Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2011

Under provisions of state law this report is a public document. A copy of the report has been submitted to the entity and other appropriate public officials. The report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Legislative Auditor and where appropriate, at the office of the parish clerk of court.

Release Date MAR 2 1 2012

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KOLDER, CHAMPAGNE, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Russell F Champagne CPA*
Victor R Staven CPA*
P Troy Courville CPA*
Gerald A Thiobedaux Jr CPA*
Robert S Carter CPA*
Arthur R Mixon CPA*

C Burton Kolder CPA*

Penny Angella Scruggins CPA
Christine L Cousin CPA
Wanda F Arcement CPA CVA
Allen J LaBry CPA
Albert R Leger CPA PFS CSA*
Marshall W Guidry CPA
Stephen R Moore JT CPA PFS CFP® ChFC®
James R Roy CPA
Robert J Metz CPA
Atan M Taylor CPA
Keity M Doucet CPA

Kelly M Doucet CPA
Cheryl L Bartley CPA
Mandy B Self CPA
Paul L Delcambre Jr CPA
Kristin B Dauzat CPA
Matthew E Margaglio CPA
Jarvan R Hebert CPA
Bryan K Joubert CPA
Stephen J Anderson CPA

Retired

Conrad O Chapman CPA* 2006 Tynes E Mixon Jr CPA 2011

A Professional Accounting Corporation

OFFICES

183 South Beadle Rd Lafayette LA 70508 Phone (337) 232-4141 Fax (337) 232-8660 450 East Main Street New Ibena LA 70560 Phone (337) 367 9204 Fax (337) 367-9208

113 East Bridge St Breaux Bridge LA 70517 Phone (337) 332-4020 Fax (337) 332-2867 200 South Main Street Abbeville LA 70510 Phone (337) 893-7944 Fax (337) 893-7946

1234 David Dr Ste 203 Morgan City LA 70380 Phone (985) 384 2020 Fax (985) 384-3020 1013 Main Street Franklin LA 70538 Phone (337) 828-0272 Fax (337) 828-0290

408 West Cotton Street Ville Platte LA 70586 Phone (337) 363-2792 Fax (337) 363-3049 133 East Waddil St Marksville LA 71351 Phone (318) 253 9252 Fax (318) 253-8681

332 West Sixth Avenue Oberlin LA 70655 Phone (337) 639-4737 Fax (337) 639-4568

Pineville LA 71360 Phone (318) 442-4421 Fax (318) 442 9833

WEB SITE
WWW KCSRCPAS COM

The Honorable Elvin Fontenot, City Judge City Court of Leesville, Louisiana (Vernon Parish Ward One Court) Leesville, Louisiana

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City Court of Leesville, Louisiana, a component unit of the City of Leesville, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the City Court of Leesville, Louisiana's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents These financial statements are the responsibility of City Court of Leesville's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City Court of Leesville, Louisiana, as of June 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated March 12, 2012, on our consideration of City Court of Leesville, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information (page 25) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance

The City Court of Leesville, Louisiana, has not presented management's discussion and analysis that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Kolder, Champagne, Slaven & Company, LLC Certified Public Accountants

Lafayette, Louisiana March 12, 2012

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2011

ASSETS

Current assets Cash	\$31,795
Noncurrent assets Capital assets, net	2,833
Total assets	34,628
LIABILITIES Accrued liabilities	8,423
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	2,833
Unrestricted	23,372
Total net assets	\$ 26,205

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2011

Judiciary	
Accounting	\$ 12,070
Contract labor	8,775
Depreciation	500
Dues and seminars	2,825
Lease expense	46
Miscellaneous	9,528
Office supplies	12,048
Payroll taxes	6,059
Postage	10,384
Repairs & maintenance	13,356
Retirement	5,583
Salaries	85,700
State agency fees	9,712
Telephone	4,941
Travel	15,094
Uniforms	<u>256</u>
Total expenses	<u>196,877</u>
Program revenues	
Court costs received	140,405
Intergovernmental	30,651
Probation income	39,148
Total program revenues	210,204
Net program revenue	13,327
Beginning net assets	12,878
Ending net assets	\$ 26,205

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)

FUND DESCRIPTION - MAJOR FUND

MAJOR FUND

General Fund

The General Fund is used to account for resources traditionally associated with governments which are not required to be accounted for in another fund

CITY COURT OF LEESVILLE, LOUISIANA (VERNON PARISH WARD ONE COURT)

Leesville, Louisiana

Balance Sheet - Governmental Fund General Fund June 30, 2011

ASSETS

Cash - Criminal account Cash - Probation account	\$ 8,206 23,589
Total assets	\$31,795
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	
Liabilities Accrued liabilities	\$ 8,423
Fund balance Unassigned	_23,372
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$31,795

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2011

Total fund balance for governmental funds at June 30, 2011	\$23,372
Total net assets reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets is different because	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of	
Equipment, net of \$116,085 accumulated depreciation	2,833
Total net assets of governmental activities at June 30, 2011	\$ 26,205

CITY COURT OF LEESVILLE, LOUISIANA (VERNON PARISH WARD ONE COURT)

Leesville, Louisiana

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Fund General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2011

Revenues	
Court costs received	\$ 140,405
Intergovernmental	30,651
Probation income	39,148
Total revenues	210,204
Expenditures	
Current -	
Accounting	12,070
Contract labor	8,775
Dues and seminars	2,825
Lease expense	46
Miscellaneous	9,528
Office supplies	12,048
Payroll taxes	6,059
Postage	10,384
Repairs & maintenance	13,356
Retirement	5,583
Salaries	85,700
State agency fees	9,712
Telephone	4,941
Travel	15,094
Uniforms	256
Total expenditures	196,377
Excess of revenues over expenditures	13,827
Fund balance, beginning	9,545
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$ 23,372</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balance of the Governmental Fund
to the Statement of Activities
Year Ended June 30, 2011

Total net changes in fund balance at June 30, 2011 per	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	\$13,827
The change in net assets reported for governmental activities in the	
statement of activities is different because	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures However,	
in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over	
their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense	
Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2011	(500)
Total changes in net assets at June 30, 2011 per Statement of Activities	\$13,327

FUND DESCRIPTION - NONMAJOR FUNDS

FIDUCIARY FUNDS - AGENCY FUNDS

An agency fund is used to account for assets held by the City Court in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, other governments, and/or other funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Civil Fund -

The Civil Fund is used to account for advanced court costs on suits filed by litigants which are accounted for on the computer system. The advances are refundable to the litigants after all costs have been paid

Traffic Fund -

The Traffic Fund is used to account for funds received from traffic violations and distributes the funds to various government agencies which receive a designated portion of each traffic ticket

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds June 30, 2011

ASSETS

Cash	\$30,592
LIABILITIES	
Advanced court costs payable Due to others	\$ 9,373 21,219
Total liabilities	\$30,592

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City Court of Leesville (City Court) was created under Louisiana Revised Statute 13 2485 as a political subdivision of the State of Louisiana. The City Court's territorial jurisdiction extends throughout Ward one of Vernon Parish in which the City of Leesville is located. The Court operates under the control of the City Judge, an elected official serving a term of six years.

The accompanying financial statements of the City Court of Leesville have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental units—GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements—GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles—The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this note

The accounting and reporting policies of the City Court conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. Such accounting and reporting procedures also conform to the requirements of the industry audit guide, Audits of State and Local Governmental Units

The following is a summary of certain significant accounting policies

A Financial Reporting Entity

This report includes all funds, which are controlled by, or dependent on the City Court Judge. Control by or dependence on the City Court of Leesville was determined on the basis of general oversight responsibility. Governmental Accounting Standard 14 defines the financial reporting entity as a combination of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. This standard is effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 1992. City Court of Leesville (City Court) is a component unit of the City of Leesville, Louisiana. The Notes to Basic Financial Statements of the City of Leesville identify the City Court as a component unit, however, the City of Leesville does not present the financial information of the City Court.

B Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The statement of net assets and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity, except the fiduciary funds. The City Court has no business-type activities.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities presents a comparison between program revenues of the City Court and the cost of the function Program revenues are derived directly from City Court users as a fee for services Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues

Fund Financial Statements (FFS)

The accounts of the City Court are organized and operated on the basis of funds A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a separate set of self-balancing accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

The funds of the City Court are classified as governmental. The emphasis on fund financial statements is on the major governmental fund, each displayed in a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the entity or meets the following criteria.

- a Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined

The major fund of the City Court is described below

Governmental Fund -

General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City Court. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in the Fiduciary Fund and appropriations by other governmental bodies on behalf of the City Court.

The Parish of Vernon and the City of Leesville maintain individual accounting records for City Court expenditures financed by their individual appropriations and report such expenditures in their respective financial statements

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

The following fund is a nonmajor fiduciary fund

Agency Fund

An agency fund is used to account for assets held by the City Court in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, other governments, and/or other funds Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations

Civil Fund – accounts for advanced court costs on suits filed by litigants

Traffic Fund – accounts for funds received from traffic violations

C Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide statement of net assets and the statement of activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net assets (or cost recovery) and financial position. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with its activities are reported. Government-wide fund equity is classified as net assets. In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus is used. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on its balance sheet. Their operating statement presents sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. This fund uses fund balance as its measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide statement of net assets and statement of activities, the governmental activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Revenues are classified by source and expenditures are classified by function and character. Expenditures (including capital outlay) generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City Court's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed

Fund balance reserve accounts have been established for certain restricted cash in the governmental fund type to indicate that they do not represent "available spendable resources"

Agency funds do not involve measurement of results of operations They are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting

D Assets, Liabilities and Equity

Cash and interest-bearing deposits

For purposes of the statement of net assets, cash and interest-bearing deposits include all demand accounts, savings accounts, and certificates of deposits of the City Court

Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The City Court maintains a threshold level of \$500 or more for capitalizing capital assets. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net assets. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows.

Furniture, fixtures and equipment

5-10 years

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition

Equity Classifications

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net assets and displayed in three components

- a Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets
- b Restricted net assets Consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation
- Unrestricted net assets All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

In the fund statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance Fund balance is further classified as follows

Nonspendable – amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonpendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact

Restricted – amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Committed – amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal decision of the Judge. The Judge is the highest level of decision-making authority for the City Court's office.

Assigned – amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes

Unassigned – all other spendable amounts

As of June 30, 2011, fund balance is composed of the following

	General
	Fund _
Nonspendable	\$ -
Restricted	-
Committed	-
Assigned	-
Unassigned	23,372
Total fund balance	\$ 23,372

E <u>Budgetary and Budgetary Accounting</u>

A budget for the General Fund is prepared on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) Budgeted amounts are as originally prepared or as amended by the City Court All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year

F Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period Actual results could differ from those estimates

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(2) Cash and Interest-Bearing Deposits

Under state law, the City Court may deposit funds within a bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the Union, or the laws of the United States. The City Court may invest in certificates and time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana. At June 30, 2011, the City Court has cash (book balances) totaling \$62,387 of which \$30,592 is attributable to fiduciary funds, which is not presented in the statement of net assets.

These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits, (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the bank. These securities are held in the name of the pledging bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. Deposit balances (bank balances) of \$62,387 at June 30, 2011 are fully secured by federal deposit insurance.

(3) Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2011 was as follows

	Balance 07/01/10	Additions	Deletions	Balance 6/30/11
Equipment	\$ 118,918	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 118,918
Less accumulated depreciation	(115,585)	(500)		(116,085)
Capital assets, net	\$ 3,333	\$ (500)	\$ -	\$ 2,833

(4) Risk Management

The City Court is exposed to risks of loss in the areas of general liability, property hazards, and workers' compensation. Those risks are handled by purchasing commercial insurance. The City of Leesville is covered under the City of of Leesville, Louisiana's insurance policies. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage during the current fiscal year, nor have settlements exceeded insurance coverage for the current or prior three fiscal years.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(5) Expenditures of the Leesville City Court paid by the City of Leesville

The cost of some expenditures for the operation of the City Court of Leesville, as required by statute, is paid by the City of Leesville, Louisiana These expenditures are not included in the accompanying financial statements

The City Court has two elected officials, Elvin Fontenot, Judge and Robert Pynes, City Marshal These salaries are paid by the City of Leesville and are therefore included in their financial statements

(6) Pension Plans

Eligible employees of the City Court participate in a multiple-employer public employee retirement system (PERS), which is controlled and administered by a separate board of trustees. This retirement system provides retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. Elected officials and officials appointed by the governor may at their option, become members of the system. Pertinent information relative to the plan follows.

Louisiana State Retirement System

Plan members are required to contribute 11.5 percent of their annual covered salary to the system while the City Court is required to contribute the statutory rate of 18.6 percent of the total annual covered salary. The City Court's total contributions to the system for the years ended June 30, 2011, 2010, and 2009 were \$7,258, \$7,128, and \$7,559, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

A publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplemental financial information may be obtained by writing to the Louisiana State Retirement System, P O Box 44213, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804-4213

Simple IRA Plan

The City Court also has a Simple IRA Plan available to full-time employees through American Funds. Eligible employees may direct the City Court to contribute a percentage of the employee's compensation on a pre-tax basis to his or her Simple IRA. The employer must match pre-tax deferrals on a dollar-for-dollar basis up to 3% of compensation. Total expense for the years ended June 30, 2011, 2010, and 2009, was approximately \$2,557, \$2,400 and \$1,954, respectively.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(8) Changes in Agency Fund Balances

A summary of changes in agency fund due to litigants and unsettled deposits for the year ended June 30, 2011 follows

	Cıvıl Court Fund	Traffic Fund	Total	
Balance, July 1, 2010	\$ 8,608	\$ 11,734	\$ 20,342	
Additions Deletions	86,453 (78,453)	244,539 (242,289)	330,992 (320,742)	
Balance, June 30, 2011	\$ 16,608	\$ 13,984	\$ 30,592	

(9) Subsequent Event Review

The City Court has evaluated subsequent events through March 12, 2012, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Original Budget	Fınal Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues	Budget	Duaget	Actual	(regative)
Court costs received	\$ 136,500	\$ 122,000	\$ 140,405	\$ 18,405
Intergovernmental	24,250	43,857	30,651	(13,206)
Probation income	35,500	30,151	39,148	8,997
Total revenues	196,250	196,008	210,204	14,196
Expenditures				
Current -				
Accounting	11,000	12,000	12,070	(70)
Contract labor	5,350	1,000	8,775	(7,775)
Computer expense	775	13,000	-	13,000
Dues and seminars	3,650	2,500	2,825	(325)
Lease expense	13,250	100	46	54
Miscellaneous	10,250	7,200	9,528	(2,328)
Office supplies	7,950	12,200	12,048	152
Payroll taxes	7,150	8,950	6,059	2,891
Postage	2,840	10,300	10,384	(84)
Repairs & maintenance	4,450	500	13,356	(12,856)
Retirement	8,150	5,800	5,583	217
Salaries	94,500	105,000	85,700	19,300
State agency fees	2,850	3,120	9,712	(6,592)
Telephone	4,350	5,100	4,941	159
Travel	14,900	15,050	15,094	(44)
Uniforms	3,720	500	256	244
Total expenditures	195,135	202,320	196,377	5,943
Excess of revenues over expenditures	1,115	(6,312)	13,827	20,139
Fund balance, beginning	9,545	9,545	9,545	
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$ 10,660</u>	\$ 3,233	\$ 23,372	\$ 20,139

INTERNAL CONTROL,

COMPLIANCE, AND

OTHER MATTERS

KOLDER, CHAMPAGNE, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

C Burton Kolder CPA* Russell F Champagne CPA* Victor R Slaven CPA* P Troy Courville CPA* Gerald A Thibodeaux Jr CPA* Robert S Carter CPA* Arthur R Mixon CPA*

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Stephen R. Moore Jr. CPA PFS CFP® ChFC®*
James R. Roy CPA
Robert J. Metz. CPA
Alan M. Taylor CPA
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Cheryl L. Bartley CPA
Mandy B. Self CPA
Paul L. Delcambre Jr. CPA
Kistin B. Dauzat CPA
Matthew E. Margaglio CPA
Jane R. Hebert CPA

Retired Conrad O Chapman CPA* 2006 Tynes E Mixon Jr CPA 2011

Bryan K Joubert CPA

Stechen J Anderson CPA

A Professional Accounting Corporation

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS OFFICES

183 South Beadle Rd Lafayette LA 70508 Phone (337) 232-4141 Fax (337) 232-8660 450 East Main Street New Iberia LA 70560 Phone (337) 367 9204 Fax (337) 367-9208

113 East Bridge St Breaux Bridge LA 70517 Phone (337) 332-4020 Fax (337) 332 2867 200 South Main Street Abbeville LA 70510 Phone (337) 893 7944 Fax (337) 893-7946

1234 David Dr Ste 203 Morgan City LA 70380 Phone (985) 384 2020 Fax (985) 384 3020 1013 Main Street Franklin LA 70538 Phone (337) 828-0272 Fax (337) 828 0290

408 West Cotton Street Ville Platte LA 70586 Phone (337) 363-2792 Fax (337) 363-3049 133 East Waddil St Marksville LA 71351 Phone (318) 253-9252 Fax (318) 253-8681

332 West Sixth Avenue Oberlin LA 70655 Phone (337) 639-4737 Fax (337) 639-4568 621 Main Street Pineville LA 71360 Phone (318) 442-4421 Fax (318) 442 9833

WEB SITE WWW KCSRCPAS COM

The Honorable Elvin Fontenot, City Judge City Court of Leesville, Louisiana (Vernon Parish Ward One Court) Leesville, Louisiana

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City Court of Leesville, Louisiana ("City Court"), a component unit of the City of Leesville, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the City Court's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 12, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City Court's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion of the effectiveness of the City Court's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Court's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements would not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting, described in the accompanying summary schedule of current and prior year audit findings and management's corrective action plan that we consider to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting as items #11-1(IC) and #11-2(IC). A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City Court's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in accompanying schedule of current and prior findings and management's corrective action plan as item #11-3(C)

The City Court's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying summary schedule of current and prior year audit findings and management's corrective action plan. We did not audit the City Court's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City Court's management and others within the organization, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, under the provisions of Louisiana Revised Statutes 24 513 and 44 6, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Kolder, Champagne, Slaven & Company, LLC Certified Public Accountants

Lafayette, Louisiana March 12, 2012

LEESVILLE CITY COURT (VERNON PARISH WARD ONE COURT) Leesville, Louisiana

Summary Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan June 30, 2011

Ref No	Fiscal Year Finding Initially Occurred	Description of Finding	Corrective Action Taken	Corrective Action Planned	Name of Contact Person	Anticipated Date Of Completion
CURRENT	CURRENT YEAR (6/30/11)	- (1				
Internal Control	- 1					
11-1(IC)	2010	Leesville City Court does not have a staff person who has the qualifications and training to apply generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in recording the entity's financial transactions or preparing its financial statements, including the related notes		Elvm Fontenot, Judge, has evaluated the cost vs benefit of establishing internal controls over the preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP, and determined that it is in the best interests of City Court to outsource this task to its independent auditors, and to carefully review the draft financial statements and notes prior to approving them and accepting responsibility for their contents and presentation	Elvin Fontenot, Judge	Y
11-2(IC)	2010	Due to tew employees, Leesville City Court does not have adequate segregation of functions within the accounting system		Elvin Fontenot, Judge, has evaluated the cost vs benefit of establishing segregation of accounting duties and has determined that it is not cost effective to achieve complete segregation of duties within the accounting system	Elvin Fontenot, Judge	N/A
Compliance						
11-3(C)	2010	State law requires audit reports to be completed and submitted six months after the fiscal year. Leesville City Court's audit report was not completed and submitted prior to January 1, 2012.		The financial information to start the audit will be presented to the auditor's in a timely manner to make certain that all future submission deadlines are met	Elvin Fontenot, Judge	June 2012

(continued)

LEESVILLE CITY COURT (VERNON PARISH WARD ONE COURT) Leesville, Louisiana

Summary Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan (Continued) June 30, 2011

Anticipated of Date Of Completion		ntenot, N/A	ntenot, N/A	ntenot, March 2011	atenot, June 2011
Name of Contact Person		Elvin Fontenot, Judge	Elvin Fontenot, Judge	Elvin Fontenot, Judge	Eivm Fontenot, Judge
Corrective Action Planned		See current year finding 11-1(IC)	See current year finding 11-2(1C)		See current year finding 11-3(C)
Corrective Action Taken		°Z	% N	Yes	Š
Description of Finding		Leesville City Court does not have a staff person who has the qualifications and training to apply generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in recording the entity's financial transactions or preparing its financial statements, including the related notes	Due to few employees, Leesville City Court does not have adequate segregation of functions within the accounting system	Leesville City Court did not comply with budgeting requirements of the Local Government Budget Act (R. S. 39 1301-16) as applicable. A budget for the General Fund was not adopted.	State law requires audit reports to be completed and submitted six months after the fiscal year. Leesville City Court's audit report was not completed and submitted prior to January 1, 2011
Fiscal Year Finding Initially Occurred	t (6/30/10) <u>ol</u>	2010	2010	2010	2010
Ref No	PRIOR YEAR (6/30/10) Internal Control	10-1(IC)	10-2(IC)	10-3(C)	10-4(C)