118,909	-
Special programs	49,905	-
Support services:		
Student services	8,307	-
Instructional staff support	9,325	-
General administration	1,456	-
Business services	24,065	936
Plant services	565,734	-
Student transportation services	657,735	-
Central services	78,320	48,467
Non-instructional services:		
Food services	121,756	-
Total depreciation and amortization expense	\$ 11,726,094	\$ 54,724

8. Pension Plans

The School Board is a participating employer in two statewide, public employee retirement systems, the Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System (LSERS) and the Teacher's Retirement System of Louisiana (TRSL). Both systems have separate boards of trustees and administer cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans, including classes of employees with different benefits and contribution rates (sub-plans). Article X, Section 29(F) of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions of all sub-plans administered by these systems to the State Legislature. Each system issues a public report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of these reports for LSERS and TRSL may be obtained at <u>www.lsers.net</u> and <u>www.trsl.org</u>, respectively.

TRSL also administers an optional retirement plan (ORP), which was created by Louisiana Revised Statute 11:921-931 for academic and administrative employees of public institutions of higher education and is considered a defined contribution plan (see Optional Retirement Plan note below). A portion of the employer contributions for ORP plan members is dedicated to the unfunded accrued liability of the TRSL defined benefit plan.

General Information about the Pension Plans

Plan Descriptions/Benefits Provided:

Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System: LSERS administers a plan to provide retirement, disability, and survivor's benefits to non-teacher school employees excluding those classified as lunch workers and their beneficiaries as defined in R.S. 11:1001. The age and years of creditable service (service) required in order for a member to receive retirement benefits are established by R.S. 11:1141-1153 and vary depending on the member's hire date.

A member who joined the system on or after July 1, 2015 is eligible for normal retirement if he has at least 5 years of creditable service and is at least age 62. A member who joined between July 1, 2010 and June 30, 2015 is

eligible for normal retirement if he has at least 5 years of creditable service and is at least age 60. A member who joined the system on or before June 30, 2010 is eligible for normal retirement if he has at least 30 years of creditable service regardless of age, 25 years of creditable service and is at least age 55, or 10 years of creditable service and is at least age 60. All members are eligible for retirement with 20 years of creditable service regardless of age with an actuarially reduced benefit.

For members who joined the system prior to July 1, 2006, the maximum retirement benefit is an amount equal to 3 1/3% of the average compensation for the 3 highest consecutive years of membership service, subject to the 10% salary limitation, multiplied by the number of years of service limited to 100% of final average compensation plus a supplementary allowance of \$2.00 per month for each year of service. For members who joined the system on or after July 1, 2006 through June 30, 2010, 3 1/3% of the average compensation is used to calculate benefits, however, the calculation consists of the five highest consecutive years of membership service, subject to the 10% salary limitation. For members who joined the system on or after July 1, 2010, 2 ½% of the average compensation is used to calculate benefits and consists of the five highest consecutive years' average salary, subject to the 15% salary limitation. The supplemental allowance was eliminated for members entering the plan on or after July 1, 1986. Effective January 1, 1992, the supplemental allowance was reinstated to all members whose service retirement became effective after July 1, 1971.

A member is eligible to retire and receive disability benefits if the member has at least 5 years of creditable service, is not eligible for normal retirement and has become totally and permanently disabled and is certified as disabled by the Medical Board. A vested person with twenty or more years of creditable service who has withdrawn from active service prior to the age at which that person is eligible for retirement benefits, is eligible for a disability benefit until normal retirement age. A member who joins the system on or after July 1, 2006, must have at least 10 years of service to qualify for disability benefits. Upon the death of a member with five or more years of creditable service, the plan provides benefits for surviving spouses and minor children. Under certain conditions outlined in the statutes, a spouse is entitled to 75% of the member's benefit.

<u>Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana:</u> TRSL administers a plan to provide retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to employees who meet the legal definition of a "teacher" as provided for in R.S 11:701. Eligibility for retirement benefits and the calculation of retirement benefits are provided for in R.S. 11:761. Statutory changes closed existing, and created new, sub-plans for members hired on or after January 1, 2011 and July 1, 2015.

Most members are eligible to receive retirement benefits 1) at the age of 60 with 5 years of service, 2) at the age of 55 with at least 25 years of service, or 3) at any age with at least 30 years of service. For members joining on or after July 1, 2015, retirement benefits are paid at age 62 with at least 5 years of service credit. Members may retire with an actuarially reduced benefit with 20 years of service credit. Retirement benefits are calculated by applying a percentage ranging from 2% to 3% of final average salary multiplied by years of service. Average compensation is defined as the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 36 consecutive months of employment for members employed prior to January 1, 2011, or highest 60 consecutive months of employment for members employed after that date.

Under R.S. 11:778 and 11:779, members who have suffered a qualified disability are eligible for disability benefits if employed prior to January 1, 2011 and attained at least 5 years of service or if employed on or after January 1, 2011 and attained at least 10 years of service. Members employed prior to January 1, 2011 receive disability benefits equal to $2\frac{1}{2}\%$ of average compensation multiplied by the years of service, but not more than 50% of average compensation subject to statutory minimums. Members employed on or after January 1, 2011 receive disability benefits equivalent to the regular retirement formula without reduction by reason of age.

Survivor benefits are provided for in R.S. 11:762. In order for survivor benefits to be paid, the deceased member must have been an active member at the time of death and must have a minimum of five years of service, at least two of which were earned immediately prior to death, or must have had a minimum of twenty years of service regardless of when earned in order for a benefit to be paid to a minor or handicapped child. Survivor benefits are equal to 50% of the benefit to which the member would have been entitled if retired on the date of death using a factor of $2\frac{1}{2}\%$ regardless of years of service or age, or \$600 per month, whichever is greater. Benefits are payable to an unmarried child until age 21, or age 23 if the child remains a full-time student. The minimum service credit requirement is ten years for a surviving spouse with no minor children, and benefits are to be paid for life to the spouse or a qualified handicapped child.

Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP)

In lieu of terminating employment and accepting a service retirement, an eligible LSERS or TRSL member can begin participation in the DROP on the first retirement eligibility date for a period not to exceed 3 years. A member has a 60 day window from his first eligible date to participate in the program in order to participate for the maximum number of years. Delayed participation reduces the three year maximum participation period. During participation, benefits otherwise payable are fixed, and deposited in an individual DROP account. Upon termination of DROP participation, the member can continue employment and earn additional benefit accruals to be added to the fixed pre-DROP benefit. Upon termination of employment, the member is entitled to the fixed benefit, an additional benefit based on post-DROP service (if any), and the individual DROP account balance which can be paid in a lump sum or an additional annuity based upon the account balance.

Cost of Living Adjustments

As fully described in Title 11 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes, LSERS and TRSL allow for the payment of permanent benefit increases, also known as cost of living adjustments, or COLAs, that are funded through investment earnings when recommended by the board of trustees and approved by the Legislature. These ad hoc COLAs are not considered to be substantively automatic.

Contributions

Article X, Section 29(E)(2)(a) of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974 assigns the Legislature the authority to determine employee contributions. Employer contributions are actuarially determined using statutorily established methods on an annual basis and are constitutionally required to cover the employer's portion of the normal cost and provide for the amortization of the unfunded accrued liability. Employer contributions are adopted by the Legislature annually upon recommendation of the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee. For those members participating in the TRSL defined contribution ORP, a portion of the employer contributions are used to fund the TRSL defined benefit plans' unfunded accrual liability.

Employer contributions to LSERS for fiscal year 2023 were \$4,305,852, with active member contributions ranging from 7.5% to 8%, and employer contributions of 27.6%. Employer defined benefit plan contributions to TRSL for fiscal year 2023 were \$27,650,199, with active member contributions of 8%, and employer contributions of 24.8%. Non-employer contributions to TRSL, which are comprised of \$888,818 from ad valorem taxes and revenue sharing funds and \$4,630 in pension contributions regarding Professional Improvement Program from the State of Louisiana for fiscal year 2023. These non-employer contributions were recorded as revenue and were used as employer contributions.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At June 30, 2023, the School Board reported liabilities of \$29,283,214 and \$187,596,342 under LSERS and TRSL, respectively, for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability (NPL). This liability will be liquidated by the general fund and special revenue funds with recorded salaries. The NPL for LSERS and TRSL was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liabilities used to calculate the NPL were determined by actuarial valuations as of that date. The School Board's proportions of the NPL were based on projections of the School Board's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contribution of all participating employers, actuarially determined. As of June 30, 2022, the most recent measurement date, the School Board's proportions and the changes in proportion from the prior measurement date were 4.403508%, or an increase of 0.360617% for LSERS and 1.96492% or an increase of 0.03737% for TRSL.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the School Board recognized a total pension expense of \$24,130,289, or \$5,237,614 and \$18,892,675 or LSERS and TRSL, respectively. The School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions as components of unrestricted net position from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows					
	LSERS	TRSL	Total	LSERS	TRSL	Total
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 693,350	\$ 2,907,678	\$ 3,601,028	\$ -	\$ 541,009	\$ 541,009
Changes of assumptions	1,056,335	12,653,279	13,709,614	-	-	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	10,645,856	10,645,856	754,287	-	754,287
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	1,626,667	5,502,634	7,129,301	25,503	4,009,034	4,034,537
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	4,305,852	27,650,199	31,956,051			<u> </u>
Total	\$ 7,682,204	\$ 59,359,646	\$ 67,041,850	\$ 779,790	\$ 4,550,043	\$ 5,329,833

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the School Board's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the LSERS and TRSL NPL in the year ended June 30, 2024.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	LSERS	TRSL	Total
2024	\$ 1,947,112	\$ 5,420,659	\$ 7,367,771
2025	884,918	4,498,229	5,383,147
2026	(1,693,115)	(2,277,986)	(3,971,101)
2027	 1,457,647	 19,518,502	 20,976,149
	\$ 2,596,562	\$ 27,159,404	\$ 29,755,966

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liabilities for LSERS and TRSL in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurements:

	LSERS	TRSL	
Valuation Date	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2022	
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal	
Expected Remaining Service Lives	3 years	5 years	
Investment Rate of Return	6.8% per annum	7.25%, net of investment exp.	
Inflation Rate	2.5% per annum	2.3% per annum	
Mortality - Non-disabled	Active member: RP-2014 Employee Table with Blue Collar Adjustment, 130% for males and 115% for females, each with the full generational MP- 2017 scale. Retiree: RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Table with Blue Collar Adjustment, 130% for males and 115% for females, each with the full generational MP-2017 scale.	Active members - RP-2014 White Collar Employee tables, adjusted by 1.010 for males and by .997 for females. Non- disabled retiree/inactive members - RP- 2014 White Collar Healthy Annuitant tables, adjusted by 1.366 for males and by 1.189 for females.	
Mortality - Disabled	RP-2014 Total Dataset Disabled Tables for males and females, with the full generational MP2017 scale.	Disability retiree mortality - RP-2014 Disability tables, adjusted by 1.111 for males and by 1.134 for females.	
Termination, Disability, Retirement	2013-2017 experience study	July 1, 2012 - June 30, 2017 experience study	
Salary Increases	3.25%	3.1% - 4.6% varies depending on duration of service	
Cost of Living Adjustments	Not substantively automatic	Not substantively automatic	

For LSERS the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a triangulation method which integrated the CAPM pricing model (top-down), a treasury yield curve approach (bottom-up) and an equity building-block model (bottom-up). Risk return and correlations are projected on a forward looking basis in equilibrium, in which best-estimates of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These rates are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification.

For TRSL, the long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building-block method in which bestestimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification. The resulting

long-term geometric nominal expected rates of return are 8.32% for 2022. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation are summarized for each plan in the following table:

		LT Expected Real
	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
TRSL (arithmetic)		
Domestic equity	27.00%	4.15%
International equity	19.00%	5.16%
Domestic fixed income	13.00%	0.85%
International fixed income	5.50%	-0.10%
Private assets	25.50%	8.15%
Other private assets	10.00%	3.72%
Total	100.00%	
LSERS (arithmetic)		
Fixed income	26.00%	0.73%
Equity	39.00%	2.67%
Alternatives	23.00%	1.85%
Real estate	12.00%	0.62%
Total	100.00%	5.87%
Inflation		2.30%
Expected arithmetic nominal return		8.17%

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.8% for LSERS and 7.25% for TRSL. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions from participating employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The LSERS discount rate used in the June 30, 2022 net pension liability valuation was decreased from the 6.9% used in the June 30, 2021 valuation to 6.8%. The TRSL discount rate used in the June 30, 2022 net pension liability valuation was decreased from the 7.4% used in the June 30, 2021 valuation to 7.25%.

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of the NPL to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the School Board's proportionate share of the NPL for LSERS and TRSL using the current discount rate as well as what the School Board's proportionate share of the NPL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current rate:

		Current	
	1.0% Decrease	Discount Rate	1.0% Increase
LSERS	\$ 40,951,209	\$ 29,283,214	\$ 19,310,518
TRSL	257,634,225	187,596,342	124,000,157

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about LSERS and TRSL fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial reports referenced above.

Payables to the Pension Plan. At June 30, 2023, the School Board had \$1,009,698 and \$9,441,429 in payables to LSERS and TRSL, respectively, for the June 2023 employee and employer legally required contributions.

Optional Retirement Plan

TRSL administers an optional retirement plan (ORP), which was created by R.S. 11:921-931 for academic and administrative employees of public institutions of higher education. The purpose of the optional retirement plan is to provide retirement and death benefits to the participants while affording the maximum portability of these benefits to the participants. The optional retirement plan is a defined contribution plan that provides for full and immediate vesting of all contributions remitted to the participating companies on behalf of the participants. Eligible employees make an irrevocable election to participate in the optional retirement plan rather than the TRSL and purchase retirement and death benefits through contracts provided by designated companies. Benefits payable to participants are not the obligation of the State of Louisiana or the TRSL. Such benefits and other rights of the ORP are the liability and responsibility solely of the designated company or companies to whom contributions have been made.

R.S. 11:927 sets the contribution requirements of the ORP plan members and the employer equal to the contribution rates established for the regular retirement plan of TRSL. However, effective July 1, 2014, the employer contribution rate for amounts credited to the ORP participants who are not employed in higher education must be the greater of: (1) the employer normal cost contribution for the TRSL Regular Plan; or (2) 6.2%.

Employer ORP contributions to TRSL for fiscal year 2023 totaled \$272,020, which represents pension expense for the School Board. Employee contributions totaled \$80,095. The Active member and employer contribution rates were 8% and 6.2%, respectively, with an additional employer contribution of 20.8% made to the TRSL defined benefit plan described above.

9. Other Post-Employment Benefits

<u>Plan description</u> - In accordance with state statutes, the School Board provides certain continuing health care and life insurance benefits for its retired employees on a pay-as-you-go basis. The School Board's OPEB Plan is a single-employer defined benefit "substantive plan" as understood by past practices of the School Board and its employees. Although no written plan or trust currently exists or is sanctioned by law, the OPEB plan is based on communication to plan members. Also, no stand-alone financial report was prepared. Substantially all of the School Board's employees become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the School Board. These benefits and similar benefits for active employees are provided through the Office of Group Benefits (OGB) is an insurer that offers benefits through a cost-sharing, multiemployer defined benefit plan. The School Board also pays the costs of life insurance for qualified individuals. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Benefits Provided and Funding Policy - The contribution requirements of plan members and the School Board are established and may be amended by LRS 42:801-883. Employees do not contribute to their post-employment benefits cost until they become retirees and begin receiving those benefits. The retirees contribute to the cost of retiree healthcare based on a rate schedule. Contribution amounts are approximately 25% retiree/75% employer of the stated costs of healthcare coverage. For life insurance benefits, the School Board contributes 50% of the OGB life premium for participants in the OGB plan. If the OGB life participant is also enrolled in Kanawha life/Dearborn National, then the School Board will contribute 50% of the higher of the OGB premium or the Kanawha premium, up to a maximum of \$27 per month.

Changes in Benefit Terms - Effective January 1, 2019, the School Board terminated the additional life insurance coverage with Kanawha. Coverage was moved to Dearborn National. Coverage for retirees on or after January 1, 2019 was eliminated.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms - At June 30, 2023, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	Medical Insurance	Life Insurance
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	1,146	303
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	0	0
Active employees	1,924	240
Total	3,070	543

Total OPEB Liability - The School Board's total OPEB liability of \$209,620,870 was measured as of June 30, 2023 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2022. The OPEB liability will be liquidated by the general fund and special revenue funds with recorded salaries.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs - The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial method	Entry age normal cost - Level percentage of projected salary
Discount rate	3.86% based on the Fidelity General Obligation AA 20-Year Yield
Heathcare trend	The expected rate of increase in healthcare costs was 5.75% for Pre-65 and Post-65 graduated down to a rate of 4.5% for both. Upon reaching Medicare eligibility, 70% of current and future retirees are assumed to continue benefits.
Mortality	PubG.H-2010 (general employees) and PubT.H-2010 (teachers) Employee Mortality Table, Generational with Projection Scale MP-2021 for males and females. Mortality rates for retirees were based on the PubT.H 2010 Healthy Retiree Mortality Table, Generational with Projection Scale MP-2021 for males or females.
Tumover	Employee turnover under TRSL ranges from 25% at ages 18- 22 with < 1 year of service to 10% at ages 59+ with 4+ years of service. Employee turnover under LSERS ranges from 7% at < 1 year of service to 1% at >28 years of service.
Retirement rates	Employee retirement under TRSL ranges from 3.5% at age $38-44$ with < 25 years of service to 22.5% at ages $66-74$ with $30+$ years of service. Employee retirement under LSERS ranges from 17% at ages $46-50$ to 23% at age 75 .
Disability rates	Employee disability under TRSL ranges from .01% at ages 18-22 to .29% at ages 66-75. Employee disability under LSERS ranges from .083% at ages 18-22 to 2.684% at ages 66-75.
Salary increase	3.00%
Inflation	3.00%

No salary experience studies were conducted. The School Board contributed \$10,537,854 on a pay-as-you-go basis.

<u>Changes in the Total OPEB Liability</u> - The School Board's changes in total OPEB Liability for June 30, 2023 is as follows:

	Total OPEB Liability		
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$	207,346,588	
Changes for the year:			
Service cost		1,197,028	
Interest	7,496,364		
Differences between expected and actual			
experience		4,734,036	
Changes in assumptions/inputs		(615,292)	
Benefit payments		(10,537,854)	
Net changes		2,274,282	
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$	209,620,870	

<u>Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u> - The following presents the total OPEB liability of the School Board, as well as what the School Board's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower and one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease		Di	iscount Rate	1	% Increase
		(2.86%)		(3.86%)		(4.86%)
Total OPEB liability	\$	239,233,539	\$	209,620,870	\$	185,600,660

<u>Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates</u> - The following presents the total OPEB liability of the School Board, as well as what the School Board's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower and one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Current Trend					
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase				
Total OPEB liability	\$ 185,615,184	\$ 209,620,870	\$ 238,857,789				

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB - For the year ended June 30, 2023, the School Board recognized an OPEB benefit of \$(3,288,697). At June 30, 2023, the School Board reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred				
	Outflows of	Deferred Inflows			
	Resources	ofResources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 9,653,856	\$ 7,052,739			
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	10,717,040	31,538,432			
Total	\$ 20,370,896	\$ 38,591,171			

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	
2024	\$ (11,982,090)
2025	(7,267,871)
2026	 1,029,686
	\$ (18,220,275)

10. General Long-Term Obligations

The general obligation bonds are obligations of East Ouachita Bond District, with maturities from 2022 to 2040 and interest rates from 0.51% to 5.0%. General obligation bonds' principal and interest requirements are funded in accordance with Louisiana law by the annual ad valorem tax levy on taxable property within the respective taxing districts. In accordance with Louisiana Revised Statute 39:562, the School Board is legally restricted from incurring long-term general obligation bonded debt in excess of 50% of the total assessed value of all property in the taxing district. Although the total assessed value of Ouachita Parish is \$1,467,038,583 as a whole at June 30, 2023, the statutory limit and debt margins for the School Board's taxing districts are as follows:

	East Ouachita	Total OPSB
	Bond District	Authority
Assessed Value	\$ 402,907,935	\$ 1,020,747,041
50% of assessed value	201,453,968	510,373,521
Less: Outstanding general obligation bonds	(115,250,000)	(115,250,000)
Less: Bond premiums	(9,943,164)	(9,553,964)
Plus: Amount set aside for general obligation debt	11,511,724	11,511,724
Debt Margin	\$ 87,772,528	\$ 397,081,281

The School Board's East Ouachita Bond District has \$11,511,724 available in debt service funds as of June 30, 2023.

The individual bond issues for the governmental activities are as follows:

Original Issue	Issue Date	Original Borrowing	Interest Rates to Maturity	Interest to Maturity	Fiscal Year Final Maturity	Outstanding June 30, 2023	
General obligation bonds:							
Public Offering:							
New middle school/Capital Improvements - East Ouachita	7/29/2014	\$ 9,800,000	2.00%-3.50%	\$ 1,328,378	2034	\$ 6,355,000	
Capital Improvements - East Ouachita, Refunding	7/31/2014	9,230,000	0.51%-3.62%	108,788	2025	2,025,000	
New middle school/Capital Improvements - East Ouachita	2/26/2015	18,700,000	3.00%-5.00%	2,420,150	2034	12,510,000	
Capital Improvements- East Ouachita, Refunding	3/29/2016	12,330,000	2.00%-4.00%	34,900	2024	1,745,000	
Capital Improvement - East Ouachita, Refunding	7/27/2016	20,840,000	2.00%-4.00%	3,298,200	2033	15,015,000	
Capital Improvements - East Ouachita	11/5/2020	21,795,000	2.00%-4.00%	8,805,850	2040	21,495,000	
Capital Improvements - East Ouachita, 2022 Series	3/24/2022	20,205,000	3.00%-4.00%	8,727,150	2042	19,525,000	
Capital Improvements - East Ouachita, 2023 Series	3/1/2023	20,000,000	5.00%	11,989,700	2043	20,000,000	
Direct Borrowing and Private Placement:							
Capital Improvement - East Ouachita, Refunding	9/26/2017	7,330,000	2.69%	1,019,510	2033	5,930,000	
Capital Improvement - East Ouachita, Refunding	12/3/2020	6,225,000	1.50%	354,150	2031	5,110,000	
Capital Improvement - East Ouachita, Refunding	5/5/2021	6,080,000	2.04%	594,048	2032	5,540,000	
Total general obligation bonds				\$ 38,680,824	-	\$ 115,250,000	
		Original	Interest Rates	Interest to	= Fiscal Year Final	Outstanding	
Original Issue	Issue Date	Borrowing	to Maturity	Maturity	Maturity	June 30, 2023	
Revenue bonds:							
Public Offering:							
Capital Improvements - West Ouachita	8/20/2015	\$ 20,000,000	2.00%-5.00%	\$ 4,012,594	2035	\$ 16,420,000	
Capital Improvements - West Ouachita, Refunding	11/30/2016	9,865,000	2.00%-5.00%	163,875	2025	3,775,000	
Direct Borrowing and Private Placement:							
Capital Improvements - West Ouachita, Refunding	12/30/2019	8,670,000	2.05%	23,473	2024	2,290,000	
Capital Improvements - West Ouachita, Refunding	12/21/2020	3,575,000	0.85%	28,071	2025	2,585,000	
Total revenue bonds				\$ 4,228,013	3	\$ 25,070,000	
Original Issue	Issue Date	Original Borrowing	Interest Rates to Maturity	Interest to Maturity	– Fiscal Year Final Maturity	Outstanding June 30, 2023	
Qualified School Construction Bonds:							
Direct Borrowing and Private Placement:							
Capital Improvements-West Ouachita	11/9/2009	\$ 10,000,000	0.60%	\$ 120,000	2025	\$ 10,000,000	
Total Qualified School Construction Bonds				\$ 120,000	=	\$ 10,000,000	
Total bonded debt				\$ 43,028,837	=	\$ 150,320,000	
						¢ 110.075.000	
Total public offerings				\$ 40,889,585		\$ 118,865,000	
Total public offerings Total direct borrowings and private placement				\$ 40,889,585 2,139,252		\$ 118,865,000 31,455,000	

	Direct Borrowings and Private								
		Public Offer	rings			Placemen	t		
Year Ended]	Interest			Ir	iterest	
June 30,	Princ	Principal Payments Payments		ayments	Princi	pal Payments	Payments		 Total
2024	\$	8,885,000	\$	4,600,834	\$	4,410,000	\$	452,184	\$ 18,348,018
2025		8,960,000		4,267,899		13,615,000		386,506	27,229,405
2026		6,710,000		3,957,510		1,660,000		285,532	12,613,042
2027		6,985,000		3,709,635		1,720,000		251,901	12,666,536
2028		7,280,000		3,453,500		1,775,000		217,025	12,725,525
2029-2033		39,855,000		12,915,413		7,625,000		528,619	60,924,032
2034-2038		24,295,000		6,167,144		650,000		17,485	31,129,629
2039-2043		15,895,000		1,817,650		-		-	 17,712,650
Total	\$	118,865,000	\$	40,889,585	\$	31,455,000	\$	2,139,252	\$ 193,348,837

Bond principal and interest are due in total, to maturity, as follows:

The following is a summary of governmental activities long-term obligation transactions for the year ended June 30, 2023:

Long-term Obligations	Balance, Beginning			,			 Balance, Ending	Amounts Due within One Year		
General obligation bonds	\$	84,690,000	\$	20,000,000	\$	6,020,000	\$ 98,670,000	\$	6,860,000	
Revenue bonds		22,145,000		-		1,950,000	20,195,000		2,025,000	
Direct borrowings and private placements		35,760,000		-		4,305,000	31,455,000		4,410,000	
Bond premiums		8,316,089		2,521,212		894,137	9,943,164		-	
Claims liability		1,458,374		1,385,705		1,307,239	1,536,840		1,189,312	
Compensated absences		7,516,233		3,885,603		3,958,314	7,443,522		3,958,314	
Sales tax refund payable		511,564		-		47,589	 463,975		47,589	
Total	\$	160,397,260	\$	27,792,520	\$	18,482,279	\$ 169,707,501	\$	18,490,215	

For the sales tax refund payable, see Note 18 for additional information.

Payments on the general obligation bonds payable that pertain to the School Board's governmental activities are made by the East Ouachita Debt Service Fund. Payments on the revenue bonds payable that pertain to the School Board's governmental activities are funded by transfers from the West Ouachita Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund to the West Ouachita Debt Service Fund. The compensated absences liability attributable to the governmental activities will be liquidated by the School Board's General Fund. Claims liability will be liquidated by internal service funds. The sales tax refund payable will be liquidated from revenues collected from respective taxes in the period payments come due.

11. Interfund Assets/Liabilities (FFS level only)

Individual balances due to/from other funds at June 30, 2023 were as follows:

<u>Receivable Fund</u>	<u>Payable Fund</u>	
General Fund	Education Stabilization	\$ 5,105,466
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental	3,441,968
General Fund	Internal Service	 625,663
		\$ 9,173,097

The interfund receivable/payable balance between the general fund and nonmajor governmental funds is to cover expenditures for cost reimbursement programs until reimbursements are received. The payable from the Internal

Service fund is an insurance deposit for ice storm damage that was recorded as a general liability insurance reimbursement. All interfund balances are expected to be paid during the 2023 fiscal year.

12. Litigation and Contingencies

Litigation At June 30, 2023, the School Board is involved in various litigations. It is the opinion of management and legal counsel for the School Board that potential claims against the School Board not covered by insurance would not materially affect the financial statements.

<u>Sales Tax Revenue</u> The City of Monroe (as the sales tax collector for all governments within the parish) is named the respondent from time to time in tax refund petitions filed with the Louisiana Board of Tax Appeals (LaBTA) by vendors who are denied by the tax collector their requests for a refund of sales and use taxes previously paid. The outcomes of these appeals are unknown at the time they are filed. In October 2014, an appeal petition was filed with the LaBTA for a refund of \$2,077,843 in sales taxes paid by a vendor from February 2007 to July 2010 plus any applicable interest. The outcome of this petition is unknown, but based on judgements for similar lawsuits in different parishes, management believes the potential liability will be minimal to the School Board. The impact of a determined loss on the fund financial statements for the School Board's portion of the liability would be allocated as follows: 1/6 to School District No. 1 Sales Tax (a major special revenue fund), 1/3 to the West Ouachita Sales Tax (a major special revenue fund) and for non-major special revenue funds: 1/6 to the 1968 Sales Tax 0.5% and 1/3 to the 1995 Sales Tax 1.0%.

<u>Grant Disallowance</u> The School Board participates in a number of state and federally assisted grant programs. The programs are subject to compliance audits under the single audit approach. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement by the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grants. School Board management believes that the amount of disallowances, if any, which may arise from future audits will not be material.

<u>Tax Arbitrage Rebate</u> Under the Tax Reform Act of 1986, interest earned on the debt proceeds in excess of interest expense prior to the disbursement of the proceeds must be rebated to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). Management believes there is no tax arbitrage rebate liability at year end.

<u>Committed Construction</u> The School Board had \$39,624,911 in various construction and renovation projects underway at June 30, 2023. Total amount remaining on these projects at June 30, 2023 was \$23,248,432. These construction contracts are projected to be completed within the next fiscal year.

13. On-Behalf Payments for Fringe Benefits and Salaries

On-behalf payments for fringe benefits and salaries are direct payments by an entity (the paying agent) to a thirdparty recipient for the employees of another, legally separate entity (the employer entity). GASB Statement No. 24 requires that employer governments to recognize revenue and expenditures or expenses for these on-behalf payments.

The State of Louisiana made \$4,630 in pension contributions (regarding Professional Improvement Program) directly to the Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana on behalf of the School Board. This amount was recognized as state revenue and a corresponding expenditure in the applicable fund from which the salary was paid.

The Ouachita Parish Tax Collector made \$800,251 in retirement remittances to the Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana. This amount was recognized as ad valorem revenue and a reduction in the School Board's required contribution in the General Fund.

14. Economic Dependency

The Minimum Foundation Program funding provided by the state to all public school systems in Louisiana is primarily based on October 1 student count. The state provided \$121,033,530 to the School Board, which represents approximately 41.9% of the School Board's total revenue for the year in the governmental funds.

The Minimum Foundation Program (MFP) formula adopted by the State legislature now requires a portion of the School Board's state MFP funding, representing a per pupil allotment of all local tax revenue collected by the School Board, to be deducted from the State MFP allocation paid monthly to the School Board and transferred to other educational providers. This occurs when a student who resides within the jurisdictional boundaries of the Ouachita Parish School Board attends a public charter school, a state recognized special school or participates in the State's scholarship program to attend a private school, which operates outside the governance of the Ouachita Parish School Board but under the authority and oversight of the State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education. A total of \$496,336 was reported as Minimum Foundation funding revenue for the 2022-2023 fiscal year related to local revenue transfers to other educational providers. This local revenue transfer is reported as a regular program expenditure in the governmental fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements.

15. Interfund Transfers (FFS level only)

Transfers to/from other Governmental Funds for the year ended June 30, 2023 were as follows:

	\mathbf{T}	<u>ransfers In</u>	Tra	<u>insfers Out</u>
General Fund	\$	4,417,820	\$	1,222,794
School District No. 1 Sales Tax		300,000		-
West Ouachita Sales Tax		-		7,120,821
Education Stabilization		-		2,933,905
Nonmajor Governmental		7,143,615		947,915
Internal Service Fund		900,000		536,000
	\$	12,761,435	\$	12,761,435

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget require to collect the revenue to the fund that statute or budget require to expend the resources, and to use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

16. Pledged Revenues

The School Board has pledged future collections of the 5.18 mills constitutional ad valorem tax to repay the QSCB Revenue Bonds, Series 2009. The original bond issue was \$10,000,000 in which the proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the purpose of constructing, acquiring, improving and maintaining public schools and school related facilities. The revenue bonds are payable through fiscal year 2025. The debt service sinking fund and interest payments remaining to be paid on the QSCB bonds are \$1,093,334 and \$120,000, respectively. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the School Board received \$4,363,109 from the collection of the 5.18 mills constitutional ad valorem tax and made the required annual deposit of \$566,666 into the debt service sinking fund and interest payments of \$60,000. The annual required debt service fund deposit and interest payments are estimated to be 13.9% of the tax revenue over the next 2 years.

The School Board has pledged future collections of the 1% sales and use tax being levied and collected pursuant to the provisions of the law and in compliance with the said election, held on November 18, 1997 and again on March 28, 2015, to repay the Sales Tax Bond issuances for the West Ouachita Parish School District. The total original bond issuances were \$42,110,000. Proceeds from the bonds provide financing for the purpose of constructing, acquiring, improving, and maintaining public schools and school related facilities. These excess revenue bonds are paid solely from the West Ouachita 1% Sales Tax Collections and are payable through fiscal year 2035. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the Sales Tax Revenue Bonds are \$25,070,000 in principal and \$4,228,013 in interest. Of the \$16,130,226 received for the 1% sales tax collections, the School Board paid \$4,765,000 in principal payments and \$883,484 in interest payments for fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The annual principal and interest payments are estimated to be 15.14% of the tax revenues over the next 12 years. See Note 10 for additional information on the Sales Tax Revenue Bonds payable.

17. Tax Abatements

The School Board is subject to two property tax abatements granted by the Louisiana Department of Economic Development, Office of Commerce and Industry: Industrial Tax Exemption Program (ITEP) and Restoration Tax Abatement Program (RTA).

Louisiana's ITEP program provides that any manufacturing establishment entering Louisiana, or any manufacturing establishment expanding its Louisiana facilities, is eligible to receive exemption on buildings and equipment from state, parish and local property taxes for a period of ten years. The exemption is for the "contract" value of buildings or equipment used by the business. The initial term of the abatement is up to five years and the option to renew is for an additional five years. When the exemption expires, the property is to be placed on the tax roll at 15% of its current market value.

Louisiana's RTA program provides commercial property owners and homeowners who expand, restore, improve or develop an existing structure in the downtown development districts, economic development districts and historic districts the right for five years after completion of the work, to pay ad valorem taxes based on the assessed valuation of the property for the year prior to the commencement of the project. The contract under the exemption law provides for a five-year abatement of ad valorem taxes on the increased value of the property, with an option to renew for an additional five years. If the property is sold, the contract may be transferred, subject to local government and board approval.

The amount of tax abatement under these programs during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 by authorized millage is as follows:

		sessed Value at to ITEP and	Estimated Tax Dollar Lost to ITEP and			
District	Millage	 RTA	RTA			
Parish School	5.18	\$ 39,136,003	\$	202,725		
School M & O	24.15	39,136,002		945,134		
East Ouachita School Bond	3.60	6,486,920		233,529		
			\$	1,381,388		

18. Sales Tax Refund Payable

In fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the School Board signed a settlement agreement with a vendor requesting a refund of sales taxes paid over the years of 2000 to 2011. The settlement agreement is the agreement and release of all sales and use tax audit claims and refund claims for the tax periods beginning January 1, 2000 and ending December 31, 2017. This agreement provides for the City of Monroe (as the sales tax collector for all governments

within the parish) to refund the Taxpayer a sum of \$1.5 million in the form of future credits to be taken against reported sales and use tax owed over a period of 15 years. The School Board's portion of this liability is 47.6%.

The allocation of the refund, the credits taken for the fiscal year, and remaining credits to be taken are as follows:

	19		1995		School trict No. 1	West Ouachita	
	1968 Sales Tax (0.5%)		Sales Tax (1.0%)	Sales Tax (0.5%)		Sales Tax (1.0%)	Total
Original refund payable	\$	87,771	\$ 250,418	\$	125,208	\$ 250,418	\$ 713,815
Balance at June 30, 2022		62,904	179,464		89,733	179,463	511,564
Credits taken fiscal year ended June 30, 2023		5,851	16,695		8,347	16,696	47,589
Remaining credits to be taken	\$	57,053	\$ 162,769	\$	81,386	\$ 162,767	\$ 463,975

The amount of sales tax refund payable that will be reduced from credits taken by the vendor until maturity is as follows:

Year Ended	Sales Tax
June 30,	Credits
2024	\$ 47,588
2025	47,588
2026	47,588
2027	47,588
2028	47,588
2029-2033	226,035
Total	\$ 463,975

19. New GASB Standards

In the current fiscal year the School Board implemented Statement No. 94 – Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships (PPP) and Availability Payment Arrangements (APA). This statement provides accounting and financial reporting guidance for PPPs and ADAs. A PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Some PPPs meet the definition of a service concession arrangement (SCA), which the Board defines in this Statement as a PPP in which (1) the operator collects and is compensated by fees from third parties; (2) the transferor determines or has the ability to modify or approve which services the operator is required to provide, to whom the operator is required to provide the services, and the prices or rates that can be charged for the services; and (3) the transferor is entitled to significant residual interest in the service utility of the underlying PPP asset at the end of the arrangement. An APA is an arrangement in which a government compensates an operator for services that may include designing, constructing, financing, maintaining, or operating an underlying nonfinancial asset for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. The School Board did not have any of these PPPs or APAs so there was no financial impact from the adoption of the statement.

In the current fiscal year the School Board also implemented GASB Statement No. 96 – Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs). This statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for SBITAs for governments. The statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset – an intangible asset – and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosure regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended. The Ouachita Parish School Board SBITAs did not meet the criteria to be recorded as an asset and liability. The adoption of this statement had no impact on the financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information



2022-2023 Ouachita Parish Teachers of the Year Brittany Ellis, George Welch Elementary School Kathleen Reitzammer, East Ouachita Middle School Mary Janyce Rawls, West Monroe High School

Pictured with Dr. Don Coker, Superintendent

Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Six Fiscal Years

Exhibit 1

Total OPEB Liability

	2023		2022		2021	2020		2019		2018		
Service costs	\$	1,197,028	\$	2,903,872	\$	2,499,738	\$	3,542,315	\$	2,991,452	\$	2,904,322
Interest		7,496,364		4,969,088		5,812,599		6,405,788		7,117,314		8,152,945
Differences between expected and actual experience		4,734,036		10,762,864		1,804,744		(35,260,174)		15,663,243		663,637
Changes in assumptions/inputs		(615,292)		(62,153,925)		20,946,299		11,692,602		17,608,980		-
Changes in benefit terms		-		-		-		-		(330,303)		-
Benefit payments		(10,537,854)		(10,076,171)		(9,743,475)		(9,356,008)	_	(9,706,047)		(9,568,474)
Net change in total OPEB liability		2,274,282		(53,594,272)		21,319,905		(22,975,477)		33,344,639		2,152,430
Total OPEB liability - Beginning		207,346,588		260,940,860		239,620,955		262,596,432		229,251,793		227,099,363
Total OPEB liability - Ending	\$	209,620,870	\$	207,346,588	\$	260,940,860	\$	239,620,955	\$	262,596,432	\$	229,251,793
Covered employee payroll	\$	87,830,494	\$	84,396,907	\$	89,675,313	\$	87,063,411	\$	99,925,686	\$	97,015,229
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		238.7%		245.7%		291.0%		275.2%		262.8%		236.3%

Changes of Assumptions:

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effect of changes are below:

Discount rates:

2023	3.86%
2022	3.69%
2021	1.92%
2020	2.45%
2019	3.13%
2018	3.62%

Mortality Rates:

2021: PubG.H-2010 (general employees) and PubT.H-2010 (teachers) Mortality tables, Generational with MP-2021

2020: PubG.H-2010 (general employees) and PubT.H-2010 (teachers) Mortality tables, Generational with MP-2020

2019: PubGH-2010 (general employees) and PubT.H-2010 (teachers) Mortality tables, Generational with MP-2019

2018: RPH-2014 Employee and Healthy Annuity, Generational with MP-2018

Changes of Benefit Terms:

2019: Additional retiree life insurance provided by Humana was moved to Dearborn Life. The School Board eliminated coverage for all retirees on or after January 1, 2019.

Notes:

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10 year trend is compiled, only information for those years for which information is available is presented.

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB No. 75, paragraph 4, to pay related benefits.

Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Last Nine Fiscal Years

Exhibit 2-1

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	P Sh	Employer's roportionate are of the Net nsion Liability	E	Employer's Covered Payroll	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Employee Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability					
Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System												
2015	4.02530%	\$	23,334,193	\$	11,290,752	207%	76.18%					
2016	4.05591%		25,719,649		11,545,002	223%	74.49%					
2017	4.00814%		30,235,264		11,849,782	255%	70.09%					
2018	4.09921%		26,231,920		12,037,717	218%	75.03%					
2019	3.94673%		26,369,550		11,448,234	230%	74.44%					
2020	3.97137%		27,802,036		11,556,327	241%	73.49%					
2021	4.00197%		32,154,077		11,966,270	269%	69.67%					
2022	4.04289%		19,216,544		12,438,124	154%	82.51%					
2023	4.40351%		29,283,214		14,161,544	207%	76.31%					
Teacher's Retire	ment System of L	ouisi	ana									
2015	2.23540%	\$	228,489,837	\$	97,611,588	234%	63.70%					
2016	2.22170%		238,883,654		97,543,129	245%	62.50%					
2017	2.16886%		254,558,343		97,524,859	261%	59.90%					
2018	2.08719%		213,976,154		96,654,505	221%	65.60%					
2019	2.04262%		200,748,708		94,904,128	212%	68.20%					
2020	1.96975%		195,490,791		94,827,796	206%	68.60%					
2021	1.97064%		219,205,637		96,315,197	228%	65.60%					
2022	1.92755%		102,907,222		97,847,304	105%	83.90%					
2023	1.96492%		187,596,342		103,779,917	181%	72.40%					

Notes:

The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10 year trend is compiled, only information for those years for which information is available is presented.

See notes to required supplementary information for pensions.

Schedule of Employer Contributions to Pension Plans Last Nine Fiscal Years

Exhibit 2-2

<u>Fiscal Year</u> Louisiana School E] Co	ntractually Required ontribution	F Co Co	atributions in Relation to ontractually Required ontributions		bution iency ess)		Employer's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll
2015	s 110 s	3,808,457	s (11 1931) \$	3,808,457	\$	_	\$	11,545,002	33.0%
2015	Ψ	3,583,677	Ψ	3,583,677	Ψ	_	Ψ	11,849,782	30.2%
2010		3,286,297		3,286,297		-		12,037,717	27.3%
2018		3,159,712		3,159,712		-		11,448,234	27.6%
2019		3,234,775		3,234,775		-		11,556,327	28.0%
2020		3,518,899		3,518,899		-		11,966,270	29.4%
2021		3,566,382		3,566,382		-		12,438,124	28.7%
2022		4,067,941		4,067,941				14,161,544	28.7%
2023		4,305,852		4,305,852				15,610,484	27.6%
Teacher's Retirement	nt Sys	tem of Louisia	ina						
2015	\$	28,466,933	\$	28,466,933	\$	-	\$	97,543,129	29.2%
2016		26,479,731		26,479,731		-		97,524,859	27.2%
2017		24,650,214		24,650,214		-		96,654,505	25.5%
2018		25,244,498		25,244,498		-		94,904,128	26.6%
2019		25,319,021		25,319,021		-		94,827,796	26.7%
2020		25,219,962		25,219,962		-		96,315,197	26.2%
2021		25,244,604		25,244,604		-		97,847,304	25.8%
2022		26,174,985		26,174,985				103,779,917	25.2%
2023		26,885,068		26,885,068				108,407,531	24.8%

Notes:

The amounts presented were determined as of the fiscal year end.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10 year trend is compiled, only information for those years for which information is available is presented.

See notes to required supplementary information for pensions.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information for Pensions June 30, 2023

Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System

Changes in Benefit Terms: Amounts reported after 2015 include a change in benefit terms for members whose first employment makes them eligible for membership in a Louisiana state retirement system on or after July 1, 2015. These employees may retire with a 2.5% benefit factor after attaining the age of 62 with at least 5 years of service credit and are eligible for an actuarially reduced benefit with 20 years of service at any age. This benefit change raised the age requirement from 60 years of age for members hired after June 30, 2010.

Report Date	ate Date Investment Inflation Mortality Mortality			Mortality	Termination, Disability,	Salary		
Jun	e 30	Rate of Return	Rate	Active	disabled Retiree	Disabled	Retirement	Increases
2015	2014	7.25% (net of investment a expense)	2.75% per annum	RP-2000 Combined Healthy Sex Distinct Tables	RP-2000 Combined Healthy Sex Distinct Tables	RP-2000 Disabled Lives Mortality Tables for Males and Females	2008-2012 experience study	3.2% to 5.5%
2016	2015	7.00% (net of investment and administrative expenses)	2.75% per annum	RP-2000 Combined Healthy Sex Distinct Tables	RP-2000 Combined Healthy Sex Distinct Tables	RP-2000 Disabled Lives Mortality Tables for Males and Females	2008-2012 experience study	3.2% to 5.5%
2017 & 2018	2016 & 2017	7.125% (net of investments expenses)	2.625% per annum	RP-2000 Combined Healthy Sex Distinct Tables	RP-2000 Combined Healthy Sex Distinct Tables	RP-2000 Disabled Lives Mortality Tables for Males and Females	2008-2012 experience study	3.075% to 5.375%
2019	2018	7.0625% (net of investments expenses)	2.50% per annum	RP-2014 Employee Table with Blue Collar Adjustment, 130% for males and 115% for females, each with the full generational MP- 2017 scale.	RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Table with Blue Collar Adjustment, 130% for males and 115% for females, each with the full generational MP- 2017 scale.	RP-2014 Disabled Tables for Males and Females, with the full generational MP- 2017 scale.	2013-2017 experience study	3.25%
2020	2019	7.00% (net of investments expenses)	2.50% per annum	RP-2014 Employee Table with Blue Collar Adjustment, 130% for males and 115% for females, each with the full generational MP- 2017 scale.	RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Table with Blue Collar Adjustment, 130% for males and 115% for females, each with the full generational MP- 2017 scale.	RP-2014 Disabled Tables for Males and Females, with the full generational MP- 2017 scale.	2012-2017 experience study	3.25%
2021	2020	7.00% (net of investment expense)	2.50% per annum	RP-2014 Employee Table with Blue Collar Adjustment, 130% for males and 115% for females, each with the full generational MP- 2017 scale.	RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Table with Blue Collar Adjustment, 130% for males and 115% for females, each with the full generational MP- 2017 scale.	RP-2014 Disabled Tables for Males and Females, with the full generational MP- 2017 scale.	2012-2017 experience study	3.25%
2022	2021	6.90% (net of investment expense)	2.50% per annum	RP-2014 Employee Table with Blue Collar Adjustment, 130% for males and 115% for females, each with the full generational MP- 2017 scale.	RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Table with Blue Collar Adjustment, 130% for males and 115% for females, each with the full generational MP- 2017 scale.	RP-2014 Disabled Tables for Males and Females, with the full generational MP- 2017 scale.	2013-2017 experience study	3.25%
2023	2022	6.80% (net of investment expenses)	2.5% per annum	RP-2014 Employee Table with Blue Collar Adjustment, 130% for males and 115% for females, each with the full generational MP- 2017 scale.	RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Table with Blue Collar Adjustment, 130% for males and 115% for females, each with the full generational MP- 2017 scale.	RP-2014 Disabled Tables for Males and Females, with the full generational MP- 2017 scale.	2013-2017 experience study	3.25%

Changes in assumptions: Changes in assumptions are as follows:

(Continued)

Notes to Required Supplementary Information for Pensions June 30, 2023

Teacher's Retirement System of Louisiana

Changes in Benefit Terms: Amounts reported after 2015 include a change in benefit terms for members whose first employment makes them eligible for membership in a Louisiana state retirement system on or after July 1, 2015. These employees may retire with a 2.5% benefit factor after attaining the age of 62 with at least 5 years of service credit and are eligible for an actuarially reduced benefit with 20 years of service at any age. This benefit change raised the age requirement from 60 years of age for members hired after June 30, 2010.

Change in assumptions: Changes in assumptions are as follows:

Report Date	Valuation Date	Investment					Termination,	0 stars
Jur	ne 30	Rate of Return	Inflation Rate	Mortality Non- disabled Active	Mortality Non- disabled Retiree	Mortality Disabled	Disability, Retirement	Salary Increases
2015, 2016, & 2017	2014, 2015, & 2016	7.75% (net of investment expense)	2.50% per annum	RP-2000 Mortality Table w ith projection to 2025 using scale AA	RP-2000 Mortality Table w ith projection to 2025 using scale AA	RP-2000 Disabled Lives Mortality Table	2008-2012 experience study	3.5% to 10.0%
2018	2017	7.70% per annum	2.50% per annum	RP-2000 Mortality Table w ith projection to 2025 using scale AA	RP-2000 Mortality Table w ith projection to 2025 using scale AA	RP-2000 Disabled Lives Mortality Table	2008-2012 experience study	3.5% to 10.0%
2019	2018	7.65% per annum	2.50% per annum	RP.2014 White Collar Employee tables, adjusted by 1.010 for males and by 0.997 for females ***	RP-2014 White Collar Healthy Annuitant tables, adjusted by 1.366 for males and by 1.189 for females ***	RP-2014 Disability tables, adjusted by 1.111 for males and by 1.134 for females ***	2012-2017 experience study	3.3% to 4.8%
2020	2019	7.55% per annum	2.50% per annum	RP-2014 White Collar Employee tables, adjusted by 1.010 for males and by 0.997 for females ***	RP-2014 White Collar Healthy Annuitant tables, adjusted by 1.366 for males and by 1.189 for females ***	RP-2014 Disability tables, adjusted by 1.111 for males and by 1.134 for females ***	2012-2017 experience study	3.3% to 4.8%
2021	2020	7.45% (net of investment expense)	2.30% per annum	RP-2014 White Collar Employee tables, adjusted by 1.010 for males and by 0.997 for females ***	RP-2014 White Collar Healthy Annuitant tables, adjusted by 1.366 for males and by 1.189 for females ***	RP-2014 Disability tables, adjusted by 1.111 for males and by 1.134 for females ***	2012-2017 experience study	3.1% to 4.6%
2022	2021	7.40% (net of investment expense)	2.30% per annum	RP-2014 White Collar Employee tables, adjusted by 1.010 for males and by 0.997 for females ***	RP-2014 White Collar Healthy Annuitant tables, adjusted by 1.366 for males and by 1.189 for females ***	RP-2014 Disability tables, adjusted by 1.111 for males and by 1.134 for females ***	2012-2017 experience study	3.1% to 4.6%
2023	2022	7.25% per annum	2.30% per annum	RP-2014 White Collar Employee tables, adjusted by 1.010 for males and by 0.997 for females ***	RP-2014 White Collar Healthy Annuitant tables, adjusted by 1.366 for males and by 1.189 for females	RP-2014 Disability tables, adjusted by 1.111 for males and by 1.134 for females ***	2012-2017 experience study	3.1% to 4.6%

 Image: Market Stress
 Image: Market Stres
 Image: Market Stress

(Concluded)

Budgetary Comparison Schedules Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

General Fund and Major Special Revenue Funds with Legally Adopted Budgets

General Fund

The General Fund accounts for all activities of the School Board except for those that are accounted for in other funds. The major source of revenues for the General Fund are state equalization funding through the Minimum Foundation Program formula and a 24.15-mill ad valorem tax that was renewed in April 2021 for 10 years.

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments) that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The term "proceeds of specific revenue sources" establishes that one or more specific restricted or committed revenues should be the foundation for a special revenue fund. These funds, for the most part, are established for specific educational purposes and funded through the U.S. Department of Education or the Louisiana State Department of Education.

School District No. 1 Sales Tax Fund

The School District No.1 Sales Tax Fund collects, records and disburses funds related to the .5% sales tax renewed in April 2021 for 10 years to provide additional support for the school system. The School Board committed the tax classroom instruction - 36%, capital improvements - 23%, facility and equipment support - 15%, mandated costs - 14%, and salary restoration - 12%.

West Ouachita Sales Tax Fund

The West Ouachita Sales Tax Fund accounts for the collection and disbursement of a 1% perpetual sales tax in the West Ouachita School District (a taxing district created by the School Board). This tax was originally authorized by voters in 1997 for a 27-year period and authorized again in March 2015 for the sales tax to be a permanent tax in the district. The proceeds of the tax can be used for constructing, maintaining, and operating schools, including servicing debt in the West Ouachita School District.

Education Stabilization Fund

The Education Stabilization Fund accounts for federal sources funded by the CARES Act and American Rescue Plan Act to assist the School Board in meeting the challenges of providing educational services as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.

GENERAL FUND Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Exhibit 3-1

	BUDGETER	AMOUNTS	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	AMOUNTS	(NEGATIVE)
REVENUES				(,
Local sources:				
Taxes:				
Ad valorem	\$ 24,107,882	\$ 24,874,950	\$ 24,761,648	\$ (113,302)
1% ad valorem - tax collector	782,420	801,200	800,251	(949)
Interest earnings	459,500	985,590	746,540	(239,050)
Other	1,078,512	1,346,121	1,443,886	97,765
State sources:				
Equalization	119,735,631	119,775,057	119,616,642	(158,415)
Revenue sharing	789,679	834,777	834,777	-
Unrestricted grants-in-aid	11,056	10,056	9,602	(454)
Restricted grants-in-aid	53,717	62,146	235,960	173,814
Federal sources	172,556	836,983	339,578	(497,405)
TOTAL REVENUES	147,190,953	149,526,880	148,788,884	(737,996)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular programs	61,547,159	62,584,117	62,794,472	(210,355)
Special education programs	11,603,202	11,285,353	10,854,123	431,230
Vocational programs	2,514,881	2,768,230	2,569,781	198,449
Other instructional programs	5,095,934	5,153,953	5,096,572	57,381
Special programs	689,670	590,334	579,227	11,107
Support services:				
Studentservices	9,880,171	9,738,182	9,563,689	174,493
Instructional staff support	8,029,154	7,704,471	7,774,718	(70,247)
General administration	1,709,429	1,708,309	1,654,085	54,224
School administration	12,167,425	12,052,660	11,895,891	156,769
Business services	2,594,945	2,612,860	2,782,489	(169,629)
Plant services	18,853,737	19,474,670	20,791,066	(1,316,396)
Student transportation services	10,686,145	10,458,164	11,241,195	(783,031)
Central services	2,889,480	2,976,450	3,250,027	(273,577)
Food services	1,289,101	1,138,353	1,033,606	104,747
Community service programs	25,851	25,851	25,851	-
Capital outlay	2,400	2,400	170,806	(168,406)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	149,578,684	150,274,357	152,077,598	(1,803,241)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(2,387,731)	(747,477)	(3,288,714)	1,065,245
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from sales of assets	-	20,000	33,441	13,441
Insurance recoveries	50,000	10,100	22,185	12,085
Transfers in	3,714,000	5,473,144	4,417,820	(1,055,324)
Transfers out	(1,611,769)	(1,611,769)	(1,222,794)	388,975
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	2,152,231	3,891,475	3,250,652	(640,823)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(235,500)	3,143,998	(38,062)	424,422
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	22,733,304	22,323,735	22,328,379	4,644
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$ 22,497,804	\$ 25,467,733	\$ 22,290,317	\$ 429,066

SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 SALES TAX Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Exhibit 3-2

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS ORIGINAL FINAL					ACTUAL AMOUNTS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	
REVENUES								
Local sources:								
Taxes:								
Sales and use	\$	9,984,316	\$	10,323,365	\$	10,316,909	\$	(6,456)
Interest earnings		68,000		867,000		909,686		42,686
TOTAL REVENUES		10,052,316		11,190,365		11,226,595		36,230
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular programs		247,446		1,913,258		1,816,467		96,791
Special education programs		170,495		493,211		432,970		60,241
Vocational programs		62,585		(50,793)		117,642		(168,435)
Other instructional programs		973,498		1,003,061		735,659		267,402
Special programs		6,695		106,031		94,680		11,351
Support services:								
Student services		500,197		642,186		704,214		(62,028)
Instructional staff support		669,798		343,751		540,589		(196,838)
General administration		59,246		60,366		64,435		(4,069)
School administration		98,747		213,512		356,193		(142,681)
Business services		36,082		18,167		89,430		(71,263)
Plant services		2,973,207		3,907,021		3,086,851		820,170
Student transportation services		1,259,342		1,605,621		1,418,090		187,531
Central services Food services		25,058		53,088		61,688		(8,600)
		211,721		462,469		334,827 670,115		127,642
Capital outlay		-		-		070,115		(670,115)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		7,294,117	. <u> </u>	10,770,949		10,523,850		247,099
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		2,758,199		419,416		702,745		283,329
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		300,000		300,000		300,000		
Net Change in Fund Balances		3,058,199		719,416		1,002,745		283,329
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE		28,335,480		28,335,480		27,755,288		(580,192)
BUDGETARY FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	31,393,679	\$	29,054,896	\$	28,758,033	\$	(296,863)

WEST OUACHITA SALES TAX Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Exhibit 3-3

								RIANCE WITH IAL BUDGET
	BUDGETED AMOUNTS					ACTUAL	POSITIVE	
REVENUES Local sources:		ORIGINAL		FINAL		AMOUNTS	(NEGATIVE)
Taxes:	٠	45 544 004	^	40.005.070	^	40,400,000	^	04.047
Sales and use Interest earnings	\$	15,541,081 50,000	\$	16,095,379 950,000	\$	16,130,226 800,520	\$	34,847 (149,480)
interest earnings		50,000		930,000		800,320		(149,400)
TOTAL REVENUES		15,591,081		17,045,379		16,930,746		(114,633)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Instruction:				20 425		20 425		
Regular programs Vocational programs		- 30,000		20,425 2,399		20,425 2,399		-
Other instructional programs				37,300		37,300		_
Support services:				01,000		01,000		
General administration		91,933		119,261		99,103		20,158
School administration		-		21,557		21,559		(2)
Plant services		537,933		152,850		150,349		2,501
Capital outlay		4,514,256		2,741,014		3,321,925		(580,911)
Debt service:								
Interest and bank charges		62,450		61,400		60,000		1,400
Other debt service costs		-		-		1,400		(1,400)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		5,236,572		3,156,206		3,714,460		(558,254)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		10,354,509		13,889,173		13,216,286		(672,887)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out		(6,229,948)		(6,643,227)		(7,120,821)		(477,594)
Net Change in Fund Balances		4,124,561		7,245,946		6,095,465		(1,150,481)
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE		21,269,580		19,685,323		20,162,917		477,594
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$	25,394,141	\$	26,931,269	\$	26,258,382	\$	(672,887)

EDUCATION STABILIZATION Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Exhibit 3-4

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS				ACTUAL		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE	
		ORIGINAL	AIVIO	FINAL		AMOUNTS	(NEGATIVE)	
REVENUES	1							(
Federal sources:								
Federal programs	\$	42,938,086	\$	47,794,961	\$	22,567,850	\$	(25,227,111)
TOTAL REVENUES		42,938,086		47,794,961		22,567,850		(25,227,111)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular programs		4,404,326		4,828,885		6,428,761		(1,599,876)
Special education programs		87,037		87,037		689,205		(602,168)
Vocational programs		412,229		446,656		560,902		(114,246)
Other instructional programs		8,693,989		6,207,574		3,530,560		2,677,014
Special programs		191,391		155,783	291,356			(135,573)
Support services:								
Student services		2,286,710		1,313,026		830,952		482,074
Instructional staff support		8,994,271		8,215,126		1,205,320		7,009,806
General administration		-		-		5,021		(5,021)
School administration		1,000		500,000		398,087		101,913
Business services		279,500		261,268		359,591		(98,323)
Plant services		5,325,913		11,947,321		1,552,120		10,395,201
Student transportation services		1,069,759		2,922,219		1,931,990		990,229
Central services		890,083		456,529		397,803		58,726
Food services		-		534,616		534,616		-
Capital outlay		4,281,996		3,863,999		917,663		2,946,336
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		36,918,204		41,740,039		19,633,947		22,106,092
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		6,019,882		6,054,922		2,933,903		(3,121,019)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out		(6,019,882)		(6,054,922)		(2,933,905)		3,121,017
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-		(2)		(2)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		-		-		(3,408)		(3,408)
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	-	\$		\$	(3,410)	\$	(3,410)

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note A - Budget and Budgetary Accounting

The School Board utilizes the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

In September, the Director of Business submits to the School Board proposed annual appropriated budgets for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and Debt Service Funds for the fiscal year commencing the prior July 1. However, the School Board does not submit a budget for the Student Activity Funds special revenue fund. The Education Stabilization Fund budget is a multi-year budget. A public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayer comments. Prior to September 15, the School Board legally enacts the budget through adoption. The only legal requirement is that the School Board adopt a balanced budget; that is, total budgeted revenues and other financing sources (including fund balance) must equal or exceed total budgeted expenditures and other financing uses. The budget is revised periodically throughout the school year, when deemed appropriate, but a balanced budget is always approved.

The General Fund budget is adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. Unencumbered appropriations in the General Fund lapse at the end of the fiscal year, whereas, encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the following year. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the School Board.

The Special Revenue Funds' budgets have annual appropriated budgets adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. Except for grant-oriented funds, unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year. Encumbered appropriations are utilized when goods or services are received. Grant-oriented fund budgets are adopted at the time the grant applications are approved by the grantor. Separate annual budgets are adopted for unencumbered appropriations of grant-oriented Special Revenue Funds at the beginning of the following fiscal year.

Debt Service Funds' budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP; budget appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

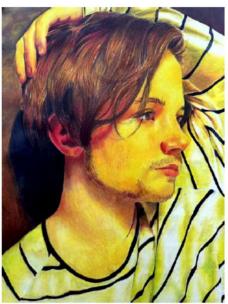
Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds and Debt Service Funds. All budgets are operational at the departmental or project level. The Superintendent and Director of Business of the School Board are authorized to transfer budget amounts between line item activity and between any functions of an individual fund; however, any supplemental appropriations that amend the total expenditures of any fund require School Board resolution. The effects of budget revisions passed during the year were insignificant to the budgets as originally approved.

Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations in Individual Funds: The following individual fund had actual expenditures over budgeted expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2023:

Fund	<u>Budget</u>	Actual	Variance
General Fund	\$ 150,274,357	\$ 152,077,598	\$ (1,803,241)
West Ouachita Sales Tax	3,156,206	3,714,460	(558,254)

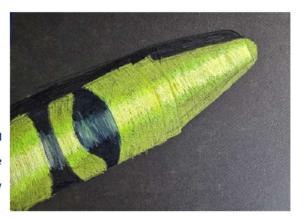
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Supplementary Information



Azucena "Danny" Salinas 11th Grade West Ouachita High School

Connor Reitzell 4th Grade Sterlington Elementary





Madison Hanemann

6th grade

West Ridge Middle School

McKinzy Speegle 11th Grade Ouachita Parish High School



Ouachita Parish School Board West Monroe, Louisiana

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

COMBINING NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

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NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Combining Balance Sheet - By Fund Type June 30, 2023

Exhibit 4

	SPECIAL REVENUE	DEBT SERVICE	CAPITAL PROJECTS 2019 STORM DAMAGE	TOTAL
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 29,594,286	\$ 15,977,606	\$-	\$ 45,571,892
Investments	-	8,666,666	-	8,666,666
Receivables	11,844,702	3,204	-	11,847,906
Inventory	801,154	-		801,154
TOTAL ASSETS	42,240,142	24,647,476		66,887,618
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	132,109	10,675	-	142,784
Salaries and wages payable	3,341,940	-	-	3,341,940
Interfund payables	3,441,968	-	-	3,441,968
Unearned revenue	355,215			355,215
TOTAL LIABILITIES	7,271,232	10,675		7,281,907
FUND BALANCES:				
Nonspendable:				
Inventory	637,683	-	-	637,683
Restricted for:				
Vocational and instructional programs	270,656	-	-	270,656
Salaries and benefits	13,171,597	-	-	13,171,597
Student health services	2,033,974	-	-	2,033,974
Food services	11,964,062	-	-	11,964,062
Debt service	-	24,636,801	-	24,636,801
Student activity funds	5,873,294	-	-	5,873,294
Assigned for:	-			
Student health/support services	1,017,644		-	1,017,644
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	34,968,910	24,636,801		59,605,711
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND				
FUND BALANCES	\$ 42,240,142	\$ 24,647,476	\$-	\$ 66,887,618

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NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - By Fund Type For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	SPECIAL REVENUE	DEBT SERVICE	CAPITAL PROJECTS 2019 STORM DAMAGE	TOTAL
REVENUES				
Local sources:				
Taxes:				
Ad valorem	\$-	\$ 12,199,805	\$-	\$ 12,199,805
Sales and use	34,720,281	-	-	34,720,281
Interest earnings	542,953	595,390	-	1,138,343
Food service	423,368	-	-	423,368
Other	9,589,310	-	-	9,589,310
State sources:				
Equalization	1,416,888	-	-	1,416,888
Restricted grant-in-aid	2,535,090	-	-	2,535,090
Federal sources:				
Federal programs	25,388,169	-	-	25,388,169
Other federal support	881,587			881,587
TOTAL REVENUES	75,497,646	12,795,195		88,292,841
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular programs	21,620,122	-	25,960	21,646,082
Special education programs	3,457,137	-	-	3,457,137
Vocational programs	623,993	-	-	623,993
Other instructional programs	4,656,870	-	-	4,656,870
Special programs	6,021,724	-	-	6,021,724
Support services:				
Student services	4,079,684	-	-	4,079,684
Instructional staff support	8,324,785	-	-	8,324,785
General administration	227,255	374,419	-	601,674
School administration	4,642,111	-	11,718	4,653,829
Business services	370,358	-	-	370,358
Plantservices	2,246,188	-	21,594	2,267,782
Student transportation services	2,243,384	-	-	2,243,384
Central services	188,379	-	-	188,379
Food services	13,433,243	-	9,258	13,442,501
Capital outlay	7,024	-	414,752	421,776
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	-	12,275,000	-	12,275,000
Interest and bank charges	-	4,348,572	-	4,348,572
Bond issuance costs	-	20,539	-	20,539
Other debt service costs		5,598		5,598
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	72,142,257	17,024,128	483,282	89,649,667
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ 3,355,389	\$ (4,228,933)	\$ (483,282)	\$ (1,356,826)
		<u> </u>	· · · · · ·	

(CONTINUED)

Exhibit 5

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - By Fund Type For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Exhibit 5

			CAPITAL PROJECTS 2019	
	SPECIAL	DEBT	STORM	
	REVENUE	SERVICE	DAMAGE	TOTAL
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Premium on bonds issued	\$	- \$ 2,521,212	\$-	\$ 2,521,212
Transfers in	22,794	6,159,944	960,877	7,143,615
Transfers out	(947,915	5) -		(947,915)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING				
SOURCES (USES)	(925,12	1) 8,681,156	960,877	8,716,912
Net Change in Fund Balances	2,430,268	3 4,452,223	477,595	7,360,086
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	32,538,642	2 20,184,578	(477,595)	52,245,625
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 34,968,910	0 \$ 24,636,801	\$-	\$ 59,605,711

(CONCLUDED)

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments) that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The term "proceeds of specific revenue sources" establishes that one or more specific restricted or committed revenues should be the foundation for a special revenue fund. These funds, for the most part, are established for specific educational purposes and funded through the U.S. Department of Education or the Louisiana State Department of Education. The School Board is centrally located in Northeast Louisiana and acts as a regional fiscal agent for the State Department of Education for many educational programs.

Supplemental Salaries - 1995 Sales Tax 1.0%

The Supplemental Salaries 1.0% Sales Tax Fund was established to collect, record, and disburse funds for the payment of supplementary salaries and benefits to School Board personnel, as authorized by voters in 1994. Collections began in 1995. Funds are used to pay a determined amount on a monthly basis with any remaining balance disbursed in November with a supplemental payroll check. This is a permanent sales tax.

Supplemental Salaries - 1968 Sales Tax 0.5%

The Supplemental Salaries 0.5% Sales Tax Fund was set up to collect, record, and disburse funds for the payment of supplemental salaries to School Board personnel, as authorized by voters in 1967. Collections began in 1968. Employees share in the following percentage: certificated staff - 88%, and support staff - 12% of total collections. The fund is used to pay this salary supplement on a monthly basis with any remaining balance disbursed in June as supplemental payroll check.

School Food Service Fund

The School Food Service Fund accounts for the operations of the school food service programs in the parish school system during the regular school term and the summer feeding program during the summer. This fund also accounts for the Fresh Fruits and Vegetables Program sponsored by the U.S. Department of Agriculture to provide health snacks to elementary school students. The basic goals of the school food service programs are to serve nutritionally adequate, attractive and moderately priced meals, to help children grow socially and emotionally, to extend educational influences to the homes of school children, and to provide learning experiences that will improve children's food habits with the ultimate goal of physically fit adults.

Title I Programs Fund

Title I is a program for economically and educationally deprived school children, which is federally financed, State administered and locally operated by the School Board. The Title I services are provided through various projects which are designated to meet the special needs of educationally deprived children. The activities supplement, rather than replace, State and local mandated activities.

(Continued)

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Special Education IDEA-B Fund

Special Education IDEA-B is a federally financed program for a free appropriate public education for all identified handicapped individuals from 3 to 21 years of age in the least restrictive environment.

Other Federal Programs Fund

The Other Federal Programs Fund accounts for smaller special grants funded by departments of the Federal government or passed through the Louisiana Department of Education or other state agencies.

State Grants Fund

The State Grants Fund accounts for special grants or program funding from departments and agencies of the State of Louisiana.

Student Activity Funds

This fund accounts for assets held by the School Board for the individual schools and school organizations.

(Concluded)

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2023

	SUPPLEMENTAL SALARIES								
		1995 SALES TAX 1%		1968 SALES TAX 0.5%		SCHOOL FOOD SERVICE		TITLE I PROGRAMS	
		1 /0		0.5 /0		SERVICE	F		
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Inventory	\$	8,444,341 3,568,804 -	\$	490,355 2,359,007 -	\$	11,657,758 1,071,733 801,154	\$	- 2,298,682 -	
TOTAL ASSETS		12,013,145		2,849,362		13,530,645		2,298,682	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Salaries and wages payable		- 1,204,647		- 486,263		40,299 725,130		12,106 377,542	
Interfund payables Unearned revenue		- 1,204,047		400,205		- 163,471		1,909,034	
Oneamed revenue		-		-		103,471		-	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,204,647		486,263	·	928,900		2,298,682	
FUND BALANCES: Nonspendable:									
Inventory Restricted for:		-		-		637,683		-	
Vocational and instructional programs Salaries and benefits Student health services		- 10,808,498 -		- 2,363,099 -		-		-	
Food services Student activity funds		-		-		11,964,062 -		-	
Assigned for: Student health/support services				-				-	
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		10,808,498		2,363,099		12,601,745		-	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	12,013,145	\$	2,849,362	\$	13,530,645	\$	2,298,682	

Exhibit 6

SPECIAL EDUCATION IDEA-B		OTHER FEDERAL PROGRAMS		STATE GRANTS		STUDENT ACTIVITY FUNDS		TOTAL
\$ - 1,555,327 -	\$	- 405,171 -	\$	3,128,538 585,978 -	\$	5,873,294 - -	\$	29,594,286 11,844,702 801,154
 1,555,327		405,171		3,714,516		5,873,294		42,240,142
6,618		60,109		12,977		_		132,109
187,924		48,713		311,721		-		3,341,940
1,238,408		294,526		-		-		3,441,968
30,283		1,823		159,638				355,215
 1,463,233		405,171		484,336				7,271,232
-		-		-		-		637,683
92,094		_		178,562		_		270,656
		-		-		-		13,171,597
-		-		2,033,974		-		2,033,974
-		-		-		-		11,964,062
-		-		-		5,873,294		5,873,294
 		-		1,017,644				1,017,644
92,094				3,230,180		5,873,294		34,968,910
\$ 1,555,327	\$	405,171	\$	3,714,516	\$	5,873,294	\$	42,240,142

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	SUPPLEMEN [®]	TAL SALARIES			
	1995	1968	SCHOOL		
	SALES TAX	SALES TAX	FOOD	TITLEI	
REVENUES	1%	0.5%	SERVICE	PROGRAMS	
Local sources:					
Taxes:		¢ 40.004.700	¢	¢	
Sales and use	\$ 20,825,559	\$ 13,894,722	\$-	\$-	
Interest earnings Food service	180,018	149,904	131,903 423,368	-	
Other	-	-	423,388	-	
State sources:	-	-	55,090	-	
Equalization	_	_	1,416,888	_	
Restricted grant-in-aid	_	-	1,410,000	_	
Federal sources:					
Federal programs	-	-	10,465,286	8,129,372	
Other federal support	-	-	881,587	-	
TOTAL REVENUES	21,005,577	14,044,626	13,372,728	8,129,372	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular programs	9,403,288	8,360,313	-	-	
Special education programs	1,723,614	1,138,982	-	-	
Vocational programs	305,531	265,987	-	-	
Other instructional programs	403,124	353,074	-	430,584	
Special programs	51,144	39,021	-	3,739,328	
Support services:	4 040 440	4 004 000		0.40.000	
Student services	1,313,418	1,091,839	-	342,320	
Instructional staff support	898,314	539,179	-	2,908,736	
General administration School administration	140,050 1,322,758	87,205 889,880	-	-	
Business services	250,638	40,001	- 79,719	-	
Plantservices	1,590,184	536,791	379	- 19,917	
Student transportation services	1,459,989	399,741		165,911	
Central services	161,879	23,149	_	-	
Food services	931,917	253,123	12,248,203	_	
Capital outlay	-	-	7,024	-	
Capital Statay					
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	19,955,848	14,018,285	12,335,325	7,606,796	
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES	1,049,729	26,341	1,037,403	522,576	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	-	-	22,794	-	
Transfers out	-	-	-	(522,576)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING					
SOURCES (USES)	-	-	22,794	(522,576)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,049,729	26,341	1,060,197	-	
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	9,758,769	2,336,758	11,541,548	-	
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 10,808,498	\$ 2,363,099	\$ 12,601,745	\$-	

SPECIAL EDUCATION IDEA-B	other Federal Programs	STATE GRANTS	STUDENT ACTIVITY FUNDS	TOTAL
¢	¢	\$-	¢	¢ 04700.004
\$-	\$-	 81,128	\$-	\$ 34,720,281 542,953
		-		423,368
-	-	378,675	9,156,939	9,589,310
-	-	-	-	1,416,888
152,308	-	2,382,782	-	2,535,090
5,340,768	1,452,743	-	-	25,388,169
				881,587
5,493,076	1,452,743	2,842,585	9,156,939	75,497,646
-	276,191	44,638	3,535,692	21,620,122
539,532		55,009	-	3,457,137
	14,952	37,523	-	623,993
460,806		-	2,936,442	4,656,870
-	53,107	2,139,124	-	6,021,724
1,026,733	51,088	254,286	_	4,079,684
2,900,364		210,296	-	8,324,785
_,000,001	-		-	227,255
-	-	-	2,429,473	4,642,111
-	-	-	_, ,	370,358
71,929	-	26,988	-	2,246,188
62,840		128,146	-	2,243,384
3,351	-	-	-	188,379
-	-	-	-	13,433,243
				7,024
5,065,555	1,362,831	2,896,010	8,901,607	72,142,257
427,521	89,912	(53,425)	255,332	3,355,389
-	-	-	-	22,794
(335,427) (89,912)			(947,915)
(335,427) (89,912)			(925,121)
92,094	-	(53,425)	255,332	2,430,268
		3,283,605	5,617,962	32,538,642
\$ 92,094	\$-	\$ 3,230,180	\$ 5,873,294	\$ 34,968,910

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NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Exhibit 8-1

	BUDGET			ACTUAL	VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)		
REVENUES							
Local sources:							
Taxes:	¢	20 929 110	¢	20 825 550	¢	(12 560)	
Sales and use	\$	20,838,119	\$	20,825,559	\$	(12,560)	
Interest earnings		158,000		180,018		22,018	
TOTAL REVENUES		20,996,119		21,005,577		9,458	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Regular programs		9,406,966		9,403,288		3,678	
Special education programs		1,724,951		1,723,614		1,337	
Vocational programs		305,542		305,531		11	
Other instructional programs		403,137		403,124		13	
Special programs		51,149		51,144		5	
Support services:							
Student services		1,313,139		1,313,418		(279)	
Instructional staff support		892,146		898,314		(6,168)	
General administration		118,398		140,050		(21,652)	
School administration		1,322,811		1,322,758		53	
Business services		250,639		250,638		1	
Plant services		1,589,586		1,590,184		(598)	
Student transportation services		1,456,920		1,459,989		(3,069)	
Central services		161,638		161,879		(241)	
Food services		931,950		931,917		33	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		19,928,972		19,955,848		(26,876)	
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,067,147		1,049,729		(17,418)	
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		9,758,769		9,758,769	. <u> </u>		
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	10,825,916	\$	10,808,498	\$	(17,418)	

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Exhibit 8-2

	BUDGET	VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)		
	 DODOLI	 ACTUAL		
REVENUES				
Local sources:				
Taxes:				
Sales and use	\$ 13,897,556	\$ 13,894,722	\$	(2,834)
Interest earnings	 170,409	 149,904		(20,505)
TOTAL REVENUES	 14,067,965	 14,044,626		(23,339)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular programs	8,360,649	8,360,313		336
Special education programs	1,139,785	1,138,982		803
Vocational programs	265,987	265,987		-
Other instructional programs	353,074	353,074		-
Special programs	39,021	39,021		-
Support services:				
Student services	1,091,639	1,091,839		(200)
Instructional staff support	539,179	539,179		-
General administration	72,148	87,205		(15,057)
School administration	889,880	889,880		-
Business services	40,001	40,001		-
Plant services	536,793	536,791		2
Student transportation services	396,113	399,741		(3,628)
Central services	23,149	23,149		-
Food services	 253,126	 253,123		3
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 14,000,544	 14,018,285		(17,741)
Net Change in Fund Balances	67,421	26,341		(41,080)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	 2,336,758	 2,336,758		
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 2,404,179	\$ 2,363,099	\$	(41,080)

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Exhibit 8-3

			VARIANCE POSITIVE		
	-	BUDGET	 ACTUAL	<u>(N</u>	EGATIVE)
REVENUES					
Local sources:					
Interest earnings	\$	116,861	\$ 131,903	\$	15,042
Food service		425,993	423,368		(2,625)
Other		53,696	53,696		-
State sources:					
Equalization		1,259,682	1,416,888		157,206
Federal sources:					
Federal programs		10,520,658	10,465,286		(55,372)
Other federal support		550,000	 881,587	. <u> </u>	331,587
TOTAL REVENUES		12,926,890	 13,372,728		445,838
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Support services:					
Business services		85,119	79,719		5,400
Plant services		1,152	379		773
Food services		12,240,288	12,248,203		(7,915)
Capital outlay		7,024	 7,024	· <u> </u>	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		12,333,583	 12,335,325		(1,742)
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		593,307	1,037,403		444,096
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in		180,000	 22,794		(157,206)
Net Change in Fund Balances		773,307	1,060,197		286,890
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		11,541,548	 11,541,548		
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	12,314,855	\$ 12,601,745	\$	286,890

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Exhibit 8-4

	****	******	EIPROGRAMS	*****			
		BUDGET ACTUAL			VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)		
REVENUES							
Federal sources:							
Federal programs	\$	12,205,035	\$	8,129,372	\$	(4,075,663)	
TOTAL REVENUES		12,205,035		8,129,372		(4,075,663)	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Other instructional programs		863,379		430,584		432,795	
Special programs		5,960,243		3,739,328		2,220,915	
Support services:							
Student services		317,481		342,320		(24,839)	
Instructional staff support		3,994,563		2,908,736		1,085,827	
Plant services		98,146		19,917		78,229	
Student transportation services		202,933		165,911		37,022	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		11,436,745		7,606,796		3,829,949	
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES							
OVER EXPENDITURES		768,290		522,576		(245,714)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers out		(768,290)		(522,576)		245,714	
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-		-	
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		-		-		-	
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Exhibit 8-5

	BU	IDGET	VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)			
			1		<u> </u>	
REVENUES						
State sources:						
Restricted grants-in-aid	\$	-	\$	152,308	\$	152,308
Federal sources:						
Federal programs		6,728,350		5,340,768		(1,387,582)
TOTAL REVENUES		6,728,350		5,493,076		(1,235,274)
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Special education programs		1,374,690		539,532		835,158
Other instructional programs		907,590		460,806		446,784
Support services:						
Student services		1,007,046		1,026,733		(19,687)
Instructional staff support	:	2,930,290		2,900,364		29,926
Plantservices		75,000		71,929		3,071
Student transportation services		108,100		62,840		45,260
Central services		-		3,351		(3,351)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		6,402,716		5,065,555		1,337,161
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES		325,634		427,521		101,887
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers out		(325,634)		(335,427)		(9,793)
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		92,094		92,094
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING						
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$		\$	92,094	\$	92,094

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Exhibit 8-6

	****	*****				
		BUDGET		ACTUAL		VARIANCE POSITIVE NEGATIVE)
REVENUES						
Federal sources:						
Federal programs	\$	3,308,511	\$	1,452,743	\$	(1,855,768)
TOTAL REVENUES		3,308,511		1,452,743		(1,855,768)
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular programs		506,026		276,191		229,835
Vocational programs		262,953		14,952		248,001
Other instructional programs		132,275		72,840		59,435
Special programs		130,736		53,107		77,629
Support services:						
Student services		280,494		51,088		229,406
Instructional staff support		1,771,565		867,896		903,669
Student transportation services		28,052		26,757		1,295
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		3,112,101		1,362,831		1,749,270
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES		196,410		89,912		(106,498)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers out		(196,410)		(89,912)		106,498
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-		-
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		-		-		-
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Exhibit 8-7

	 BUDGET ACTUAL				VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)		
REVENUES							
Local sources:							
Interest earnings	\$ 2,300	\$	81,128	\$	78,828		
Other	1,142,178		378,675		(763,503)		
State sources:					(· ·)		
Restricted grants-in-aid	 2,391,804		2,382,782		(9,022)		
TOTAL REVENUES	 3,536,282		2,842,585		(693,697)		
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Regular programs	47,530		44,638		2,892		
Special education programs	98,563		55,009		43,554		
Vocational programs	29,000		37,523		(8,523)		
Special programs	2,462,661		2,139,124		323,537		
Support services:							
Student services	359,093		254,286		104,807		
Instructional staff support	18,000		210,296		(192,296)		
Plant services	-		26,988		(26,988)		
Student transportation services	 -		128,146		(128,146)		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 3,014,847		2,896,010		118,837		
Net Change in Fund Balances	521,435		(53,425)		(574,860)		
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	 3,470,781		3,283,605		(187,176)		
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 3,992,216	\$	3,230,180	\$	(762,036)		

Ouachita Parish School Board

Nonmajor Debt Service Funds

The Nonmajor Debt Service Funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for principal, interest and related costs associated with long-term debt.

West Ouachita Debt Service Fund

The West Ouachita Debt Service fund accounts for the principal and interest payments for five outstanding series of sales tax revenue bonds issued or refunded from 2015 through 2020 for the purpose of acquiring and/or improving lands for building sites and for constructing, acquiring, improving, equipping, and/or furnishing schools and school related facilities in West Ouachita Parish. This indebtedness is financed by a 1% sales tax that is collected in the West Ouachita Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund. The tax proceeds are transferred to the West Ouachita Debt Service Fund monthly based on 1/12th of the annual principal and interest payment scheduled to be paid within the next year.

School District No.1 QSCB Sinking Fund

This fund accounts for the investment of annual principal sinking payments set aside by the School Board to payoff the full amount of the \$10,000,000 in revenue bonds, Series 2009, issued under the Qualified School Construction Bond program, when it fully matures on November 1, 2024 in accordance with the originating bond covenant. These bonds are secured by a 5.18 mill perpetual property tax collected in the General Fund, and the first annual collection of proceeds from this tax is reserved in the General Fund as security for the annual debt service payments to be made in October each year. However, the annual principal sinking fund and interest payments are actually made from the proceeds of the 1% sales tax collected in the West Ouachita Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund and transferred to the sinking funds as the scheduled payments are made during the fiscal year, as authorized by the School Board because the initial bond proceeds were used to benefit the West Ouachita School District. The annual set aside of principal is required to be held with a third-party paying agent who must invest and hold the funds and any interest earnings thereon in trust for payment to bond holders on the maturity date of the bonds.

East Ouachita Debt Service Fund

The East Ouachita Debt Service Fund accounts for the principal and interest payments for ten general obligation bonds series issued or refunded from 2012 through 2021 for the purpose of acquiring and/or improving lands for building sites and for constructing, acquiring, improving, equipping, and/or furnishing schools and school related facilities in East Ouachita Parish. This indebtedness is financed by a special bond ad valorem tax levied annually on taxable property in the East Ouachita School District.

NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2023

		WEST DUACHITA BT SERVICE	DIS	SCHOOL TRICT NO. 1 CB SINKING	EAST OUACHITA BT SERVICE	 TOTAL
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables	\$	4,364,309 - -	\$	94,102 8,666,666 -	\$ 11,519,195 - 3,204	\$ 15,977,606 8,666,666 3,204
TOTAL ASSETS		4,364,309		8,760,768	 11,522,399	 24,647,476
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable		-		-	 10,675	 10,675
TOTAL LIABILITIES		-		-	 10,675	 10,675
FUND BALANCES: Restricted for: Debt service		4,364,309		8,760,768	 11,511,724	 24,636,801
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	,	4,364,309		8,760,768	 11,511,724	 24,636,801
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	4,364,309	\$	8,760,768	\$ 11,522,399	\$ 24,647,476

NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	WEST OUACHITA DEBT SERVICE	SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 QSCB SINKING	EAST OUACHITA DEBT SERVICE	TOTAL
REVENUES				
Local sources:				
Taxes:				
Ad valorem	\$-	\$-	\$ 12,199,805	\$ 12,199,805
Interest earnings	77,911	174,429	343,050	595,390
TOTAL REVENUES	77,911	174,429	12,542,855	12,795,195
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Support services:				
General administration	-	-	374,419	374,419
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	4,765,000	-	7,510,000	12,275,000
Interest and bank charges	883,484	-	3,465,088	4,348,572
Bond issuance costs	-	-	20,539	20,539
Other debt service costs	1,598		4,000	5,598
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	5,650,082		11,374,046	17,024,128
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURES	(5,572,171)	174,429	1,168,809	(4,228,933)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Premium on bonds issued	-	-	2,521,212	2,521,212
Transfers in	5,651,501	508,443		6,159,944
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING				
SOURCES (USES)	5,651,501	508,443	2,521,212	8,681,156
Net Change in Fund Balances	79,330	682,872	3,690,021	4,452,223
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	4,284,979	8,077,896	7,821,703	20,184,578
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 4,364,309	\$ 8,760,768	\$ 11,511,724	\$ 24,636,801

NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUND Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Exhibit 11-1

	 BUDGET	 ACTUAL	Р	ARIANCE OSITIVE EGATIVE)
REVENUES				
Local sources:				
Interest earnings	\$ 74,108	\$ 77,911	\$	3,803
TOTAL REVENUES	 74,108	 77,911		3,803
EXPENDITURES				
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	4,765,000	4,765,000		-
Interest and bank charges	883,484	883,484		-
Other debt service costs	 -	 1,598		(1,598)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 5,648,484	 5,650,082		(1,598)
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(5,574,376)	(5,572,171)		2,205
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	 5,640,039	5,651,501		11,462
Net Change in Fund Balances	65,663	79,330		13,667
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	 4,284,979	 4,284,979		
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 4,350,642	\$ 4,364,309	\$	13,667

NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUND Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Exhibit 11-2

**********SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 QSCB SINKING*********

	 BUDGET	 ACTUAL	PC	RIANCE DSITIVE GATIVE)
REVENUES				
Local sources: Interest earnings	\$ 165,800	\$ 174,429	\$	8,629
TOTAL REVENUES	165,800	174,429		8,629
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	 508,443	 508,443		-
Net Change in Fund Balances	674,243	682,872		8,629
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	 8,077,896	 8,077,896		
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 8,752,139	\$ 8,760,768	\$	8,629

NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUND Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Exhibit 11-3

*****************EAST OUACHITA DEBT SERVICE******************

				ARIANCE POSITIVE
	 BUDGET	 ACTUAL	(N	EGATIVE)
REVENUES				
Local sources:				
Taxes:				
Ad valorem	\$ 12,205,425	\$ 12,199,805	\$	(5,620)
Interest earnings	 324,970	 343,050		18,080
TOTAL REVENUES	 12,530,395	 12,542,855		12,460
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Support services:				
General administration	374,419	374,419		-
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	7,510,000	7,510,000		-
Interest and bank charges Bond issuance costs	3,465,088	3,465,088		-
Other debt service costs	- 4,000	20,539 4,000		(20,539)
Other debt service costs	 4,000	 4,000		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 11,353,507	 11,374,046		(20,539)
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURES	1,176,888	1,168,809		(8,079)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Premium on bonds issued	 2,521,212	 2,521,212		-
Net Change in Fund Balances	3,698,100	3,690,021		(8,079)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	 7,821,703	 7,821,703		-
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 11,519,803	\$ 11,511,724	\$	(8,079)

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Proprietary Fund-Type Internal Service Funds

Internal service funds account for revenues and cost of services centrally provided to fund programs, departments and schools within the school system.

Self-Insurance

This fund accounts for the transactions related to payment of workers compensation, general liability, property and casualty claims that fall within the limits of the School Board's insurance plan deductibles and associated premiums. Revenue sources are from direct operating transfers from the General Fund and insurance carrier reinsurance and state second-injury refunds.

Centralized Printing

This fund accounts for the cost of centralized printing services provided to schools, departments, and programs within the school system and to other local governments. The cost of operations is funded through user fees billed to recipients of services at discounted costs and direct operating transfers from the General Fund.

PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE - INTERNAL SERVICE Combining Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

	IN	SELF SURANCE	NTRALIZED RINTING	TOTAL
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	786,866	\$ -	\$ 786,866
Investments		2,154,881	-	2,154,881
Receivables		694,926	-	694,926
Inventory		-	 104,664	 104,664
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		3,636,673	 104,664	 3,741,337
LIABILITIES				
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable		2,307	13,443	15,750
Interfund payables		536,000	89,663	625,663
Claims liability - due within one year		1,189,312	 -	1,189,312
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		1,727,619	 103,106	 1,830,725
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES				
Claims liability		347,528	 -	 347,528
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES		347,528	 -	 347,528
TOTAL LIABILITIES		2,075,147	 103,106	 2,178,253
NET POSITION				
Unrestricted		1,561,526	 1,558	 1,563,084
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	1,561,526	\$ 1,558	\$ 1,563,084

PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE - INTERNAL SERVICE Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	SELF INSURANCE	CENTRALIZED PRINTING	TOTAL
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for services	\$-	\$ 430,458	\$ 430,458
Reimbursements from insurers	793,589	-	793,589
Other revenues	5,154		5,154
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	798,743	430,458	1,229,201
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Self-insurance claims and insurance premiums	1,076,801	-	1,076,801
Business services	374,716	629,767	1,004,483
Equipment maintenance	252,100	741	252,841
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	1,703,617	630,508	2,334,125
Operating income (loss)	(904,874)	(200,050)	(1,104,924)
NONOPERATING REVENUES/EXPENSES			
Earnings on investments	116,854		116,854
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	(788,020)	(200,050)	(988,070)
TRANSFERS			
Transfers in	700,000	200,000	900,000
Transfers out	(536,000)		(536,000)
TOTAL TRANSFERS	164,000	200,000	364,000
Change in Net Position	(624,020)	(50)	(624,070)
NET POSITION - BEGINNING	2,185,546	1,608	2,187,154
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ 1,561,526	\$ 1,558	\$ 1,563,084

PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE - INTERNAL SERVICE Combining Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	SELF INSURANCE	CENTRALIZED PRINTING	TOTAL
CASH FLOW (USES) FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from interfund services provided	\$ -	\$ 410,663	\$ 410,663
Receipts from insurers Payments to suppliers and service providers Payments to employees for salaries and benefits	113,672 (629,279) -	- (334,825) (275,838)	113,672 (964,104) (275,838)
Claims and premiums paid	(998,335)		(998,335)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	(1,513,942)	(200,000)	(1,713,942)
CASH FLOW (USES) FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers from (to) General Fund	700,000	200,000	900,000
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities	700,000	200,000	900,000
CASH FLOW (USES) FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Sale (purchase) of investments	(2,154,881)	_	(2,154,881)
Earnings on investments	116,854		116,854
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	(2,038,027)		(2,038,027)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(2,851,969)	-	(2,851,969)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING	3,638,835		3,638,835
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - ENDING	786,866		786,866
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Changes in assets and liabilities:	(904,874)	(200,050)	(1,104,924)
(Increase) decrease in receivables (Increase) decrease in inventory	(685,071)	- 6,598	(685,071) 6,598
Increase (decrease) in payables Increase (decrease) in interfund payables	(2,463)	13,247 (19,795)	10,784 (19,795)
Increase (decrease) in menund payables	78,466	-	78,466
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ (1,513,942)	\$ (200,000)	\$ (1,713,942)

Ouachita Parish School Board West Monroe, Louisiana

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

GENERAL

Schedule of Compensation Paid Board Members For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

Exhibit 15

The schedule of compensation paid to School Board members was prepared in compliance with House Concurrent Resolution No. 54 of the 1979 session of the Louisiana Legislature.

The compensation of the School Board members is included in the general administration expenditures of the General Fund. In accordance with Louisiana Revised Statute 17:56, the School Board members have elected the monthly payment method of compensation. Under this method, the members of the School Board received \$800 per month. Additionally, the president received \$100 per month for exercising the duties of his office.

Board Member	District	A	mount
Mr. Tommy Comeaux, President	District A	\$	10,200
Mr. Greg Manley, Vice President	District G		9,600
Mrs. Shere May	District B		9,600
Mr. Scotty Waggoner	District C		4,800
Mr. Mike Batey	District C		4,800
Mr. Jerry R. Hicks	District D		10,200
Mr. Harold McCoy	District E		9,600
Mr. Arthur David Graves	District F		9,600
		\$	68,400

Schedule Of Compensation, Benefits And Other Payments To Agency Head (Superintendent) For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

Exhibit 16

Purpose	Amount
Salary	\$ 253,147
Benefits - Health and life insurance	12,968
Benefits - Retirement	62,459
Benefits - Medicare	3,396
Vehicle provided by government	2,520
Registration fees	1,400
Reimbursement - per diem	492
TOTAL	\$ 336,383

Agency Head Name: Don Coker, Ed. D., Superintendent

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STATISTICAL SECTION



2022-2023 Ouachita Parish Principals of the Year Jan Mercer, Highland Elementary School Marty Bumgart, Sterlington Middle School Dr. Sharilynn Loche, Richwood High School *Pictured with Dr. Don Coker, Superintendent*

Ouachita Parish School Board Statistical Section Contents

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	Number	Number
Financial Trends		
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the School Board's		
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Ouachita Parish School Board Statistical Section Contents

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These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the School Board's financial activities take place.		
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These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the		
information in the School Board's financial report relates to the services the School Board provides and the activities it performs.		
School Building Information	16	188
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Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the relevant year.

(concluded)

OUACHITA PARISH SCHOOL BOARD West Monroe, Louisiana

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2014	2015	2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022		2023
Governmental Activities																	
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 98,167,751	\$ 95,472,151	\$ 99,424,951	\$	107,429,689	\$	111,802,126	\$	115,196,702	\$	127,443,173	\$	132,390,605	\$	145,358,659	\$	154,361,348
Restricted	27,791,427	29,033,571	40,796,458		40,160,297		43,593,208		47,900,433		48,196,116		69,679,719		72,173,163		84,843,848
Unrestricted	 (31,003,232)	 (279,408,748)	 (286,271,440)		(293,926,363)		(425,459,984)		(426,802,058)		(427,305,889)		(414,434,972)		(361,673,331)		(338,975,510)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 94,955,946	\$ (154,903,026)	\$ (146,050,031)	\$	(146,336,377)	\$	(270,064,650)	\$	(263,704,923)	\$	(251,666,600)	\$	(212,364,648)	\$	(144,141,509)	\$	(99,770,314)

Source - Ouachita Parish School Board - Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Notes:

GASB Statement No. 63 was implemented for the year ended June 30, 2013. This statement changed the term net assets to net position.

GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented for the year ended June 30, 2015, accruing the School Board's proportionate share of state retirement systems accrued liability for employee pensions and related deferred inflows and outflows. GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented for the year ended June 30, 2018, accruing the full amount of the School Board's accrued liability for future costs of other post-employment benefits and related deferred inflows and outflows.

2023

2021

2022

OUACHITA PARISH SCHOOL BOARD West Monroe, Louisiana Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting) 2015 2017 2018 2019 2020 2016

Governmental activities:														
Expenses														
Instructional services:														
Regular programs		54,968	\$ 82,101,860	\$ 80,953,886	\$ 84,260,727	\$ 77,120,936	\$	81,409,382	\$ 84,465,452	\$	83,004,667	\$ 77,239,523	\$	92,907,397
Special education programs		26,219	17,938,573	17,616,365	17,886,494	15,938,938		16,474,749	16,400,723		14,546,858	11,022,433		13,545,929
Vocational programs		71,369	3,242,905	3,729,714	4,123,378	3,623,624		3,878,635	3,489,973		3,490,674	2,605,020		3,510,898
Other instructional programs		50,400	8,653,234	8,038,058	8,434,606	8,236,986		7,954,180	7,513,072		13,381,864	13,495,712		13,008,331
Special programs	4,2	94,852	4,378,506	4,128,148	4,771,208	5,207,903		5,211,340	5,187,468		7,161,295	4,716,429		6,424,882
Adult/continuing education		63,599	63,630	1,742	1,737	1,737		1,737	1,738		-	-		-
Support services:														
Student services	12,7	50,440	12,826,787	12,561,268	14,270,413	12,770,507		13,453,355	13,390,131		12,624,080	10,784,813		13,534,090
Instructional staff support	15,7	81,633	16,351,770	15,598,574	15,497,897	14,415,352		16,171,855	16,006,158		14,651,314	12,805,517		15,817,312
General administration	2,2	10,168	2,266,507	3,636,357	2,902,124	3,302,778		3,054,406	3,300,039		2,820,536	2,324,154		1,990,607
School administration	14,3	92,606	13,955,474	13,540,647	14,434,880	12,819,010		13,476,151	13,664,606		15,361,403	12,247,660		15,562,995
Business services	3,3	32,845	4,523,095	2,814,702	2,963,378	2,636,915		3,048,808	2,832,091		2,873,676	2,524,084		3,590,734
Plant services	21,9	97,850	20,746,414	20,746,614	21,537,054	19,925,928		21,170,718	22,645,881		22,185,701	23,959,886		27,354,413
Student transportation services		29,898	11,375,050	12,157,792	12,704,926	11,418,166		12,943,313	13,588,087		12,741,033	12,125,999		15,811,176
Central services		44,671	3,168,426	2,972,919	3,360,734	2,860,387		3,174,258	2,819,169		3,044,144	2,626,522		3,482,961
Noninstructional services:	- /	,	-,, -	, · · /· ·	- , ,	,,.		-, -,	,,		- / - /	·· · · ·		- , - ,
Food service	12.7	02,753	12,752,966	12,573,412	12,674,083	11,507,464		12,476,633	12,130,453		10,789,566	11,013,836		14,199,002
Community service programs		28,351	28,351	28,351	15,426	28,351		28,350	25,850		25,850	25,850		25,851
Long-term obligations:		20,001	20,001	20,001	10,120	20,001		20,000	20,000		20,000	20,000		20,001
Interest on long-term obligations	5.2	71,721	5,712,404	6,271,313	4,955,125	4,940,241		4,549,273	3,947,560		3,731,964	3,939,353		4,280,756
Bond Issuance and other costs		25.152	5,712,404	0,271,515	4,755,125	4,740,241		4,549,275	5,547,500		5,751,704	5,757,555		4,200,750
Total Expenses		29,495	220,085,952	 217,369,862	 224,794,190	 206,755,223		218,477,143	 221,408,451		222,434,625	 203,456,791		245,047,334
Total Expenses	221,0	29,493	220,083,932	 217,509,802	 224,/94,190	 200,755,225		210,477,145	 221,406,431		222,434,023	 205,450,791		243,047,334
Program Revenues														
Charges for services:														
Tuition for supplemental education programs	1	79,460	226,587	177,905	170,415	185,345		160,860	130,699		141,602	118,280		144,866
Cash payments for meals	1,6	23,267	1,373,873	1,286,314	1,258,189	1,195,612		1,220,434	845,147		130,953	150,103		535,219
Medical services provided	1	84,932	157,122	-	-	-		-	-		-	21,398		21,260
Other charges	4	93,374	719,094	26,747	35,261	55,080		43,734	30,454		29,514	16,918		14,634
Operating grants and contributions	25,8	18,053	26,706,736	24,321,649	23,951,666	23,496,113		24,015,689	23,134,547		31,647,699	48,981,696		51,948,234
Capital grants and contributions		_	469,592	100,000	200,000	-		-	-		-	-		-
Total program revenues	28,2	99,086	29,653,004	 25,912,615	25,615,531	24,932,150		25,440,717	 24,140,847		31,949,768	 49,288,395		52,664,213
Net (expenses)/revenues	(193,5	30,409)	(190,432,948)	 (191,457,247)	 (199,178,659)	 (181,823,073)		(193,036,426)	(197,267,604)		(190,484,857)	(154,168,396)		(192,383,121)
General Revenues					 	 	-		 				-	
Taxes:														
Ad valorem taxes levied for:														
General purposes	17.7	41,097	18,059,896	19,817,977	20,507,138	21,351,893		21,685,034	22,299,799		23,606,332	24,284,173		25,561,899
Debt service		45,918	8,221,656	7,651,928	7,769,530	9,094,044		8,077,197	9,926,935		10,915,196	11,420,094		12,199,805
Sales taxes levied for:	8,0	+5,918	8,221,050	7,051,928	7,709,550	9,094,044		8,077,197	9,920,935		10,915,190	11,420,094		12,199,005
General purposes	11.0	41,639	11,347,993	10,628,876	10,457,250	10,029,880		10,495,500	10,615,980		15,419,154	17,269,450		20,312,234
Salaries and related benefits		15,182	25,453,939	26,846,178	26,413,830	25,541,865		26,063,441	26,857,334		31,435,671	32,983,969		34,742,827
Debt service		·				23,341,863 9,227,757		9,142,385	26,837,334					54,742,827 6,159,944
	0,4	30,651	7,948,722	9,529,461	9,591,144	9,227,737		9,142,585	10,021,912		8,387,194	7,655,980		6,159,944
Grants and contributions not														
restricted to specific programs:		(2.20 7	100.055.050	101 000 000	100 051 015	110.010.067			100 105 500		100 150 001			101 000 500
Minimum Foundation Program		63,297	122,857,260	121,289,332	120,074,945	118,813,967		119,206,142	123,485,702		120,172,394	119,744,105		121,033,530
Other state revenue		97,755	44,341	2,944	2,907	2,952		12,442	12,349		10,310	11,054		9,602
State revenue sharing		17,682	822,633	782,238	817,187	811,721		810,290	805,266		791,356	789,679		834,777
Interest and investment earnings	4	01,929	457,327	808,145	682,144	1,078,461		2,122,329	2,146,374		207,093	(449,218)		5,078,679
Sale (loss) of assets		-	6,591	14,316	-	-		-	-		-	-		-
Other	2	68,079	1,906,623	2,938,849	2,576,238	1,904,684		2,134,880	3,134,276		13,827,640	8,682,249		10,821,019
Extraordinary item		-	-	 -	 -	 -		(353,487)	 -		-	 -		-
Total program revenues														236,754,316
	192,0	23,229	197,126,981	 200,310,244	 198,892,313	 197,857,224		199,396,153	 209,305,927	·	224,772,340	 222,391,535		250,754,510

Source - Ouachita Parish School Board - Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Notes:

Governmental activities:

GASB Statement No. 63 was implemented for the year ended June 30, 2013. This statement changed the term net assets to net position.

OUACHITA PARISH SCHOOL BOARD West Monroe, Louisiana

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
General Fund										
Nonspendable	\$-	ş -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 587,359	\$ 774,540	\$ 1,099,665	\$ 918,611	\$ 578,513	\$ 855,723
Restricted	1,298,334	1,285,000	740,961	664,264	756,926	895,935	1,333,562	1,640,823	2,103,841	2,360,018
Committed	1,186,021	1,117,817	999,797	497,219	776,425	1,021,540	1,140,719	832,598	1,023,302	996,144
Assigned	379,349	483,847	499,328	532,638	560,773	593,037	722,709	1,049,332	1,209,956	1,196,230
Unassigned	16,807,973	15,986,919	16,880,253	19,072,368	17,723,645	17,378,127	18,918,921	18,914,280	17,412,767	16,882,202
Total general fund	19,671,677	18,873,583	19,120,339	20,766,489	20,405,128	20,663,179	23,215,576	23,355,644	22,328,379	22,290,317
All Other Governmental Funds										
Nonspendable	123,283	88,805	208,337	180,713	533,824	483,961	536,139	495,529	592,873	820,707
Restricted	37,064,704	76,648,061	74,390,649	49,713,854	49,628,128	49,113,520	48,274,785	87,747,484	109,412,883	126,948,959
Committed	17,479,350	18,416,410	18,294,291	18,617,904	18,762,887	19,837,867	20,379,280	24,504,826	27,527,509	28,575,009
Assigned	312,621	221,001	395,624	1,041,479	585,127	685,894	896,765	-	964,392	1,017,644
Unassigned					(24,246)		(347,064)		(481,003)	(3,410)
Total all other governmental funds	54,979,958	95,374,277	93,288,901	69,553,950	69,485,720	70,121,242	69,739,905	112,747,839	138,016,654	157,358,909
Grand Total of funds	\$ 74,651,635	\$ 114,247,860	\$ 112,409,240	\$ 90,320,439	\$ 89,890,848	\$ 90,784,421	\$ 92,955,481	\$ 136,103,483	\$ 160,345,033	\$ 179,649,226

Source - Ouachita Parish School Board

ces of Governmental Funds

West Monroe, Louisiana

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Revenues										
Local sources:										
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 26,372,158	\$ 26,887,519	\$ 27,469,905	\$ 28,276,668	\$ 30,445,937	\$ 29,762,231	\$ 32,226,734	\$ 34,521,528	\$ 35,704,267	\$ 37,761,704
Sales and use taxes	42,487,472	44,750,653	47,004,515	46,462,224	45,501,420	45,653,738	47,447,638	55,194,430	57,861,810	61,167,416
Earnings on investments	398,169	452,966	799,138	668,307	1,046,448	2,075,140	2,087,995	205,015	(455,195)	4,961,825
Cash payments for meals	1,604,101	1,353,443	1,286,314	1,258,189	1,195,612	1,093,223	746,880	26,813	36,832	423,368
Other	3,679,236	4,870,952	2,623,367	3,362,737	1,972,936	3,045,946	2,440,367	8,590,307	9,832,972	11,033,196
State sources:	- , ,		· · · · · · ·		<i>y</i> · · <i>y</i> · · ·		, .,			,, · · ·
State equalization	119,363,297	122,857,260	121,289,332	120,074,945	118,813,967	119,206,142	123,485,702	120,172,394	119,744,105	121,033,530
Revenue sharing	817,682	822,633	782.238	817,187	811,721	810,290	805,266	791,356	789,679	834,777
Unrestricted grants-in-aid	2.897.755	44,341	2,944	2,907	2,952	12,442	12.349	10,310	11.054	9,602
Restricted grants-in-aid	1,933,079	1,847,389	2,653,582	2,115,034	1,188,222	1,354,081	2,487,656	2,602,226	2,072,889	2,771,050
Federal sources	1,755,077	1,047,505	2,000,002	2,115,054	1,100,222	1,554,001	2,407,050	2,002,220	2,072,005	2,771,050
Federal programs	19,965,095	20,836,366	21,173,116	21,114,031	21,509,793	21,775,489	19,993,184	28,534,064	46,356,243	48,295,597
Other federal support	430,290	480,337	594,951	922,601	798,098	886,119	653,707	511,409	552,564	48,295,597 881,587
Total revenues	219,948,334	225,203,859	225,679,402	225,074,830	223,287,106	225,674,841	232,387,478	251,159,852	272,507,220	289,173,652
Totallevenues	219,948,334	225,205,859	223,079,402	223,074,830	223,287,100	223,074,841	232,387,478	231,139,632	272,307,220	289,175,052
Expenditures: Current:										
Instructional services:										
Regular programs	72,480,720	73,797,595	73,990,028	71,978,082	71,830,633	71,802,915	74,560,252	77,474,351	89,143,607	92,706,207
Special education programs	17,653,505	17,628,891	17,666,886	16,901,961	16,785,639	16,241,708	16,127,072	15,417,891	15,131,102	15,433,435
Vocational programs	2,975,790	3,206,027	3,826,559	4,035,617	3,782,161	3,880,926	3,498,254	3,669,211	3,349,891	3,874,717
Other instructional programs	8,321,473	9,938,718	8,220,182	8,103,367	8,670,962	8,370,018	7,642,215	13,751,707	15,761,451	14,094,784
Special programs	4,015,928	4,262,997	4,148,776	4,517,888	5,354,587	5,115,721	5,095,486	7,421,223	6,010,734	6,986,987
Adult/continuing education	28,210	30,034	-		-	-	-		-	-
Support services:	20,210	50,051								
Student services	12,312,112	12,858,252	12,807,914	13,649,655	13,547,726	13,557,363	13,441,525	13,399,542	14,435,220	15,178,539
Instructional staff support	14,975,094	16,102,419	15,696,816	14,890,660	15,223,233	16,180,186	15,961,042	15,427,990	16,509,015	17,845,412
General administration	1,919,528	2,075,284	1,978,075	1,914,685	1,894,200	1,988,925	2,143,733	2,376,815	2,418,861	2,424,318
School administration	13,928,106	14,077,096	13,804,326	13,788,015	13,661,864	13,585,324	13,706,269	16,220,722	16,150,114	17,325,559
Business services	2,799,322	2,919,070	2,780,301	2,520,135	2,531,802	2,651,001	2,586,500	2,735,800	3,052,060	3,652,001
Plant services	2,799,322	22,275,412	21,035,044	2,520,135	2,331,802	2,631,001	21,535,892	2,755,800	25.070.022	27,870,336
Student transportation services	11,381,836	11,017,725	12,501,461	11,994,648	12,266,834	11,181,833	13,233,661	11,903,544	13,977,366	16,834,659
Central services	3,343,668	3,118,101	3,001,925	3,156,225	3,185,159	3,032,544	2,717,366	3,064,135	3,215,797	3,897,897
Noninstructional services:	10.000.000	10 (00 01 0	10 505 550	10 105 055	11 505 030	10.000.007	10.146.010	11 000 005	12 151 000	15 2 15 550
Food service operations	12,266,220	12,637,916	12,737,758	12,187,977	11,785,028	12,288,267	12,146,515	11,089,025	13,151,888	15,345,550
Community service programs	28,351	28,351	28,351	15,426	28,351	28,350	25,850	25,850	25,850	25,851
Capital outlay	5,531,933	10,426,801	26,359,588	24,123,435	4,916,480	7,419,047	6,380,844	11,729,776	15,264,648	21,593,440
Debt Service:										
Principal	7,330,000	9,715,000	10,805,000	11,660,000	11,645,000	12,145,000	23,780,000	17,015,000	13,160,000	12,275,000
Interest	5,341,015	5,343,831	6,578,585	5,634,413	5,504,148	5,101,239	4,596,856	4,035,087	4,037,222	4,408,572
Bond issuance and other charges	25,152	367,859	368,743	521,920	127,720	9,500	90,413	388,687	330,492	309,033
Total expenditures	217,515,216	231,827,379	248,336,318	243,014,726	223,088,790	225,112,052	239,269,745	249,501,454	270,195,340	292,082,297
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	2 (22 110	(6, 622, 620)	(22.55.01.0	(15.020.000)	100 21 5	5 (2 500	(6.000.0.00	1 650 200	2 211 000	(2,000,040)
over expenditures	2,433,118	(6,623,520)	(22,656,916)	(17,939,896)	198,316	562,789	(6,882,267)	1,658,398	2,311,880	(2,908,645)
Other financing sources (uses)										
Proceeds from sale of assets	10,352	6,591	14,316	7,763	30,778	1,245	1,207,429	77,089	50,929	33,441
Refunding bonds issued	-	9,230,000	12,330,000	30,705,000	7,330,000	-	8,670,000	19,393,818	-	-
General obligation bonds issued	-	28,500,000	-	-	-	-	-	21,795,000	20,205,000	20,000,000
Revenue bonds issued	-	-	20,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Limited tax certificates of indebtedness issued	-	15,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bond premium	-	2,519,394	1.258.543	3,426,636	-	-	-	-	2,463,485	2.521.212
Payments to refunded debt escrow agent - principal	-	(8,860,000)	(13,200,000)	(37,717,378)	(7,210,424)	-	-	(12,187,985)	-	-
Payments to refunded debt escrow agent - interest	-	(376,239)	(,=,)	(21,111,210)	(,,==,,==,)			(-=,,		-
Insurance Proceeds	-	(,,)	915,439	19,074	6,915	1,029,539	75,898	9,084,213	43,395	22,185
Transfers in	10,585,082	8,398,398	9,639,656	9,691,144	10,110,573	10,152,608	9,834,889	8,974,312	16,681,994	11,861,435
Transfers out	(10,785,082)	(8,198,398)	(10,139,656)	(10.281.144)	(10,895,749)	(10,852,608)	(10,734,889)	(10,661,312)	(17,515,133)	(12,225,435)
Total other financing sources(uses)	(189,648)	46,219,746	20,818,298	(4,148,905)	(627,907)	330,784	9.053.327	36,475,135	21,929,670	22,212,838
rotationer infancing sources(uses)			20,010,298						21,727,070	22,212,030
Net change in fund balances	\$ 2,243,470	\$ 39,596,226	\$ (1,838,618)	\$ (22,088,801)	\$ (429,591)	\$ 893,573	\$ 2,171,060	\$ 38,133,533	\$ 24,241,550	\$ 19,304,193
Debt service as a percentage of										
noncapital expenditures	6.00%	6.89%	7.92%	7.99%	7.96%	7.95%	12.32%	8.85%	6.75%	6.17%

West Monroe, Louisiana

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Calendar Years

Calendar Year Ended December 31,	 Land	Real P Residential Property	roperty Commercial Property	Personal Property			Less: Tax Exempt Real Property		Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Value
2013	\$ 144,496,862	\$ 416,489,923	\$ 162,114,785	\$ 277,883,254	\$	189,722,870	\$	(206,318,602)	\$ 984,389,092	59.33	\$ 8,948,991,745	11.00%
2014	148,134,483	425,896,195	166,020,288	276,837,818		188,439,220		(205,812,997)	999,515,007	59.33	9,086,500,064	11.00%
2015	148,231,367	435,582,695	167,001,440	286,139,264		190,517,600		(206,513,394)	1,020,958,972	59.33	9,281,445,200	11.00%
2016	153,170,528	445,158,649	172,530,545	296,016,303		197,209,390		(206,226,483)	1,057,858,932	59.33	9,616,899,382	11.00%
2017	156,354,698	463,984,976	182,533,135	305,550,036		203,402,160		(208,399,830)	1,103,425,175	62.53	10,031,137,955	11.00%
2018	160,020,076	482,009,855	190,744,576	306,478,160		182,675,910		(206,807,976)	1,115,120,601	59.33	10,366,218,070	10.76%
2019	161,684,668	493,043,987	193,929,308	308,646,492		187,082,800		(208,190,708)	1,136,196,547	65.33	10,545,217,970	10.77%
2020	170,088,035	516,338,416	187,721,746	314,433,762		199,843,420		(209,924,236)	1,178,501,143	65.33	10,899,648,030	10.81%
2021	173,479,533	529,298,094	192,170,654	306,487,695		204,745,040		(211,173,727)	1,195,007,289	65.33	11,056,072,580	10.81%
2022	177,478,882	548,019,173	208,612,190	325,285,198		207,643,140		(213,462,745)	1,253,575,838	65.33	11,527,680,733	10.87%

Source: OUACHITA Parish Tax Assessor Agency

Notes:

- (1) Taxable assessed value represents total assessed value less homestead exemption.
- (2) Actual valuation (market value) as compared to assessed valuation:
 - In accordance with the Louisiana Constitution of 1978, residential properties are assessed by the Ouachita Parish Assessor at 10% of market value and at 15% of market value for all other properties. The overall assessed value is estimated to be 11% of actual market value.
- (3) Exempt Properties do not include exempt assessed valuations such as churches, schools, government
- (4) The increases in public service property are due to new and existing pipeline companies expanding natural gas pipeline services throughout Ouachita parish and across northern Louisiana to connect to the Haynesville Shale reservoir, and for expansion of fiber optic services in rural areas.
- (5) This table presents information related to property taxes and assessed values for the parish as a whole. For information related to Ouachita Parish School Board's portion of property taxes, see table 12.
- (6) The increase in the 2017 Direct Tax Rate is from an increase in the East Ouachita Bond millage for debt service.

Table 5

Ouachita Parish School Board West Monroe, Louisiana

Direct and Overlapping Governments Property Tax Rates Last Ten Tax Calendar Years

Direct Rates (3)(A)					Other Applicable Taxes							Overlapping Rates					
	Maintenance		Debt	Total	Town	Town	City	Parish						Parish			
Tax	and	Constitutional	Service	School	Sterlington	Richwood	West Monroe	Inside/Outside City	Fire	East Ouachita		Law	Library	Jail	Debt		
Year	Operation Tax	Tax	Tax	Taxes	Municipal	Municipal	Operating (B)	Operating (2)	Maintenance	Recreation	Other (4)	Enforcement	Maintenance	Extension	Service	Other (1)	
					(C)	(C)	(C)	(C)	(C)	(C)	(C)	(C)	(C)	(C)	(C)	(C)	
2013	24.15	5.18	30.00	59.33	9.25	26.34 (7)	8.53	2.08/4.16	19.00	7.48	8.00 (6	12.11	7.47	9.20	0.00	7.75	
2014	24.15	5.18	30.00	59.33	9.25	26.34	8.53	2.08/4.16	19.00	7.48	8.00	12.11	7.47	9.20	0.00	8.06	
2015	24.15	5.18	30.00	59.33	9.25	26.34	8.53	2.08/4.16	19.00	7.48	8.00	12.11	7.47	9.20	0.00	8.06	
2016	24.15	5.18	30.00	59.33	9.25	26.34	8.52	2.07/4.14	18.83	7.48	8.00	12.11	7.64	9.16	0.00	8.31	
2017	24.15	5.18	33.20 (8)	62.53	9.25	26.34	8.52	2.07/4.14	18.83	7.48	8.00	12.11	7.64	9.20	0.00	8.31	
2018	24.15	5.18	30.00	59.33	9.25	26.34	8.52	2.07/4.14	18.83	7.48	8.00	12.11	7.64	9.20	0.00	8.31	
2019	24.15	5.18	36.00	65.33	9.25	26.34	8.53	2.07/4.14	18.83	7.48	8.00	12.11	7.64	9.20	0.00	8.31	
2020	24.15	5.18	36.00	65.33	9.18	26.95	8.52	2.07/4.14	19.11	7.43	9.71	12.11	7.64	9.20	0.00	8.29	
2021	24.15	5.18	36.00	65.33	9.18	26.95	8.53	2.07/4.14	19.11	7.43	9.71	12.11	7.64	9.20	0.00	8.29	
2022	24.15	5.18	36.00	65.33	9.18	26.95	8.53	2.07/4.14	18.00	7.43	4.71	12.11	7.64	9.20	0.00	8.29	

NOTE: In addition to the above rates, a Forestry Fee is assessed at 8 cents per acre to property owners, and the Louisiana

Tax Commission assesses .1 mill on the value of public service property parish wide and .15 mills on bank stock.

All taxes are due and collectible when assessment rolls are filed on or before November 15 of the current tax year. Taxes become delinquent on January 1 of the following year. Penalty for delinquent taxes is 10%. No discounts are allowed for taxes and there is no provision for partial payments.

The Sheriff, through registered mail, notifies taxpayers who have not paid their taxes by December 31 of each year that taxes are delinquent. After the notification period expires, the Sheriff is required to sell the least quantity of property of any debtor which any bidder will buy for the amount of taxes, interest, and cost due.

Overlapping rates are those of local and parish governments that apply to property owners within the Parish School District. Not all overlapping rates apply to all Ouachita Parish property owners; for example, although the parish property tax rates apply to all residents in the Parish, the debt service rates apply only to the property owners whose property is located within the applicable bond district's geographic boundaries.

(1) Includes Health Unit, Levee District, Detention Home, GB Cooley Hospital, Mosquito Abatement District, and the Assessment District.

(2) City operating includes property inside of a city; parish operating includes property outside of a city.

(3) The Parish School basic property tax rates may only be increased by a majority vote of the parish's residents. Rates for debt service are set based on each year's principal and interest requirements.

(4) Includes Tensas Basin Levee District and Road Lighting District #1

(5) West Ouachita Sewerage Bond was paid off in the prior year

(6) The Road Lighting District #1 tax (2.0) expired in 2011. The Parish Police Jury passed for 2013 a 5.0 mills tax for this district for 10 years.

(7) The Town of Richwood increased Police, Maintenance & Recreation Taxto 20.22 mills.

(8) Increase in East Ouachita Bond millage required for debt service

Source: (A) - Ouachita Parish School Board (B) - City of West Monroe

(C) - Ouachita Parish Assessor - Grand Recapitulation

OUACHITA PARISH SCHOOL BOARD West Monroe, Louisiana

Principal Property Taxpayers June 30, 2023 and Nine Years Ago

	Fiscal Year 2023				Fiscal Year 2014					
Taxpayer	 Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	-	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value			
Entergy Louisiana	\$ 94,638,020	1	7.55 %	\$	75,760,782	1	8.67 %			
Graphic Packaging, Inc.	51,982,720	2	4.15		44,011,343	2	5.04			
Angus Chemical	23,258,126	3	1.86							
Gulf South Pipeline	21,897,750	4	1.75		14,756,700	5	1.69			
Kinder Morgan	18,311,150	5	1.46							
Atmos Energy	15,331,500	6	1.22							
ETC Tiger Pipeline	14,219,390	7	1.13		18,560,820	3	2.12			
Lumen Technology	9,641,169	8	0.77							
Wal Mart	8,407,768	9	0.67		8,867,502	10	1.01			
AT&T Corp.	8,108,910	10	0.65		12,175,740	8	1.39			
Gulf Crossing Pipeline					14,933,170	4	1.71			
El Paso Energy Corp.					12,497,910	6	1.43			
CenterPoint Energy					12,301,590	7	1.41			
Dow Chemical	 			_	10,467,969	9	1.20			
Totals	\$ 265,796,503		21.20 %	\$	224,333,526		24.47 %			

Note: Includes property taxpayers inside the City of Monroe. Source: Ouachita Parish Tax Assessor

West Monroe, Louisiana

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Total Tax		ed within the					
Levy for	Fiscal Ye	ear of the Levy	Collections In	Total Collections to Date			
Fiscal Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy		
\$ 26,048,592	\$ 25,716,612	98.7%	\$ 15,327	\$ 25,731,939	98.8%		
26,560,992	26,218,895	98.7%	27,596	26,246,491	98.8%		
27,110,908	26,798,743	98.8%	35,638	26,834,381	99.0%		
27,940,897	27,570,251	98.7%	41,142	27,611,393	98.8%		
30,132,346	29,638,726	98.4%	174,022	29,812,748	98.9%		
29,172,782	28,916,160	99.1%	32,119	28,948,279	99.2%		
31,735,493	31,423,048	99.0%	36,042	31,459,090	99.1%		
34,026,236	33,723,747	99.1%	14,452	33,738,199	99.2%		
34,830,397	34,876,472	100.1%	20,993	34,876,472	100.1%		
37,218,047	36,890,758	99.1%	N/A	36,890,758	99.1%		
	Levy for Fiscal Year \$ 26,048,592 26,560,992 27,110,908 27,940,897 30,132,346 29,172,782 31,735,493 34,026,236 34,830,397	Levy for Fiscal Year Fiscal Year \$ 26,048,592 \$ 25,716,612 26,560,992 26,218,895 27,110,908 26,798,743 27,940,897 27,570,251 30,132,346 29,638,726 29,172,782 28,916,160 31,735,493 31,423,048 34,026,236 33,723,747 34,830,397 34,876,472	Levy for Fiscal YearFiscal Year of the Levy Percentage of Levy\$ 26,048,592\$ 25,716,612\$ 26,048,592\$ 25,716,61226,560,99226,218,89527,110,90826,798,74327,940,89727,570,25130,132,34629,638,72629,172,78228,916,16031,735,49331,423,04834,026,23633,723,74734,830,39734,876,472	Levy for Fiscal YearFiscal Year of the Levy AmountCollections In Subsequent Years\$ 26,048,592\$ 25,716,61298.7%\$ 15,32726,560,99226,218,89598.7%27,59627,110,90826,798,74398.8%35,63827,940,89727,570,25198.7%41,14230,132,34629,638,72698.4%174,02229,172,78228,916,16099.1%32,11931,735,49331,423,04899.0%36,04234,026,23633,723,74799.1%14,45234,830,39734,876,472100.1%20,993	Levy for Fiscal YearFiscal Year of the LevyCollections In Subsequent YearsTotal Coll Amount\$ 26,048,592\$ 25,716,61298.7%\$ 15,327\$ 25,731,93926,560,99226,218,89598.7%27,59626,246,49127,110,90826,798,74398.8%35,63826,834,38127,940,89727,570,25198.7%41,14227,611,39330,132,34629,638,72698.4%174,02229,812,74829,172,78228,916,16099.1%32,11928,948,27931,735,49331,423,04899.0%36,04231,459,09034,026,23633,723,74799.1%14,45233,738,19934,830,39734,876,472100.1%20,99334,876,472		

Source: Ouachita Parish Sheriff (ex-officio tax collector)

N/A - Information is not yet available.

West Monroe, Louisiana

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type

Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Qualified	Unamortized			
Fiscal Year	General		Limited Tax	School	Net Bond	Total	Percentage	
Ended	Obligation	Revenue	Certificates of	Construction	Premiums	Debt	of Personal	Per
June 30	Bonds	Bonds	Indebtedness	Bonds	(Discounts)	Outstanding	Income	Capita
2014	\$ 76,925,000	\$ 52,175,000	\$ -	\$ 10,000,000	\$ 377,952	\$ 139,477,952	2.28%	\$ 886
2015	101,625,000 (4)	48,315,000	13,315,000 (5)	10,000,000	2,614,553	175,869,553	2.92%	1,117
2016	95,690,000 (6)	64,310,000 (7)	11,580,000	10,000,000	3,451,461	185,031,461	3.21%	1,180
2017	89,650,000 (8)	55,665,000 (8)	9,790,000	10,000,000	6,189,490	171,294,490	3.00%	1,091
2018	84,750,000 (9)	51,355,000	7,945,000	10,000,000	5,494,431	159,544,431	2.68%	1,024
2019	79,065,000	46,795,000	6,045,000	10,000,000	4,806,254	146,711,254	2.40%	950
2020	73,170,000	39,535,000 (10)	4,090,000	10,000,000	4,118,077	130,913,077	2.08%	854
2021	89,135,000	34,340,000	2,075,000	10,000,000	6,620,680	142,170,680	2.04%	933
2022	102,760,000	29,835,000	-	10,000,000	8,316,089	150,911,089	2.08%	951
2023	115,250,000	25,070,000	-	10,000,000	9,943,164	160,263,164	2.17%	1,016

Notes:

Details regarding the School Board's outstanding debt can be found in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

(1) - See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal and per capita income data in Table 14

(2) - The West Ouachita Bond District refinanced the 2001 and 2002 series revenue bonds.

(3) - The East Ouachita Bond District issued \$19.3 million in general obligation bonds.

(4) - The East Ouachita Bond District issued \$28.5 million in general obligation bonds and refinanced the 2005 series general obligation bonds.

(5) - School District No. 1 issued \$15,000,000 in Limited Tax Certificates of Indebtedness for capital spending in the West school district.

(6) - East Ouachita Bond District refinanced the 2006 series general obligation bonds.

(7) - West Ouachita Bond District issued \$20 million in revenue bonds.

(8) - The East Ouachita Bond District refinanced the 2007, 2008 and 2009 series general obligation bonds and the West Ouachita Bond District refinanced the 2006, 2007 and 2008 series revenue bonds.

(9) - East Ouachita Bond District refinanced the 2010 series general obligation bonds.

(10) - West Ouachita Bond District refinanced the 2009 series revenue bonds.

Source - Ouachita Parish School Board

Table 10

West Monroe, Louisiana

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

							Percentage of Estimated	
Fiscal Year	General			Le	ss: Amounts		Actual Taxable	
Ended	Obligation		Bond	Ava	ilable in Debt	Total Net	Value of	Per
June 30	Bonds	P	remiums	Se	rvice Funds	Debt	Property	Capita
2014	\$ 76,925,000	\$	152,013	\$	(4,801,477)	\$ 72,275,536	0.81%	459
2015	101,625,000		1,288,793		(6,135,643)	96,778,150	1.07%	615
2016	95,690,000		2,094,356		(4,606,570)	93,177,786	1.00%	594
2017	89,650,000		4,090,710		(3,639,025)	90,101,685	0.94%	574
2018	84,750,000		3,740,293		(3,983,361)	84,506,932	0.84%	542
2019	79,065,000		3,396,849		(3,327,552)	79,134,297	0.76%	512
2020	73,170,000		3,053,224		(4,430,861)	71,792,363	0.68%	468
2021	89,135,000		5,963,205		(9,745,916)	85,352,289	0.78%	560
2022	102,760,000		7,792,751		(7,821,703)	102,731,048	0.93%	647
2023	115,250,000		9,943,164		(11,511,724)	113,681,440	0.99%	721

Notes:

(1) Details regarding the School Board's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

(2) General Obligation Bonds column excludes certificates of indebtedness and Qualified School Construction Bonds.

(3) See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data in Table 14.

(4) See Schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property for property value data in Table 5.

(5) Bond premiums column includes only premiums related to general obligation bonds

OUACHITA PARISH SCHOOL BOARD West Monroe, Louisiana

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2023

<u>Governmental Unit</u>	_	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	 Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Debt repaid:				
East Ouachita Recreation District No. 1	\$	2,020,000	100.00%	\$ 2,020,000
Ouachita Parish Policy Jury		7,358,000	100.00%	7,358,000
Town of Richwood		590,000	100.00%	590,000
Town of Sterlington		17,210,992	100.00%	17,210,992
City of West Monroe	_	28,638,681	100.00%	 28,638,681
Subtotal, overlapping debt		55,817,673		55,817,673
Ouachita Parish School Board Direct Debt				 160,263,164
Total direct and overlapping debt				\$ 216,080,837

Sources: Debt outstanding data extracted from annual financial report of respective governments.

Notes:

The East Ouachita Recreation District No. 1 (a component unit of the Ouachita Parish Police Jury) has debt that is backed by ad valorem taxes levied within East Ouachita Recreation District No. 1. The geographical boundaries of the East Ouachita Recreation District No. 1 are completely within the School District's geographical boundaries. Therefore the residents and business of the School District located within the East Ouachita Recreation District No. 1 would bear 100 percent of the overlapping debt of the East Ouachita Recreation District No. 1.

The Ouachita Parish Policy Jury's debt is backed by sales taxes collected within the West Ouachita Economic Development District. The geographical boundaries of the West Ouachita Economic Development District are completely within the School District's geographical boundaries. Therefore the residents and business of the School District located within the West Ouachita Economic Development District would bear 100 percent of the overlapping debt of the Ouachita Parish Police Jury.

The City of West Monroe's debt is backed by sales taxes collected within the city limits of the City of West Monroe. The geographical boundaries of the City of West Monroe are completely within the School District's geographical boundaries. Therefore, the residents and businesses of the School District located within the City of West Monroe would bear 100 percent of the overlapping debt of the City of West Monroe.

The Town of Sterlington's debt is backed by sales taxes collected within the city limits of the Town of Sterlington. The geographical boundaries of the Town of Sterlington are completely within the School District's geographical boundaries. Therefore the residents and business of the School District located within the Town of Sterlington would bear 100 percent of the overlapping debt of the Town of Sterlington.

Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the Ouachita Parish School Board. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and business of the School District. This process recognizes that, when considering the School Board's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and business should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and; therefore, responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

The Ouachita Parish Sheriff and other Component Units of the Ouachita Parish Police Jury are additional governmental units included within the School Board's geographical boundaries. These governmental units do not have any outstanding long-term debt related to governmental-type activities at June 30, 2020.

The town of Richwood's last annual financial report was published was for the 2020 year end.

OUACHITA PARISH SCHOOL BOARD West Monroe, Louisiana

Legal Debt Margin Information

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
<u> Fast Ouachita Bond District</u>										
Debt Limit	\$ 107,447,992	\$ 109,584,638	\$ 158,143,899	\$ 160,372,930	\$ 168,413,357	\$ 164,011,761	\$ 168,667,712	\$ 182,739,633	\$ 187,074,500	\$ 201,453,968
Total net debt applicable to limit	72,275,536	96,778,150	93,177,786	90,101,685	84,506,932	79,134,297	71,792,363	85,352,289	102,731,048	113,681,440
Legal debt margin	\$ 35,172,456	\$ 12,806,488	\$ 64,966,113	\$ 70,271,245	\$ 83,906,425	\$ 84,877,464	\$ 96,875,349	\$ 97,387,344	\$ 84,343,452	\$ 87,772,528
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	67.27%	88.31%	58.92%	56.18%	50.18%	48.25%	42.56%	46.71%	54.91%	56.43%

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2023	Parish-wide	Ouachita Parish School Board Authority	East Ouachita Bond District
Taxable Assessed value	\$1,253,575,838	\$ 850,189,082	\$ 341,165,630
Add back: exempt real property	213,462,745	170,557,959	61,742,305
Total assessed value	\$ 1,467,038,583	\$ 1,020,747,041	402,907,935
Debt limit (50% of total assessed value)			201,453,968
Debt applicable to limit:			
General Obligation bonds			115,250,000
Bond premium			9,943,164
Less: Amount set aside for repayment of			
general obligation debt			(11,511,724)
Total net debt applicable to limit			113,681,440
Legal debt margin			\$ 87,772,528

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Assessed value is obtained from the Ouachita Parish Tax Assessor.

Notes:

(1) In accordance with Louisiana Revised Statutes Title 34 Section 562, the Ouachita Parish School Board's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 35 percent of total assessed property value of the applicable bonding district as of June 30, 2015. However, Act 413 of the 2015 Louisiana Legislative Session raises the debt limit from 35% to 50% of assessed property value effective July 1, 2015 and thereafter.

(2) The general obligation bonds issued by the Ouachita Parish School Board are all currently issued for the East Ouachita Bond District.

Source - Ouachita Parish School Board

Ouachita Parish School Board

West Monroe, Louisiana

Pledged Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

.

						Limited Tax			
	Sales	Sales Revenue Bonds (1)				ates of Indebtedness		Total	
Fiscal	Tax		Debt Service			Debt Service		Debt	
Year	Collections	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total	Service	Coverage
2014	\$ 11,363,995	\$ 3,730,000	\$ 2,092,259	\$ 5,822,259	\$ -	\$ - \$	- \$	5,822,259	1.95
2015	11,861,397	3,860,000	1,965,571	5,825,571	1,685,000 (4)	370,470 (4)	2,055,470	7,881,041	1.51
2016	12,456,551	4,005,000 (5)	2,212,488	6,217,488	1,735,000	544,850	2,279,850	8,497,338	1.47
2017	12,442,378	4,625,000 (6)	2,218,686	6,843,686	1,790,000	458,100	2,248,100	9,091,786	1.37
2018	12,190,806	4,310,000	2,064,512	6,374,512	1,845,000	368,600	2,213,600	8,588,112	1.42
2019	12,114,847	4,560,000	1,899,525	6,459,525	1,900,000	276,350	2,176,350	8,635,875	1.40
2020	12,754,352	4,730,000	1,641,346	6,371,346	1,955,000	181,350	2,136,350	8,507,696	1.50
2021	14,521,892	4,220,000	1,189,009	5,409,009	2,015,000	122,700	2,137,700	7,546,709	1.92
2022	15,161,258	4,505,000	999,026	5,504,026	2,075,000	62,250	2,137,250	7,641,276	1.98
2023	16,130,226	4,765,000	883,484	5,648,484	-	-	-	5,648,484	2.86

Notes:

- (1) The School Board has issued revenue bonds from 1998 to 2010. The bonds are backed by a one percent sales tax collected in the West Ouachita Bond District. The tax is for the period 1998 through 2025. The revenue bonds all mature before the sales tax expires in 2025. The annual principal and interest payments must be met before any other expenditures can be paid with the sales tax revenues.
- (2) The School Board issued \$16 million in limited tax certificates of indebtedness in 2002 and 2003 and were paid in full during the 2011-12 fiscal year. The certificates of indebtedness are secured by a 24.15 mill property tax levied in the General Fund for maintenance and operations; however, sales tax proceeds in the West Ouachita Sales Tax District is the source of debt service payments made.
- (3) Series 2001 and 2002 revenue bonds for \$10.07 million and \$3.43 million, respectively, were partially advance refunded in 2010-11.
- (4) Issued \$15 million in limited tax certificates of indebtedness in 2014-15. The West Ouachita Sales Tax pays the principal and interest on these bonds even though they are secured by a 24.15 mill ad valorem tax collected in the General Fund.
- (5) Issued \$20 million revenue bonds in 2015-16.
- (6) Series 2006, 2007, and 2008 revenue bonds for \$8.28 million, \$11.95 million and \$5.0 million, respectively, were partially advanced refunded in 2016-2017.
- (7) Series 2010 revenue bonds were called for redemption on December 21, 2020. \$3,575,000 in current refunding bonds were issued.

Source - Ouachita Parish School Board

OUACHITA PARISH SCHOOL BOARD West Monroe, Louisiana

Table 14

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended		Personal		Per Capita ersonal	School	Percentage on Free & Reduced	Unemployment
June 30	Population	 Income	I	ncome	Enrollment (1)	Meals	Rate
2014	157,442	\$ 6,127,327,756	\$	38,918	20,002	45.00%	7.26%
2015	157,415	6,030,411,235		38,309	19,974	58.00%	7.00%
2016	156,761	5,760,026,184		36,744	19,741	62.73%	6.54%
2017	156,983	5,713,553,268		36,396	19,618	54.67%	6.10%
2018	155,874	5,957,036,658		38,217	19,505	54.99%	5.30%
2019	154,475	6,123,852,425		39,643	19,252	65.92%	6.30%
2020	153,279	6,292,562,787		41,053	19,081	66.46%	5.80%
2021	152,439	6,960,517,179		45,661	18,459	66.96%	7.40%
2022	158,768	7,249,505,648		45,661	18,251	63.11%	5.00%
2023	157,702	7,381,084,408		46,804	18,176	68.00%	3.60%

Sources:

(1) - All information is parish wide except where noted.

(2) - Northeast Louisiana Economic Partnership (www.nlep.org)

(3) - Louisiana Department of Education - SIS

(4) - Louisiana Workforce Commission (information presented is calendar year averages)

Note:

(1) - Student enrollment is as of February 1st and includes counts for preschool and Pre-K students.

West Monroe, Louisiana

Principal Employers June 30, 2023 and Nine Years Ago

	Fiscal	Year	2023	Fiscal Year 2014			
	Number of		% of Total	Number of	Q	6 of Total	
	Employees	Employees Employment		Employees	E	mployment	
Ouachita Parish School Board	2,688	1	3.44%	2,813	1	4.13%	
St. Francis Medical Center	1,800	2	2.30%	2,219	2	3.25%	
State of Louisiana Civil Service	1,363	3	1.74%				
Graphic Packaging	1,106	4	1.41%	1,167	8	1.71%	
JP Morgan Chase	1,100	5	1.41%	2,100	4	3.08%	
Glenwood Regional Medical Center	951	6	1.22%				
Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.	912	7	1.17%	1,206	6	1.77%	
University of Louisiana at Monroe	880	8	1.13%	1,100	9	2.46%	
City of Monroe	851	9	1.09%	1,200	7	1.76%	
Lumens Tech	800	10	1.02%	2,100	3	3.08%	
Monroe City School Board				1,346	5	1.97%	
IASIS Health and Hospitals				950	10	1.39%	

Note: Includes employers within the City of Monroe Source:

(1) - North Louisiana Economic Partnership-Employer Surveys

(2) - Bureau of Labor Statistics - labor force data by county-annual average

(3) - City of Monroe, ULM, Ouachita Parish School Board

West Monroe, Louisiana

School Building Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

Form of Government Area of Parish Regular School Days			Last IV						President/So 633 S	chool Board quare Miles 180
Number of Schools: (1)	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Elementary	22	22	22	22	21	21	21	21	22	22
Middle	8	8	8	8	10	10	10	10	9	9
High School	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Total number of schools	35	35	35	35	36	36	36	36	36	36
Enrollment (Public School Only): (2) Preschool Kindergarten Grades 1-5	880 1528 7,601	856 1,574 7,529	844 1,445 7,388	834 1,524 7,280	853 1,488 7,269	838 1,434 7,120	797 1,482 7,092	682 1,371 6866	712 1393 6740	731 1417 6787
Grades 6-8	4,592	4,504	4,427	4,379	4,395	4,463	4,387	4274	4137	4105
Grades 9-12	5,401	5,511	5,637	5,601	5,500	5,397	5,323	5,267	5269	5136
Total	20,002	19,974	19,741	19,618	19,505	19,252	19,081	18,460	18,251	18,176

Note:

(1) Source: Agreed upon procedures and statistical data accompanying the annual financial statements and School Board

(2) Enrollment counts are reported as of February 1st.

Enrollment counts include preschool and Pre-K students.

Table 16

West Monroe, Louisiana

School Personnel Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Teachers										
Less than a Bachelor's degree	2	0	0	1	1	1	2	2	0	0
Bachelor	678	680	703	693	688	696	688	674	677	662
Master	342	332	337	335	342	352	358	359	386	387
Master +30	221	233	213	191	189	170	160	153	169	173
Specialist in Education	5	4	2	2	3	4	4	4	5	3
Ph.D. or Ed.D.	6	5	7	5	6	5	6	8	8	10
Total	1,254	1,254	1,262	1,227	1,229	1,228	1,218	1,200	1,245	1,235
Principals & Assistants										
Bachelor										2
Master	14	11	13	15	16	15	15	16	15	21
Master +30	62	64	62	59	59	60	59	60	57	50
Specialist in Education	1	1	2	1	1	1	2	2	1	1
Ph.D. or Ed.D.	6	7	8	8	8	6	5	6	5	3
Total	83	83	85	83	84	82	81	84	78	77

Source:

2011 - 2017 Agreed upon procedures report on performance and statistical data accompanying the annual financial statements.

2018 - 2022 Ouachita Parish School Board

Table 17

Table 18

OUACHITA PARISH SCHOOL BOARD West Monroe, Louisiana

Operating Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Expenses (1)	Enrollment (2)	ost Per Pupil	Percentage Change	Teaching Staff (3)	Pupil/ Teacher Ratio
2014	\$ 221,829,495	20,002	\$ 11,090	8.13%	1,254	15.95
2015	220,085,952	19,974	11,019	-0.65%	1,254	15.93
2016	217,369,862	19,741	11,011	-0.07%	1,262	15.64
2017	224,794,190	19,618	11,459	4.06%	1,227	15.99
2018	206,755,223	19,505	10,600	-7.49%	1,229	15.87
2019	218,477,143	19,252	11,348	7.06%	1,228	15.68
2020	221,408,451	19,081	11,604	2.25%	1,218	15.67
2021	222,434,625	18,459	12,050	3.85%	1,200	15.38
2022	203,456,791	18,251	11,148	-7.49%	1,245	14.66
2023	245,047,334	18,176	13,482	20.94%	1,235	14.72

Notes:

From Table 2 (1)

From Table 14 (2)

(3) From Table 17 Ouachita Parish School Board West Monroe, Louisiana

Single Audit Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

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Audit Managers:

Supervisors:

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Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

Board Members Ouachita Parish School Board West Monroe, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Ouachita Parish School Board as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School Board's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 29, 2023.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

2441 Tower Drive

Monroe, LA 71201

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School Board's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School Board's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School Board's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. Although the intended use of this report may be limited, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Office of the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

allen, Green + Williamson, LLP

ALLEN, GREEN & WILLIAMSON, LLP Monroe, Louisiana December 29, 2023



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Tim Green, CPA

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; and Report on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

Independent Auditor's Report

Board Members Ouachita Parish School Board West Monroe, Louisiana

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Ouachita Parish School Board's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School Board's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The School Board's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

In our opinion, the School Board complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (Government Auditing Standards); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the School Board and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School Board's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the School Board's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the School Board's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect a material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the School Board's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the School Board's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the School Board's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of Compliance section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

Our audit was designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Office of the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School Board, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School Board's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated December 29, 2023, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards general accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

allen, Dreen + Williamson, LLP

ALLEN, GREEN & WILLIAMSON, LLP

Monroe, Louisiana December 29, 2023

Ouachita Parish School Board Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

FEDERAL GRANTOR/	AL	Pass-Through		
PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/PROGRAM NAME	Number	Grantor No.		Expenditures
United States Department of Agriculture				
Passed Through Louisiana Department of Education				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
Cash Assistance				
School Breakfast Program	10.553	LEA No. 037	\$ 2,587,904	
National School Lunch Program	10.555	LEA No. 037	6,652,721	
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	LEA No. 037	304,169	
Supply Chain Assistance	10.555	LEA No. 037	559,270	
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	LEA No. 037	253,096	
Non-cash Assistance - Commodities				
National School Lunch Program (Commodities)	10.555	LEA No. 037	881,587	
Total Child Nutrition Cluster				\$ 11,238,747
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	LEA No. 037		108,126
Total United States Department of Agriculture				11,346,873
United States Department of Education				
Passed through Louisiana Department of Education:				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	28-22-T1-37	7,032,641	
		28-21-RD19-37	917,263	
		28-22-DSS-37	179,468	8,129,372
Special Education Cluster (IDEA):				
Special Education Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027A	28-22-B1-37	4,602,199	
		28-21-JP-37	50,000	
		28-21-I1SA-37	69,353	
	84.027X	28-22-IA11-37	496,531	
Special Education Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.173A	28-22-P1-37	82,608	
	84.173A	28-22-I9SA-37	3,807	
	84.173X	28-22-IA19-37	36,270	
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)				5,340,768
Career & Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048A	28-21-02-37		36,532
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants (Title II)	84.367A	28-22-50-37		896,374
English Language Acquisition Grants (Title III)	84.365A	28-22-60-37		21,070
English Language Acquisition Grants (Title III-Immigrant)	84.365A	28-23-83-37		54,258
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund (ESSERFIII-Formula)	84.425U	28-21-ES3F-37	2,864,600	
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund (ESSERF-Incentive)	84.425D	28-20-ESRI-37	462,810	
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund (ESSERF-Formula)	84.425D	28-20-ESRF-37	214,364	
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund (ESSERFII-Incentive)	84.425D	28-21-ES2I-37	37,330	
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund (ESSERFII-Formula)	84.425D	28-21-ES2F-37	16,293,075	
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund (ESSER III EB Interventions)	84.425U	28-21-ESEB-37	2,582,666	
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund (Homeless ARP)	84.425W	28-22-HARP-37	38,322	
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund (Real-time Access to Literacy)	84.425	28-21-REL2-37	74,683	22,567,850
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program (Title IV SSAE)	84.424A	28-23-71-37	328,332	
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program (Title IV Set Aside)	84.424A	28-22-71-37	9,610	337,942
Striving Readers	84.371C	28-21-SRO5-37	8,686	104 545
Total United States Department - 6 Education		28-21-SRO5-37	97,881	106,567
Total United States Department of Education				\$ 37,490,733

(Continued)

Ouachita Parish School Board Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/PROGRAM NAME	AL <u>Number</u>	Pass-Through Grantor No.		Expenditures
United States Department of Homeland Security Direct Program: Disaster Grants - Public Assistance Total United States Department of Homeland Security	97.036	N/A		\$ 129,700 129,700
United States Department of Defense				
Direct Programs: Air Force Junior Reserve Officer Training Corps	12.UKN	LA050061	58,161	
Army Junior Reserve Officer Training Corps	12.UKN	LA331676	26,635	
Naval Junior Reserve Officer Training Corps	12.UKN	N9637719	70,270	
Naval Junior Reserve Officer Training Corps	12.UKN	N4982319	54,812	209,878
Total Federal Expenditures		-		\$ 49,177,184 (Concluded)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

Ouachita Parish School Board Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Ouachita Parish School Board (the School Board), West Monroe, Louisiana under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). The School Board's reporting entity is defined in Note 1 of the Notes to the Financial Statements of the School Board's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. Federal awards received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal awards passed through other government agencies, are included on the Schedule. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the School Board, it is not intended to and does not present the financial positon, changes in fund balances, or cash flows of the School Board.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES The accompanying Schedule is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is described in Note 1 of the Notes to the Financial Statements of the School Board's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE 3 - RELATIONSHIP TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Federal awards revenues are reported in the School Board's basic financial statements as follows:

<u>Funds</u>	Federal	Sources
Major Funds:		
General		339,578
Education Stabilization		22,567,850
Nonmajor Funds:		
School Food Service		11,346,873
Title I Programs		8,129,372
Special Education IDEA-B		5,340,768
Other Federal Programs		1,452,743
Total	\$	49,177,184

NOTE 4 - RELATIONSHIP TO FEDERAL FINANCIAL REPORTS Amounts reported in the accompanying schedule agree with the amounts reported in the related federal basic financial reports except for changes made to reflect amounts in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

NOTE 5 - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARDS For those funds that have matching revenues and state funding, federal expenditures were determined by deducting matching revenues from total expenditures.

NOTE 6 - NONCASH PROGRAMS The commodities received, which are noncash revenues, are valued using prices provided by the United States Department of Agriculture.

NOTE 7 - INDIRECT COST RATE The School Board has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Ouachita Parish School Board Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

PART I - Summary of the Auditor's Results

Financial Statement Audit

- i. The type of audit report issued was unmodified.
- ii. There were no significant deficiencies required to be disclosed by *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America.
- iii. The audit disclosed no instances of noncompliance considered material to the financial statements, as defined by *Government Auditing Standards*.

Audit of Federal Awards

- iv. There were no significant deficiencies required to be disclosed by the Uniform Guidance (2 CFR 200).
- v. The type of report the auditor issued on compliance for major programs was unmodified.
- vi. The audit disclosed no audit findings which the auditor is required to report under the Uniform Guidance regarding noncompliance.
- vii. The major federal programs are:

Special Education Cluster: Special Education Grants to States - IDEA Special Education Preschool	CFDA #84.027 CFDA #84.173
COVID 19 Education Stabilization	CFDA #84.425
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	CFDA #84.010

- viii. The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs as described in the Uniform Guidance was \$1,475,315.
- ix. The auditee does not qualify as a low-risk auditee under the Uniform Guidance.

Ouachita Parish School Board

OTHER INFORMATION



1600 North 7th Street • West Monroe, Louisiana 71291 • Phone: (318) 432-5000 • ww.opsb.net

Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Reference # and title: 2022-001 Late Filing of Report with Legislative Auditor

Entity-wide or program/department specific: This finding is entity-wide.

Condition found: The report was filed after the six month deadline and the agency did not have an emergency extension.

Corrective action taken: Management took steps to ensure the report was filed timely. This finding is considered to be cleared.

Reference # and title: 2022-002 Inappropriate Use of Credit Cards by One Employee

Entity-wide or program/department specific: This finding is department specific.

Condition found: The Business Office detected an inappropriate use of credit cards by an employee in November 2022. The Sheriffs Office, District Attorney, and Legislative Auditor were all notified. The employee is no longer employed by the School Board. This is an ongoing investigation by the Sheriffs office.

Corrective action taken: Management has reviewed internal controls to ensure controls are in place and functioning. This finding is considered to be cleared.

Reference # and title: 2022-003 Allowable Costs and Cost Principles

CFDA#, Federal Award Title, Federal Agency, Federal Award# and Year, and the Name of Pass- Through **Entity:** This finding relates to the following programs:

Child Nutrition Cluster - National School Lunch Program, CFDA #10.555, School Breakfast Program, CFDA #10.553, Summer Food Service Program for Children, CFDA #10.559, and Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program for the Federal Award Year 2022 received from Federal Agency: U.S. Department of Education, passed through Louisiana Department of Education.

Supporting Effective Instruction Grants, Title II, CFDA #84.367A for the Federal Award Year 2022 received from Federal Agency: U.S. Department of Education, passed through Louisiana Department of Education.

Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings and Questioned Costs (continued)

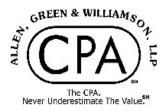
Condition found: A sample of payroll disbursements was selected to test for numerous attributes including employee and supervisor approval of time. For the Child Nutrition Cluster disbursements, five out of sixteen disbursements tested did not provide documentation of approval of employee and five out of sixteen disbursements tested did not provide documentation of supervisor. For the Title II disbursements, nine out of twenty-eight checks tested did not provide documentation of supervisor approval of time.

Corrective action taken: Management reviewed the internal controls in place to ensure disbursements were properly approved. This finding is considered to be cleared.

Respectively submitted,

Regina Mekus Director of Business

AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES



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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING STATEWIDE AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

Board Members Ouachita Parish School Board West Monroe, Louisiana

We have performed the procedures enumerated below on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's (LLA's) Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Ouachita Parish School Board's management is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

The School Board has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of the engagement, which is to perform specified procedures on the C/C areas identified in LLA's SAUPs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Additionally, LLA has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for its purposes. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures and associated findings are as follows:

1) Written Policies and Procedures

- A. Obtain and inspect the entity's written policies and procedures and observe whether they address each of the following categories and subcategories if applicable to public funds and the entity's operations
 - i. *Budgeting*, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.
 - ii. *Purchasing*, including (1) how purchases are initiated; (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list;
 (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders; (4) controls to ensure compliance with the Public Bid Law; and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.
- iii. *Disbursements*, including processing, reviewing, and approving.

- iv. *Receipts/Collections*, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g., periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).
- v. *Payroll/Personnel*, including (1) payroll processing, (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked, and (3) approval process for employee(s) rate of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedules.
- vi. *Contracting*, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.
- vii. *Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, P-Cards, if applicable)*, including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases).
- viii. *Travel and Expense Reimbursement*, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.
- ix. *Ethics* including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) a requirement that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy.
- x. *Debt Service*, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.
- xi. Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.
- xii. *Prevention of Sexual Harassment*, including R.S. 42:342-344 requirements for (1) agency responsibilities and prohibitions, (2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting.

<u>Comment</u>: No exceptions were noted in applying the agreed upon procedures.

2) Board or Finance Committee

- A. Obtain and inspect the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and:
 - i. Observe that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.
 - ii. For those entities reporting on the governmental accounting model, observe whether the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the general fund, quarterly budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on proprietary funds, and semi-annual budget- to-actual, at a minimum, on all special revenue funds. *Alternately, for those entities reporting on the nonprofit accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included financial activity relating to public funds if those public funds comprised more than 10% of the entity's collections during the fiscal period.*
- iii. For governmental entities, obtain the prior year audit report and observe the unassigned fund balance in the general fund. If the general fund had a negative ending unassigned fund balance in the prior year audit

report, observe that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unassigned fund balance in the general fund.

iv. Observe whether the board/finance committee received written updates of the progress of resolving audit finding(s), according to management's corrective action plan at each meeting until the findings are considered fully resolved.

<u>Comment</u>: No exceptions were noted in applying the agreed upon procedures.

3) Bank Reconciliations

- A. Obtain a listing of entity bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Ask management to identify the entity's main operating account. Select the entity's main operating account and randomly select 4 additional accounts (or all accounts if less than 5). Randomly select one month from the fiscal period, obtain and inspect the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for each selected account, and observe that:
 - i. Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated or electronically logged);
 - ii. Bank reconciliations include evidence that a member of management/board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged); and
- iii. Management has documentation reflecting it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

<u>Comment</u>: No exceptions were noted in applying the agreed upon procedures.

4) Collections (excluding electronic funds transfers)

- A. Obtain a listing of deposit sites for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).
- B. For each deposit site selected, obtain a listing of collection locations and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one collection location for each deposit site (i.e., 5 collection locations for 5 deposit sites), obtain and inspect written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if no written policies or procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observe that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that:
 - i. Employees responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers.
 - ii. Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g., pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit.
- iii. Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit.

- iv. The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions, are not responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee/official verifies the reconciliation.
- C. Obtain from management a copy of the bond or insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash. Observe the bond or insurance policy for theft was enforced during the fiscal period.
- D. Randomly select two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for procedure #3 under "Bank Reconciliations" above (select the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly select a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). *Alternately, the practitioner may use a source document other than bank statements when selecting the deposit dates for testing, such as a cash collection log, daily revenue report, receipt book, etc.* Obtain supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and:
 - i. Observe that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.
 - ii. Trace sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.
- iii. Trace the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.
- iv. Observe the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100 and the cash is stored securely in a locked safe or drawer).
- v. Trace the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

<u>Comment</u>: No exceptions were noted in applying the agreed upon procedures.

5) Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases/payments, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

- A. Obtain a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 locations (or all locations if less than 5).
- B. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain a listing of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtain written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties), and observe that job duties are properly segregated such that:
 - i. At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order/making the purchase.
 - ii. At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors.
- iii. The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files.
- iv. Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments.

[Note: Exceptions to controls that constrain the legal authority of certain public officials (e.g., mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality) should not be reported.]

C. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtain management's representation that the population is complete. Randomly select 5 disbursements for each location, obtain supporting documentation for each transaction, and:

- i. Observe whether the disbursement matched the related original itemized invoice and supporting documentation indicates deliverables included on the invoice were received by the entity.
- ii. Observe whether the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under #9, as applicable.
- D. Using the entity's main operating account and the month selected in Bank Reconciliations procedure #3, randomly select 5 non-payroll-related electronic disbursements (or all electronic disbursements if less than 5) and observe that each electronic disbursement was (a) approved by only those persons authorized to disburse funds (e.g., sign checks) per the entity's policy, and (b) approved by the required number of authorized signers per the entity's policy. Note: If no electronic payments were made from the main operating account during the month selected the practitioner should select an alternative month and/or account for testing that does include electronic disbursements.

<u>Comment</u>: No exceptions were noted in applying the agreed upon procedures.

6) Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/P-Cards

- A. Obtain from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and P-cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete.
- B. Using the listing prepared by management, randomly select 5 cards (or all cards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly select one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly select one monthly bank statement), obtain supporting documentation, and:
 - i. Observe whether there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) were reviewed and approved, in writing (or electronically approved), by someone other than the authorized card holder. [Note: Requiring such approval may constrain the legal authority of certain public officials (e.g., mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality); these instances should not be reported.]
 - ii. Observe that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.
- C. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under #12 above, <u>excluding fuel cards</u>, randomly select 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtain supporting documentation for the transactions (i.e., each card should have 10 transactions subject to testing). For each transaction, observe it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only). For missing receipts, the practitioner should describe the nature of the transaction and note whether management had a compensating control to address missing receipts, such as a "missing receipt statement" that is subject to increased scrutiny.

<u>Comment</u>: No exceptions were noted in applying the agreed upon procedures.

7) Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements (excluding card transactions)

A. Obtain from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. Randomly select 5

reimbursements, obtain the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected:

- i. If reimbursed using a per diem, observe the approved reimbursement rate is no more than those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (<u>www.gsa.gov</u>).
- ii. If reimbursed using actual costs, observe the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased.
- iii. Observe each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by written policy (procedure #1h).
- iv. Observe each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.

<u>Comment</u>: No exceptions were noted in applying the agreed upon procedures.

8) Contracts

- A. Obtain from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. *Alternately, the practitioner may use an equivalent selection source, such as an active vendor list.* Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 contracts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the listing, excluding the practitioner's contract, and:
 - i.Observe whether the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law.
 - ii.Observe whether the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g., Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter).
- iii.If the contract was amended (e.g., change order), observe the original contract terms provided for such an amendment and that amendments were made in compliance with the contract terms (e.g., if approval is required for any amendment, was approval documented).
- iv.Randomly select one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, obtain the supporting invoice, agree the invoice to the contract terms, and observe the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.

<u>Comment</u>: No exceptions were noted in applying the agreed upon procedures.

9) Payroll and Personnel

- A. Obtain a listing of employees and officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 employees or officials, obtain related paid salaries and personnel files, and agree paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.
- B. Randomly select one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees or officials selected under #16 above, obtain attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and:
 - i. Observe all selected employees or officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory). (Note: Generally, officials are not eligible to earn leave and do not document their

attendance and leave. However, if the official is earning leave according to a policy and/or contract, the official should document his/her daily attendance and leave.)

- ii. Observe whether supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees or officials.
- iii. Observe any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records.
- iv. Observe the rate paid to the employees or officials agree to the authorized salary/pay rate found within the personnel file.
- C. Obtain a listing of those employees or officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly select two employees or officials, obtain related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations and the entity's policy on termination payments. Agree the hours to the employee or officials' cumulative leave records, agree the pay rates to the employee or officials' authorized pay rates in the employee or officials' personnel files, and agree the termination payment to entity policy.
- D. Obtain management's representation that employer and employee portions of third-party payroll related amounts (e.g., payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, garnishments, workers' compensation premiums, etc.) have been paid, and any associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

<u>Comment</u>: No exceptions were noted in applying the agreed upon procedures

10) Ethics

- A. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #16 under "Payroll and Personnel" above, obtain ethics documentation from management, and:
 - i. Observe whether the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the fiscal period.
 - ii. Observe whether the entity maintains documentation which demonstrates each employee and official were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as applicable.
- B. Inquire and/or observe whether the agency has appointed an ethics designee as required by R.S. 42:1170.

<u>Comment</u>: No exceptions were noted in applying the agreed upon procedures.

11) Debt Service

- A. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes and other debt instruments issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all debt instruments on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each debt instrument issued.
- B. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one bond/note, inspect debt covenants, obtain supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agree actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt covenants (including contingency funds, short-lived asset funds, or other funds required by the debt covenants).

<u>Comment</u>: No exceptions were noted in applying the agreed upon procedures

12) Fraud Notice

- A. Obtain a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all misappropriations on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that the entity reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled.
- B. Observe the entity has posted, on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

<u>Comment</u>: No exceptions were noted in applying the agreed upon procedures.

13) Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity

- A. Perform the following procedures,
 - i. Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical data (if no written documentation, inquire of personnel responsible for backing up critical data) and observe that such backup occurred within the past week. If backups are stored on a physical medium (e.g., tapes, CDs), observe evidence that backups are encrypted before being transported.
 - ii. Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its backups can be restored (if no written documentation, inquire of personnel responsible for testing/verifying backup restoration) and observe evidence that the test/verification was successfully performed within the past 3 months.
- iii. Obtain a listing of the entity's computers currently in use and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 computers and observe while management demonstrates that the selected computers have current and active antivirus software and that the operating system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor.
- B. Randomly select 5 terminated employees (or all terminated employees if less than 5) using the list of terminated employees obtained in procedure #9C. Observe evidence that the selected terminated employees have been removed or disabled from the network.

<u>Comment</u>: We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

14) Prevention of Sexual Harassment

A. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #16 under "Payroll and Personnel" above, obtain sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observe the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year.

- B. Observe the entity has posted its sexual harassment policy and complaint procedure on its website (or in a conspicuous location on the entity's premises if the entity does not have a website).
- C. Obtain the entity's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observe that the report was dated on or before February 1, and observe it includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344:
 - i. Number and percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training requirements;
 - ii. Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the agency;
 - iii. Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment occurred;
 - iv. Number of complaints in which the finding of sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action; and
 - v. Amount of time it took to resolve each complaint.

<u>Comment</u>: No exceptions were noted in applying the agreed upon procedures.

We were engaged by the Ouachita Parish School Board to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of the School Board and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of Ouachita Parish School Board and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

allen, Theen + Williamson, LLP

Allen, Green & Williamson, LLP Monroe, Louisiana December 29, 2023 **Ouachita Parish School Board**

AGREED UPON PROCEDURES

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT **ON APPLYING BESE AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES**

Board Members Ouachita Parish School Board West Monroe, Louisiana

We have performed the procedures enumerated below on the performance and statistical data accompanying the annual financial statements of the Ouachita Parish School Board, for fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 to determine whether the specified schedules are free from obvious errors and omissions, in compliance with Louisiana Revised Statute 24:514I. Ouachita Parish School Board's management is responsible for the performance and statistical data.

The Ouachita Parish School Board has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of the engagement, which is to perform specified procedures on the performance and statistical data accompanying the annual financial statements. Additionally the Louisiana Department of Education (LDOE) and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor have agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedure performed may not address all items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, user are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures and associated are as follows:

General Fund Instructional and Support Expenditures and Certain Local Revenue Sources (Schedule 1)

- 1. We selected a random sample of 25 transactions, reviewed supporting documentation and observed that the sampled expenditures/revenues are classified correctly and are reported in the proper amounts among the following amounts reported on the schedule:
 - Total General Fund Instructional Expenditures,
 - Total General Fund Equipment Expenditures, .
 - Total Local Taxation Revenue, •
 - Total Local Earnings on Investment in Real Property, •
 - Total State Revenue in Lieu of Taxes,
 - Nonpublic Textbook Revenue, and
 - Nonpublic Transportation Revenue. .

<u>Comment</u>: There were no exceptions noted as a result of applying the agreed upon procedures.

Class Size Characteristics (Schedule 2)

2. We obtained a list of classes by school, school type, and class size as reported on the schedule. We then traced a random sample of ten classes to the October 1st roll books for those classes and determined if the class was properly classified on the schedule.

<u>Comment</u>: This test could not be completed because the EdLink report is a real time report and the rollbooks are as of October 1st.

Education Levels/Experience of Public School Staff (No Schedule)

3. We obtained October 1st PEP data submitted to the Department of Education (or equivalent listing prepared by management), including full-time teachers, principals, and assistant principals by classification, as well as their level of education and experience, and obtained management's representation that the data/listing was complete. We then selected a sample of 25 individuals, traced to each individual's personnel file, and observed that each individual's education level and experience was property classified on the PEP data or equivalent listing prepared by management.

<u>Comment</u>: There were no exceptions noted as a result of applying the agreed upon procedures..

Public School Staff Data: Average Salaries (No Schedule)

4. We obtained June 30th PEP data submitted to the Department of Education (or equivalent listing provided by management) of all classroom teachers, including base salary, extra compensation, and ROTC or rehired retiree status, as well as full-time equivalents, and obtained management's representation that the data/listing was complete. We then selected a sample of 25 individuals, traced to each individual's personnel file, and observed that each individual's salary, extra compensation, and full-time equivalents were properly included on the PEP data (or equivalent listing prepared by management).

<u>Comment</u>: There were no exceptions noted as a result of applying the agreed upon procedures.

We were engaged by Ouachita Parish School Board to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the United States Comptroller General. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on the performance and statistical data. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures; other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of Ouachita Parish School Board and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified users listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than the specified parties. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

allen, Dreen + Williamson, LLP

ALLEN, GREEN & WILLIAMSON, LLP Monroe, Louisiana December 29, 2023

Schedule 1

OUACHITA PARISH SCHOOL BOARD West Monroe, Louisiana

General Fund Instructional and Support Expenditures and Certain Local Revenue Sources For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

General Fund Instructional and Equipment Expenditures	Column A	Column B
General Fund Instructional Expenditures:		
Teacher and Student Interaction Activities:		
Classroom Teacher Salaries	\$65,675,291.00	
Other Instructional Staff Activities	\$5,163,728.00	
Instructional Staff Employee Benefits	\$33,605,025.00	
Purchased Professional and Technical Services	\$46,886.00	
Instructional Materials and Supplies	\$873,476.00	
Instructional Equipment	\$98,122.00	
Total Teacher and Student Interaction Activities		105,462,528.00
Other Instructional Activities		1,272,908.00
Pupil Support Services	\$12,673,147.00	
Less: Equipment for Pupil Support Services	\$0.00	
Net Pupil Support Services		12,673,147.00
Instructional Staff Services	\$9,752,817.00	
Less: Equipment for Instructional Staff Services	\$11,644.00	
Net Instructional Staff Services	<u> </u>	9,741,173.00
School Administration	\$14,486,282.00	
Less: Equipment for School Administration Net School Administration	\$0.00	14 496 292 00
Net School Administration	-	14,486,282.00
Total General Fund Instructional Expenditures (Total of Column B)	=	143,636,038.00
Total General Fund Equipment Expenditures (Object 730; Function Series 1000-4000)	=	1,296,509.00
Certain Local Revenue Sources		
Local Taxation Revenue:		
Advalorem Taxes		
Constitutional Ad Valorem Taxes		4,383,376.00
Renewable Ad Valorem Tax		20,341,503.00
Debt Service Ad Valorem Tax		12,186,872.00
Up to 1% of Collections by the Sheriff on Taxes Other than School Taxes		800,251.00
Sales and Use Taxes - Gross	_	60,861,766.00
Total Local Taxation Revenue	=	98,573,768.00
Local Earnings on Investment in Real Property:		
Earnings from 16th Section Property		-
Earnings from Other Real Property		11,871.00
Total Local Earnings on Investment in Real Property	-	11,871.00
State Revenue in Lieu of Taxes:		
Revenue Sharing - Constitutional Tax		191,670.00
Revenue Sharing - Other Taxes		643,107.00
Revenue Sharing - Excess Portion		-
Other Revenue in Lieu of Taxes		-
Total State Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	-	834,777.00
Nannuhlia Taythack Revenue	-	27 706 00
Nonpublic Textbook Revenue	=	37,796.00
Nonpublic Transportation Revenue	=	-

OUACHITA PARISH SCHOOL BOARD West Monroe, Louisiana

Schedule 2

Class Size Characteristics As of October 1, 2022

	Class Size Range							
	1-	1 - 20 21 - 26		27 - 33		34+		
School Type	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
Elementary	60.53%	1992	37.50%	1234	1.98%	65	0.00%	0
Elementary Activity Classes	51.16%	221	46.76%	202	2.08%	9	0.00%	0
Middle/Jr. High	71.61%	1362	21.14%	402	6.94%	132	0.32%	6
Middle/Jr. High Activity Classes	91.31%	494	5.91%	32	2.03%	11	0.74%	4
High	67.95%	1643	27.83%	673	4.01%	97	0.21%	5
High Activity Classes	91.96%	469	5.10%	26	1.76%	9	1.18%	6

Note: The Board of Elementary and Secondary Education has set specific limits on the maximum size of classes at various grade levels. The maximum enrollment in grades K-3 is 26 students and maximum enrollment in grades 4-12 is 33 students. These limits do not apply to activity classes such as physical education, chorus, band, and other classes without maximum enrollment standards. Therefore, these classes are included only as separate line items.